

2021 HEAVY DUTY BODY BUILDER



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SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION





The Peterbilt Heavy Duty Body Builder Manual was designed to provide body builders with a comprehensive information set to guide the body planning and installation process. Use this information when installing bodies or other associated equipment.

This manual contains appropriate dimensional information, guidelines for mounting bodies, modifying frames, electrical wiring information, and other information useful in the body installation process.

The Peterbilt Heavy Duty Body Builder Manual can be very useful when specifying a vehicle, particularly when the body builder is involved in the vehicle selection and component ordering process. Information in this manual will help reduce overall costs through optimized integration of the body installation with vehicle selection. Early in the process, professional body builders can often contribute valuable information that reduces the ultimate cost of the body installation.

In the interest of continuing product development, Peterbilt reserves the right to change specifications or products at any time without prior notice. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that he is working with the latest released information. Check Peterbilt.com for the latest released version.

If you require additional information or reference materials, please contact your local Peterbilt dealer.

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SECTION 2 SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE

SAFETY SIGNALS

There are a number of alerting messages in this book. Please read and follow them. They are there for your protection and information. These alerting messages can help you avoid injury to yourself or others and help prevent costly damage to the vehicle.

Key symbols and "signal words" are used to indicate what kind of message is going to follow. Pay special attention to comments prefaced by "WARNING", "CAUTION", and "NOTE." Please do not ignore any of these alerts.

WARNINGS, CAUTIONS, AND NOTES

WARNING



When you see this word and symbol, the message that follows is especially vital. It signals a **potentially hazardous situation** which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. This message will tell you what the hazard is, what can happen if you do not heed the warning, and how to avoid it.

Example:

WARNING! Be sure to use a circuit breaker designed to meet lift-gate amperage requirements. An incorrectly specified circuit breaker could result in an electrical overload or fire situation. Follow the lift-gate installation instructions and use a circuit breaker with the recommended capacity.

CAUTION

Signals a **potentially hazardous situation** which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury or damage to the vehicle.



Example:

CAUTION: Never use a torch to make a hole in the rail. Use the appropriate drill bit.

NOTE

Provides general information: for example, the note could warn you on how to avoid damaging your vehicle or how to drive the vehicle more efficiently.

Example:

Note: Be sure to provide maintenance access to the battery box and fuel tank fill neck.

Please take the time to read these messages when you see them, and remember: WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. **CAUTION**

Signals a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury or damage to the vehicle.

NOTE

Useful information that is related to the topic being discussed.

FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

As an Original Equipment Manufacturer, Peterbilt Motors Company, ensures that our products comply with all applicable U.S. or Canadian Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. However, the fact that this vehicle has no fifth wheel and that a Body Builder (Intermediate or Final Stage Manufacturer) will be doing additional modifications means that the vehicle was incomplete when it left the build plant.

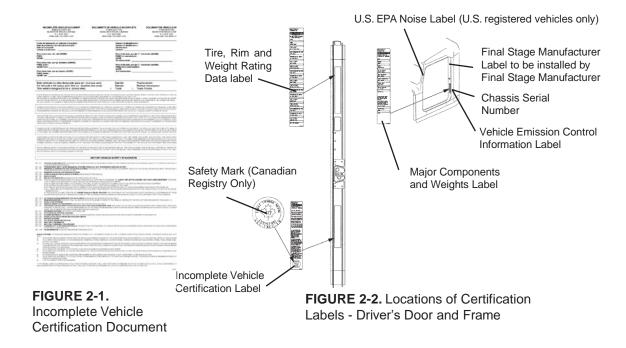
INCOMPLETE VEHICLE CERTIFICATION

An Incomplete Vehicle Document is shipped with the vehicle, certifying that the vehicle is not complete. <u>See Figure 2–1</u>. In addition, affixed to the driver's side door frame or edge is an Incomplete Vehicle Certification label. <u>See Figure 2–2</u>.

NOTE



These documents list the U.S. or Canadian Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard regulations that the vehicle complied with when it left the build plant. You should be aware that if you add, modify or alter any of the components or systems covered by these regulations, it is your responsibility as the Intermediate or Final Stage Manufacturer to ensure that the complete vehicle is in compliance with the particular regulations upon completion of the modifications.



As the Intermediate or Final Stage Manufacturer, you should retain the Incomplete Vehicle Document for your records. In addition, you should record and retain the manufacturer and serial number of the tires on the vehicle. Upon completion of the vehicle (installation of the body and any other modifications), you should affix your certification label to the vehicle as required by Federal law. This tag identifies you as the "Intermediate or Final Stage Manufacturer" and certifies that the vehicle complies with Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. (See Figure 2–2.) Be advised that regulations affecting the intermediate and final stage manufacturer may change without notice. Ensure you are referencing the most updated copy of the regulation during the certification and documentation processes.

In part, if the final stage manufacturer can complete and certify the vehicle within the instruction in the incomplete vehicle document (IVD), the certification label would need a statement that reads, "This vehicle has been completed in accordance with the prior manufacturers IVD where applicable. This vehicle conforms to all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards [and Bumper and Theft Prevention Standards if applicable] in effect in (month, year)."

SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE

However, if the vehicle cannot be completed and certified within the guidance provided in the IVD, the final stage manufacturer must ensure the vehicle conforms to all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (FMVSS). The final stage manufacturer's certification label would need a statement that reads, "This vehicle conforms to all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards [and Bumper and Theft Prevention Standards if applicable] in effect in (month, year).

These statements are just part of the certification regulation. Please refer to NHTSA/DOT Title 49 CFR part 567 certification for all of the details related to this regulation.

For Canadian final stage manufacturers see:

<u>http://www.gazette.gc.ca/index-eng.html;</u> and <u>http://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/acts-regulations/menu.htm</u> for the regulations.

Or contact: Transport Canada Tower C, Place de Ville, 330 Sparks Street Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0N5 (613) 990-2309 TTY: 1-888-675-6863

NOISE AND EMISSIONS REQUIREMENTS



This truck may be equipped with specific emissions control components/systems in order to meet applicable Federal and California noise and exhaust emissions requirements. Tampering with these emissions control components/systems is against the rules that are established by the U.S Code of Federal Regulations, Environment Canada Regulations and California Air Resources Board (CARB). These emissions control components/systems may only be replaced with original equipment parts.

Additionally, most vehicles in North America will be equipped with a Greenhouse Gas (GHG) "Vehicle Emission Control Information" door label indicating its certified configuration. The vehicle components listed on this label are considered emission control devices.

Modifying (i.e. altering, substituting, relocating) any of the emissions control components/systems defined above will affect the noise and emissions performance/certification. Modifications that alter the overall shape and aerodynamic performance of a tractor will also affect the emission certification. If modifications are required, they must first be approved by the manufacturer. Unapproved modifications could negatively affect emissions performance/certification. There is no guarantee that proposed modifications will be approved.

Tires may be substituted provided the new tires possess a Coefficient of rolling resistance (Crr) equal to or lower than Crr of the original tires. Consult with your tire supplier(s) for appropriate replacement tires.

Contact the engine manufacturer for any requirements and restrictions **prior** to any modifications.

• For Cummins Contact 1-800-DIESELS or your local Cummins distributor. Reference AEB 21.102.

It is possible to relocate the DEF tank; however the relocation requirements in section 9 of this manual need to be followed. Any variances from the relocation requirements may cause the emissions control components/systems to operate improperly potentially resulting in engine de-rate.

All 2017 engine emissions certified vehicles will be equipped with an On-Board Diagnostics (OBD) system. The OBD system is designed to detect malfunctions of any engine or vehicle component that may increase exhaust emissions or interfere with the proper performance of the OBD system itself.

All diesel engines will be equipped with an On-Board Diagnostics (OBD) system. The OBD system consists of computer program on one or more of the vehicle's Electronic Control Units (ECUs). This program uses information from the control system and from additional sensors to detect malfunctions. When a malfunction is detected, information is stored in the ECU(s) for diagnostic purposes. A Malfunction Indicator Light (MIL) is illuminated in the dash to alert the driver of the need for service of an emission-related component or system.

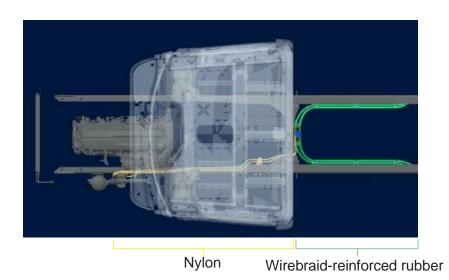
To ensure compliance to emissions regulations, the final configuration of certain features of the completed vehicle must meet specific requirements. This section describes requirements relevant for only the most common or critical modifications done by body builders. For a complete description of acceptable modifications, see the application guidance available from the manufacturer of the engine installed in the chassis.

FUEL SYSTEM

The following are highlights of some of the more common or critical aspects of this system.

The overall system restriction may not exceed the restriction limitations set forth by the engine manufacturer for both supply and return.

- Ensure that fuel lines are not pinched or can potentially be damaged when installed between body and frame
- Fuel lines must be routed and secured without dips or sags
- There must be easy access to filter(s) and fill cap
- The tank vent may not obstructed
- · Added accessories (heaters, generators) cannot introduce air into system
- Fuel tank must be located so that the full level is not above cylinder head
- "Ultra-Low Sulfur Fuel Only" labels must be present on the dash and fuel fill
- Modification of the pressure side secondary filter and plumbing is not allowed without engine manufacturer approval
- · Body installation of fuel tank or routing of lines must not cause significant increase in fuel temperature
- · Fuel hoses shall meet or exceed OEM supplied hose material construction specifications
- Formed nylon fuel lines with quick-connects are installed underneath the cab and hood along the frame rail. Behind the cab from the fuel tee to tanks are wirebraid-reinforced rubber lines. Supply and return fittings are poka-yoked to prevent incorrect assembly.



COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM

The following are highlights of some of the more common or critical aspects of this system.

- · Air system modification must meet applicable FMVSS regulations
- Compressed air tank may not be modified (exception addition or removal of fittings or relocation of the tank)
- · Added devices or bodywork may not interfere with or rub air lines
- Air supply to the engine doser may not be restricted or disconnected
- Air lines should be routed, protected from heat, and properly secured to prevent damage from other components
- · Care should be taken so that air lines do not rub against other components
- Care should be taken to protect the air system from heat sources.

EXHAUST AND EXHAUST AFTER-TREATMENT SYSTEM

- The following after-treatment and exhaust system components may not be modified:
 - DPF/SCR Assembly
 - Exhaust pipes between the engine and after-treatment devices (DPF, SCR Catalyst) and between after-treatment devices
 - NOx Sensors
 - PM Sensor
- The following modifications may only be done within the guidelines outlined in Section 9 of this manual:
 - Modifications to Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) throttle, suction, or pressure lines
 - Modification or relocation of the DEF tank
 - Modification of coolant lines to and from the DEF tank
- All DEF and coolant lines should be routed, protected, and properly secured to prevent damage during vehicle operation or other components
- The after-treatment canister mounting may not be modified

- The NOx sensor may not be relocated or altered in any way; this includes re-clocking the aftertreatment canister or reorienting the sensor(s)
- Exhaust pipes used for tailpipes/stacks must be properly sized, and must prevent water from entering
- · Ensure adequate clearance between the exhaust and body panels, hoses, and wire harnesses
- The body in the vicinity of the DPF must be able to withstand temperatures up to 400°C (750°F)
- Do not add thermal insulation to the external surface of the DPF
- The after-treatment canister water drain hole may not be blocked
- Allow adequate clearance (25mm (1 inch)) for servicing the DPF sensors, wiring, and clamped joints
- Drainage may not come in contact with after-treatment canister, sensors or wiring
- Allow sufficient clearance for removing sensors from DPF. Thermistors require four inches. Other sensors require one inch
- Wiring should be routed, protected from heat, and properly secured to prevent damage from other components
- The exhaust system from an auxiliary power unit (APU) must not be connected to any part of the vehicle after-treatment system or vehicle tail pipe.

COOLING SYSTEM

- Modifications to the design or locations of fill or vent lines, heater or defroster core, and surge tank are not recommended
- Additional accessories plumbed into the engine cooling system are not permitted, at the risk of voiding vehicle warranty
- Coolant level sensor tampering will void warranty
- When installing auxiliary equipment in front of the vehicle, or additional heat exchangers, ensure that adequate air flow is available to the vehicle cooling system. Refer to engine manufacturer application guidelines for further detail
- When installing FEPTO drivelines, the lower radiator anti-recirculation seal must be retained with FEPTO driveline clearance modification only
- Changes made to cooling fan circuit and controls are not allowed, with the exception of AC minimum fan on time parameter
- See owner's manual for appropriate winter front usage

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

- Electrical harnesses providing battery power and electronic control signals to engine and emissions control/vehicle OBD components including datalinks may not be spliced. These emissions control/vehicle OBD components include the following:
 - throttle pedal
 - · vehicle speed sensor
 - after-treatment wiring
 - 9-pin OBD Connector
 - CAN Communication / OBD wiring
- If the alternator or battery is substituted, it must meet the requirements of the engine manufacturer's guidelines. This includes alternator ground voltage drop and alternator ground cable effectiveness. See the engine manufacturer's guidelines for recommended test procedure. Additionally the maximum voltage differential and the peak-peak voltage differential between the engine ECM block ground stud and battery negative terminal may not exceed 500 mV under any combination of loads or operating conditions.
- Only an OBD compliant battery disconnect switch may be installed on vehicles equipped EPA 2013 and beyond compliant diesel engines. An OBD compliant switch and harness, even in the off position, shall supply a small amount of power to the engine controller and enable certain emissions critical functions (e.g. DEF line purge). Any modifications to the electrical system which interrupt this power supply will cause OBD fault codes and illumination of the MIL. In addition, such a modification will render the engine non-compliant with certain emission regulations. As a general rule of thumb, you can remove and replace a battery disconnect switch on a truck equipped with a battery disconnect switch at the factory. However, if a battery disconnect switch was not installed in the factory a significant harness modification is required before a battery disconnect switch can be added.
- Installation of aftermarket transfer-cases must address the vehicle speed sensor position. The standard position of the speed sensor is at the transmission tail shaft. When a transfer-case is added it is best to relocate the sensor to the axle side output shaft of the transfer-case. This is typically accomplished by adding a tone wheel into the driveline yoke assembly.
- Wiring extensions for the after-treatment wiring are available for relocating the DEF tank from your dealer via Paccar Parts. For relocation of DEF tank, refer to the after-treatment section of this manual.
- The emission system requires an accurate Outside Air Temperature (OAT) reading in order to
 properly run its control algorithms. The OAT sensor is located in the driver's side mirror assembly on
 Peterbilt trucks and is shown in the figure below. If the body builder needs to modify the mirror
 assembly in any way, it is important the OAT sensor stay positioned on the mirror assembly. Running
 the vehicle without the OAT sensor connected will cause the MIL lamp to illuminate. If needed, a
 replacement sensor can be ordered from your Peterbilt dealer.
- WARNING! When jump starting using a battery charger/booster, verify that the battery charger/booster is set to the same jump start voltage and amperage specifications as the vehicle electrical system and batteries (i.e. if the vehicle electrical system is a 12 volt system, the jump start voltage on the battery charger/booster shall be set at no higher than a 12 volt setting). Failure to comply may cause an explosion and/or fire resulting in death, personal injury, equipment or property damage.



FIGURE 2-3: Aerodynamic Mirror OAT Sensor Location

- · Coolant Sensor considerations are given in the Cooling section above
- The OBD/Diagnostic connector port is located below the dash to the left of the steering wheel. This
 connector and its location may not be changed.
- All vehicles equipped with EPA 2013 and beyond compliant diesel and bi-fueled engines must be equipped with a Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) lamp. This lamp is required to be an engine outline symbol as defined by ISO (International Standards Organization). The figure below shows the instrument cluster and MIL lamp position. Note this lamp location is fixed with respect to the controls and its location may not be changed if you are updating the warning lamp cards.





The Check Engine lamp is and/or the MIL is will appear in the Driver Information Display. See 579/567 Operator's Manual for more information.

 In addition to the gauges and lamps above, the emission system also depends on signals from the aftertreatment canister and NOx sensor. Wiring between these devices, the doser and engine ECM should not be tampered with or altered in any way. De-rate information is available in the engine after-treatment system operator manual supplement.

AIR INTAKE SYSTEM

The following are highlights of some of the more common or critical aspects of this system.

- The air intake screen may not be blocked, either fully or partially
- Modification to the air intake system may not restrict airflow. For example, pipe diameter may not be reduced
- · All sensors must be retained in existing locations
- To retain system seal, proper clamp torque must be used. Refer to service manual for proper clamp torque

CHARGE AIR COOLER SYSTEM

The following are highlights of some of the more common or critical aspects of this system.

- The Charge Air Cooler may not be modified
- The installation of engine over-speed shutdown devices must not introduce restriction in the intake system
- All plumbing associated with the charge air cooler may not be modified

BENDIX WINGMAN FUSION 2.0 RADAR CLEARANCE

Some vehicles are equipped with the Bendix Wingman Fusion bumper mounted radar. When mounting cattle guards or other equipment to the front of the bumper, it is important to follow the manufacturers' guidelines for radar clearance. Please see the diagram below from Bendix SD-61-4963 to ensure proper clearance.

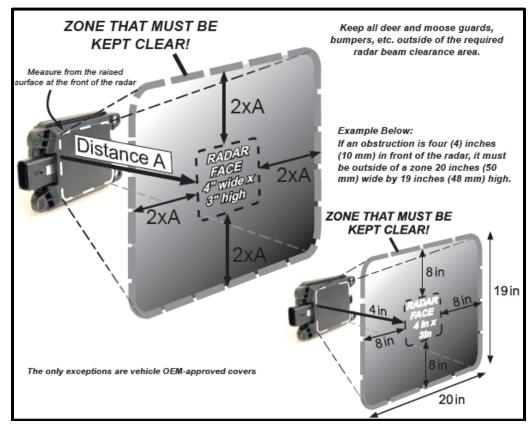
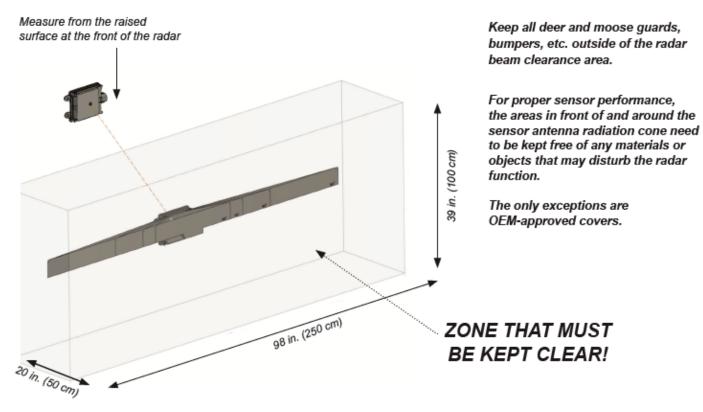


FIGURE 2-5: Fusion 2.0 Radar Clearance

BENDIX WINGMAN FUSION 2.9 RADAR CLEARANCE



NOTE: Drawing is representative only and not to scale. Dimensions are accurate.

FIGURE 2-6: Fusion 2.9 Radar Clearance (Bendix SD-29-50022)

Additional service documentation for the Wingman Fusion system can be found on the Bendix website in the document library: https://www.bendix.com/en/servicessupport/documentlibrary/doclib_1.jsp

GENERAL WIRE ROUTING

- Whenever possible, battery cables, electrical wires, and wire harnesses should be secured by clamps attached to rigid components (for example, the engine, frame, bracket, etc.) or secured by tie straps fastened to other restrained lines at intervals not exceeding 460mm (18 in.).
- Battery cables, alternator cables, electrical wires, and wire harnesses routed on the chassis and engine should be covered by braided loom or convoluted tubing.
- At the clamping or tie points, battery cables, electrical wires, and wire harnesses should be covered by braided loom or convoluted tubing.

SAFETY RELATED COMPONENTS AND SYSTEMS

Upfitting and other modifications may change the compliance of an as-built vehicle. As such, Peterbilt will not support any modifications that affect the as-built compliance of a vehicle. These may include modifications to the following:

 Stability Control Systems – Stability Control parameters are matched specifically to chassis components and center of gravity of the body type. Chassis modifications or alterations to wheelbase, GWAR, GVWR, brakes, suspension and other components affect the Stability Control system. Therefore, modifications or alterations to chassis with factory-installed Stability Control Systems are not supported.

These include:

- Intended Service
- Body Type
- Wheelbase (reducing or increasing wheelbase)
- GAWR
- GVWR
- Brakes
- Suspension
- Lift Axles (removal or addition)
- Conversion of a truck to a tractor
- Factory installed Safety Systems Factory installed Safety Systems will not be removed or inactivated
- Green House Gas Requirements

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SECTION 3 DIMENSIONS

INTRODUCTION

This section has been designed to provide enough information to successfully layout a chassis in the body planning process. All dimensions are in inches unless otherwise noted. Optional equipment may not be depicted. Please contact your local Peterbilt dealer if more dimensional information is desired.

ABBREVIATIONS

Throughout this section and in other sections as well, abbreviations are used to describe certain characteristics on your vehicle. The chart below lists the abbreviated terms used.

T	ABLE	3-1.	Abbreviations	Used

CA	Cab to axle. Measured from the back of the cab to the centerline of the rear axle(s).
EOF	Frame rail overhang behind rear axlemeasured from the centerline of tandems
FOF	Front of frame
FAX	Front Axle
BOC	Back of cab
SOC	Side of cab
WB	Wheelbase
BFA	Bumper to front axle. Measured from front of bumper centerline of front axle.
BBC	Bumper to back of cab Measured from front of bumper to back of cab.

OVERALL DIMENSIONS

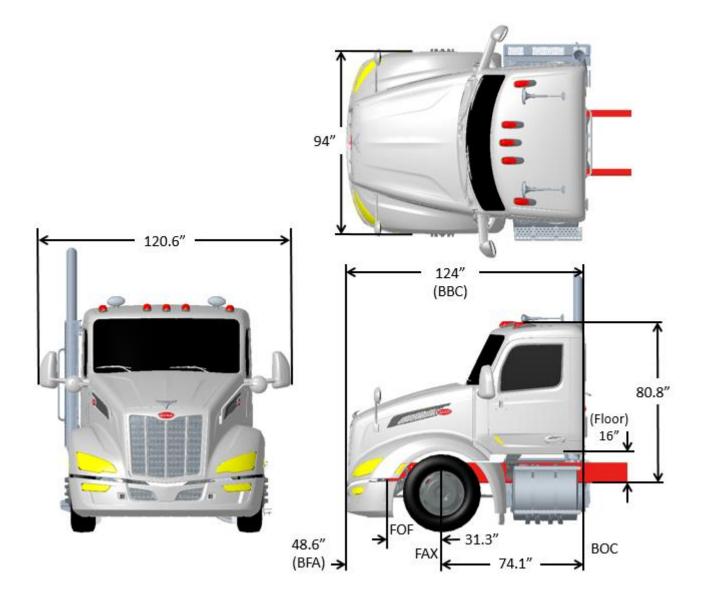
This section includes drawings and charts of the following Peterbilt Models: 579, 567, 389, 367, and 365. The Extended Rear Window, Extended Cab and Unibilt sleepers are also included.

On the pages that follow, detail drawings show particular views of each vehicle; all dimensions are in inches (in). They illustrate important measurements critical to designing bodies of all types. See the "Contents" at the beginning of the manual to locate the drawing that you need.

All heights are given from the bottom of the frame rail.

Peterbilt also offers .dxf files and frame layouts of ordered chassis prior to build. Please speak with your local dealership to request this feature when specifying your chassis.

Model 579-124 SBFA

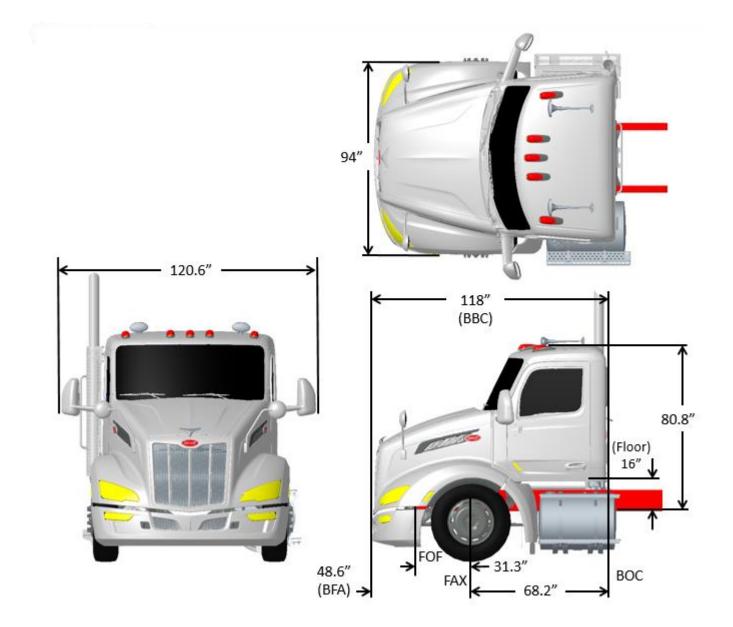


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-17. Model 579-124 SBFA - Overall Dimensions

Model 579-118 SBFA

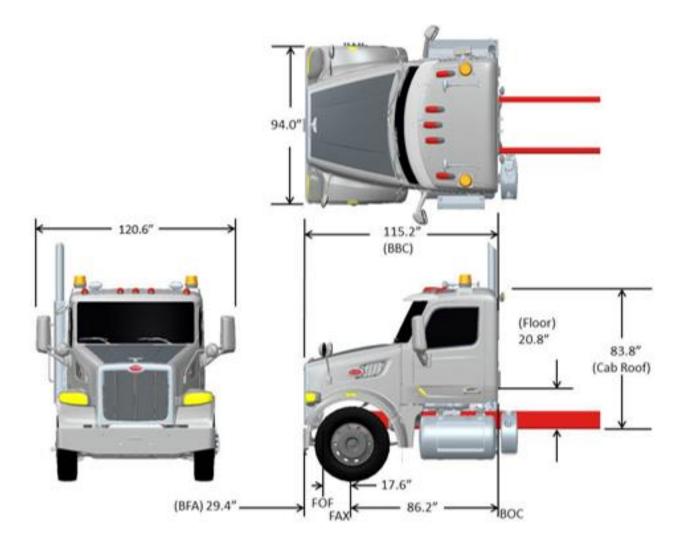


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-18. Model 579-118 SBFA Top & LH View – Overall Dimensions

Model 567-115 SFFA

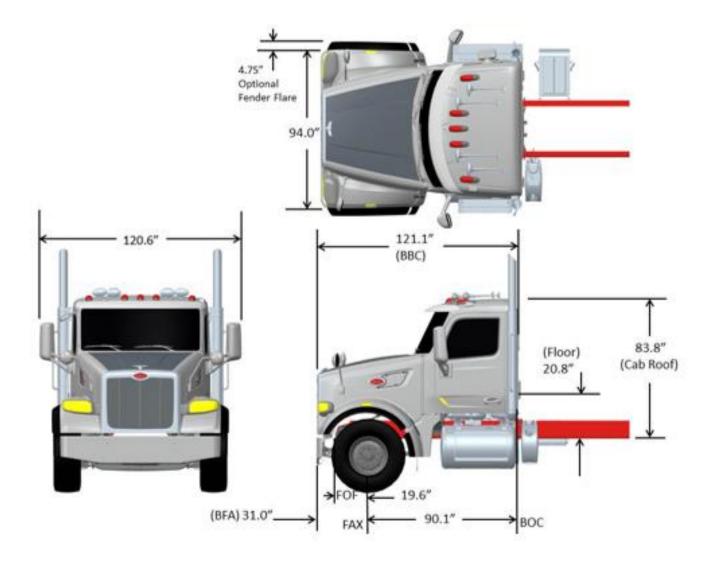


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-1. Model 567-115 SFFA - Overall Dimensions

Model 567-121 SFFA

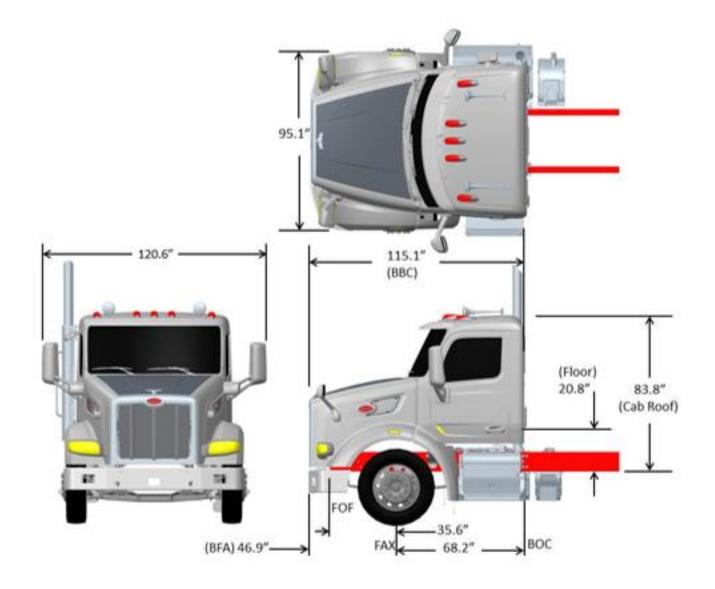


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-2. Model 567-121 SFFA - Overall Dimensions

Model 567-115 SBFA

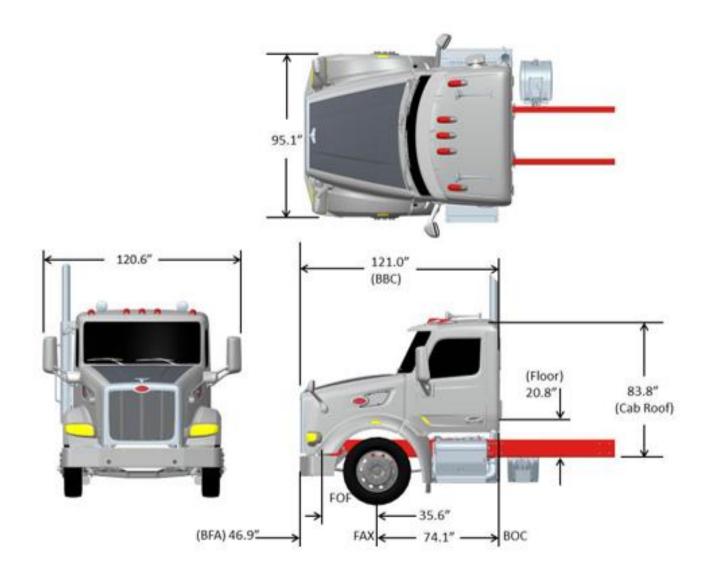


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-3. Model 567-115 SBFA – Overall Dimensions

Model 567-121 SBFA

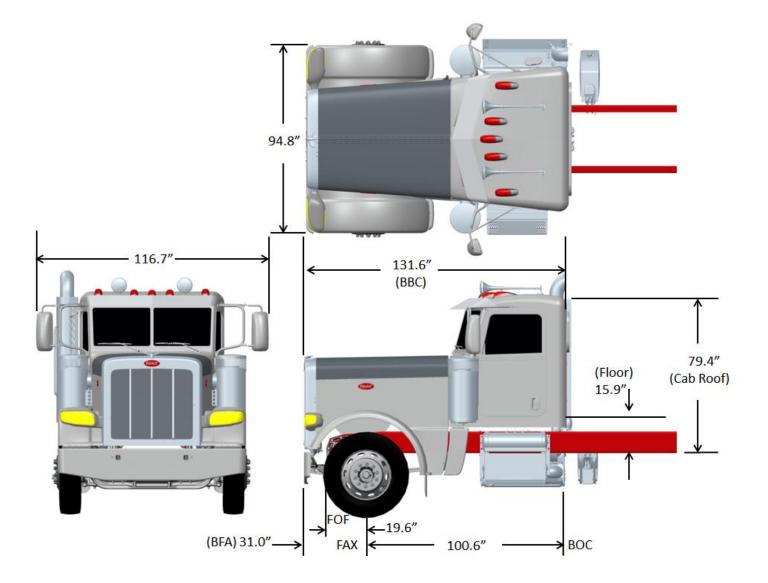


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-4. Model 567-121 SBFA - Overall Dimensions

Model 389-131

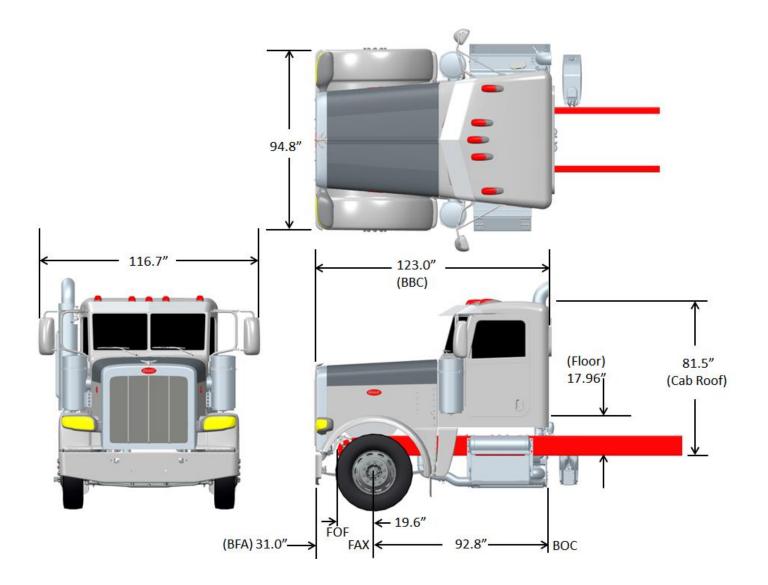


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-5. Model 389-131 Top & LH View - Overall Dimensions

Model 389-123

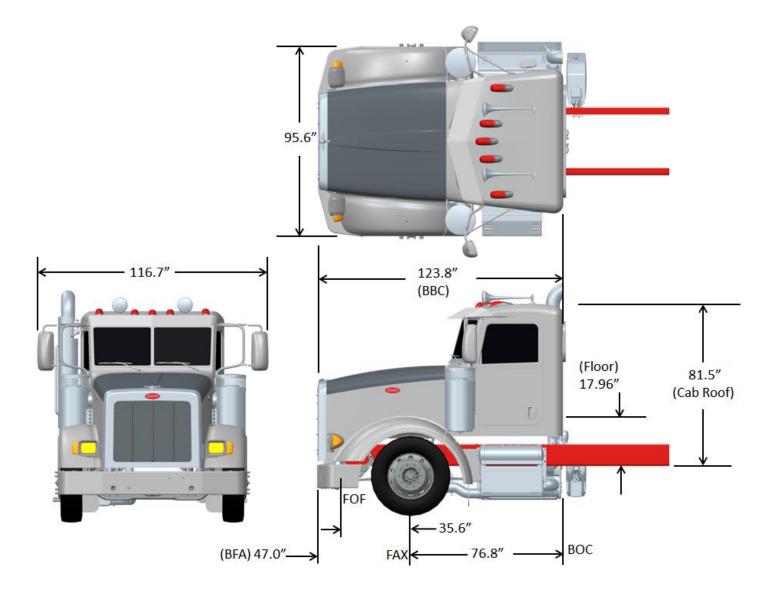


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-6. Model 389-123 Top & LH View - Overall Dimensions

Model 367-123 SBFA

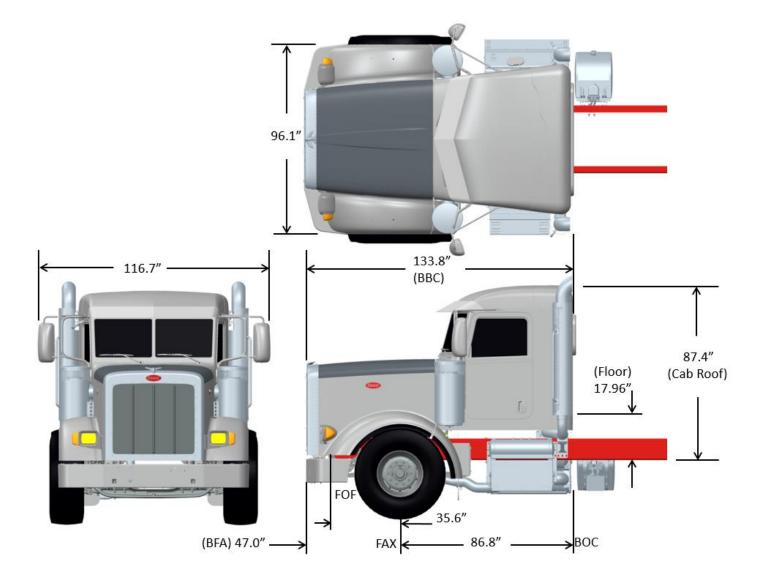


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-8. Model 367 SBFA Top & LH View – Overall Dimensions

Model 367-123 SBFA 10" Extended Day Cab

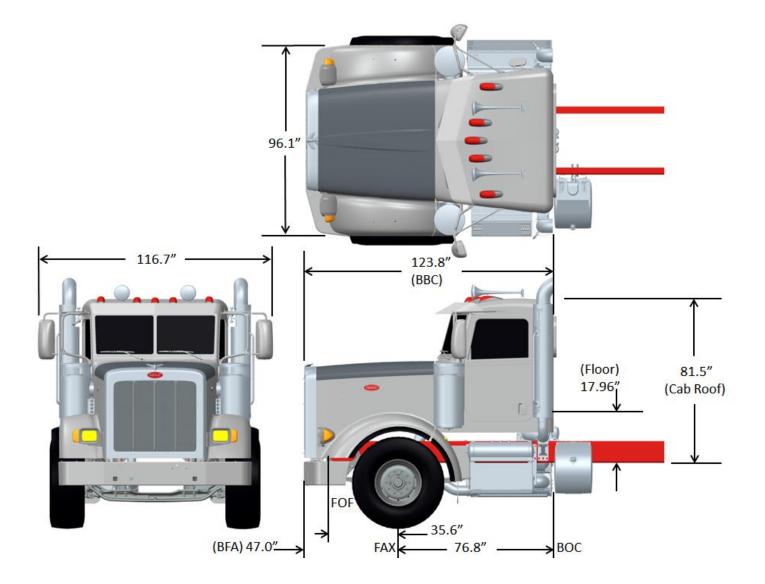


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-9. Model 367 SBFA 10" Extended Day Cab Top & LH View – Overall Dimensions

Model 367-123 SBFA HH

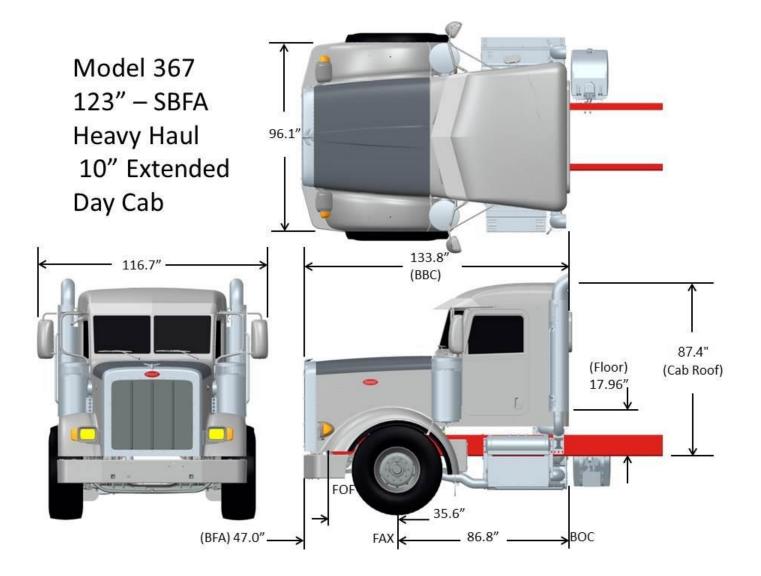


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-10. Model 367 SBFA Heavy Haul Hood Top & LH View - Overall Dimensions

Model 367-123 SBFA HH 10" Extended Day Cab

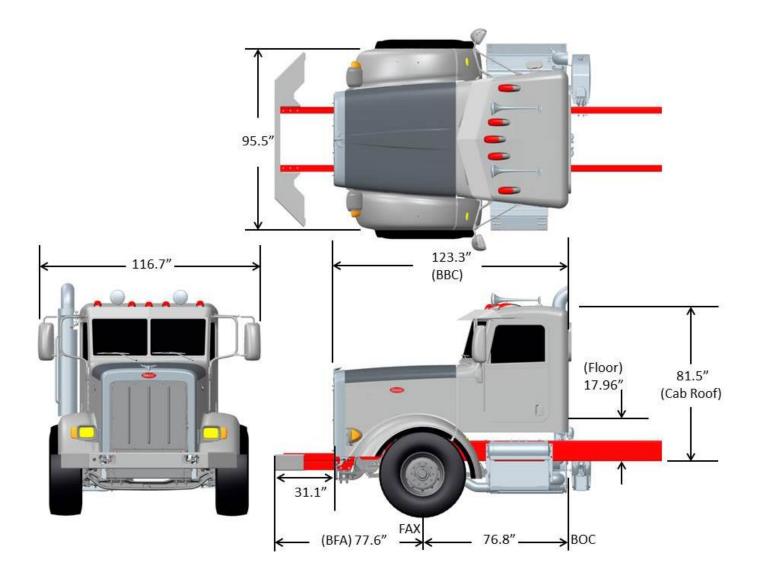


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-11. Model 367 SBFA Heavy Haul Hood 10" Extended Day Cab Top & LH View – Overall Dimensions

Model 367-123 SBFA HH FEPTO

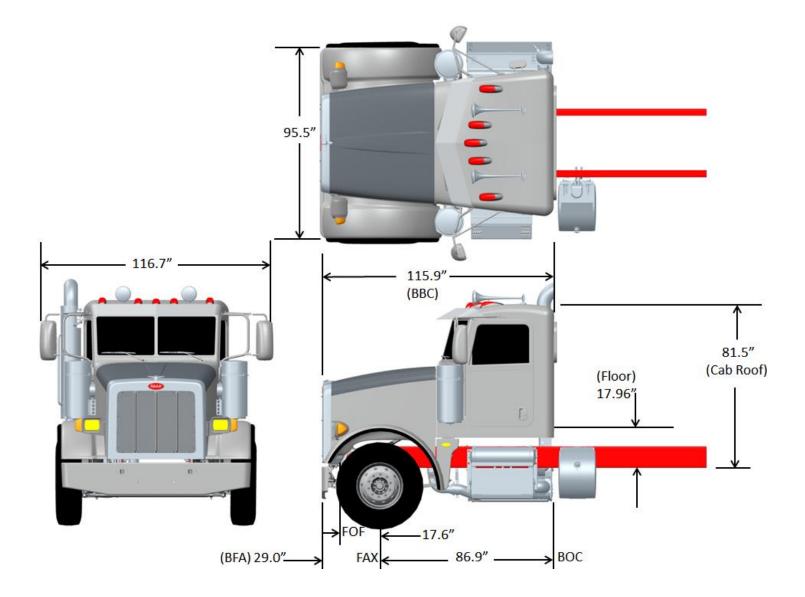


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-12. Model 367 SBFA FEPTO Heavy Haul Hood - Overall Dimensions

Model 365-115 SFFA

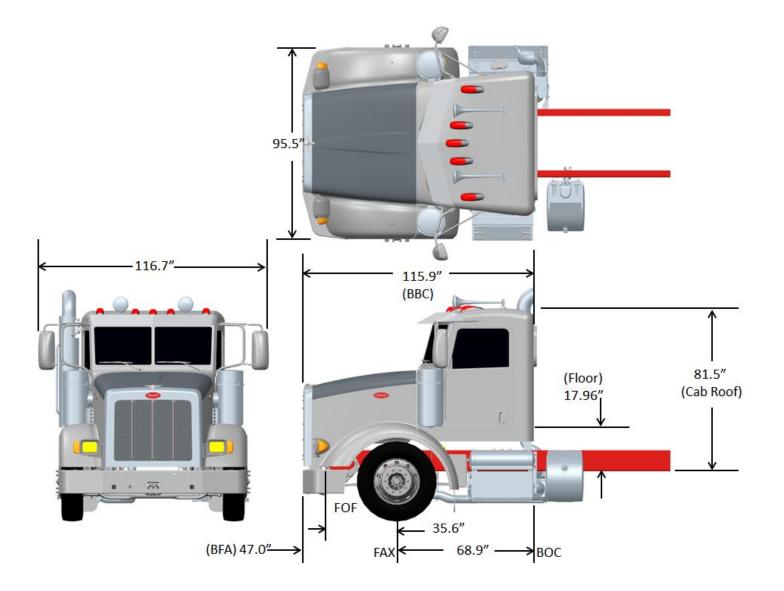


NOTES:

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-13. Model 365 SFFA Top & LH View - Overall Dimensions

Model 365-115 SBFA

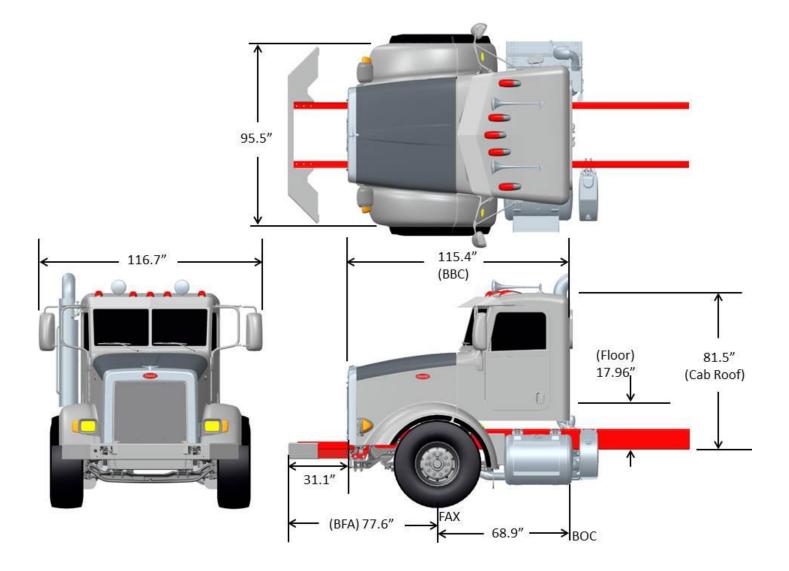


NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-14. Model 365 SBFA Top & LH View - Overall Dimensions

Model 365-115 SBFA 31" FEPTO



NOTES:

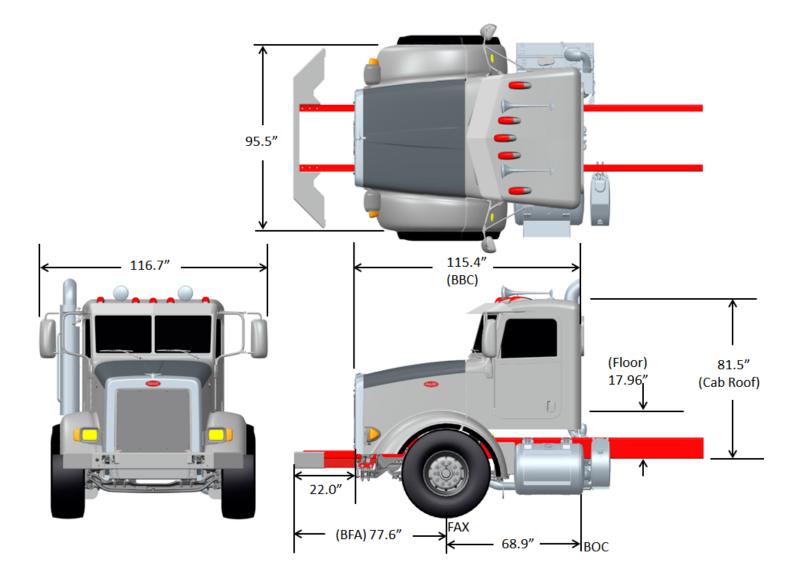
Peterbilt Motors Company

- 1) DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- 2) DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

FIGURE 3-15. Model 365 SBFA 31" FEPTO Hood – Overall Dimensions

3

Model 365-115 SBFA 22" FEPTO



NOTES:

- DIMENSIONS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY
 DIMENSIONS ARE TO FRONT OF BUMPER

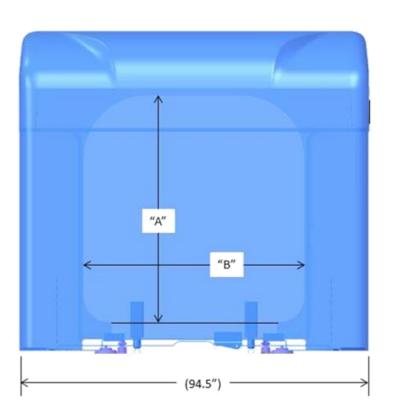
FIGURE 3-16. Model 365 SBFA 22" FEPTO Hood – Overall Dimensions

SLEEPERS

		AB TO S OPEN CAB	NING	R ACAB	D =	SLEEPER DIMENSIONS D = DISTANCE FROM BTM OF FRAME RAIL TO TOP OF ROOF			OOF	CAB TO SLEEPER GAP		
						58"	58"	72"	72"			
MODEL	"A"	"B"	"A"	"B"	44"	LOW	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	78"	80"	"E"
389-131	49.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	81.7	83.5	99.3	83.3	99.4	101.6	N/A	2.3
389-123 <i>,</i> 367, 365	49.0	59.0	59.0	59.0	83.7	85.5	101.4	85.3	101.5	103.7	N/A	2.3
579, 567	49.0	68.1	66.5	68.1	83.7	85.5	N/A	N/A	101.8	N/A	106.3	1.8
	SLE	EPER L	ENGTH	"C" =	36.0	48.0	48.0	63.0	63.0	70.0	70.0	

"E"

TABLE 3-2. Sleeper Dimensions



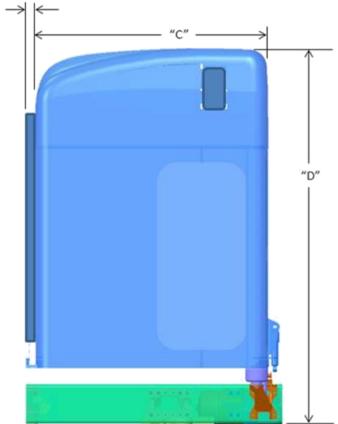


FIGURE 3-19. Sleeper Dimensions - Front & LH View

3

Models 389, 367, 365

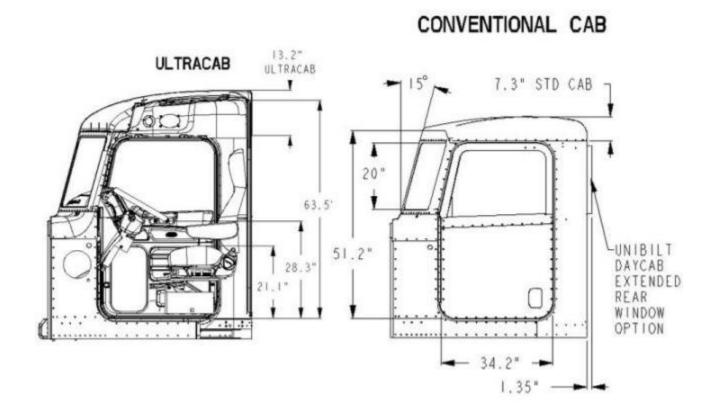


FIGURE 3-20. Cab Dimensions 1.9 m Cab Family

EXTENDED CAB – 1.9M CAB FAMILY

Models 389, 367, 365

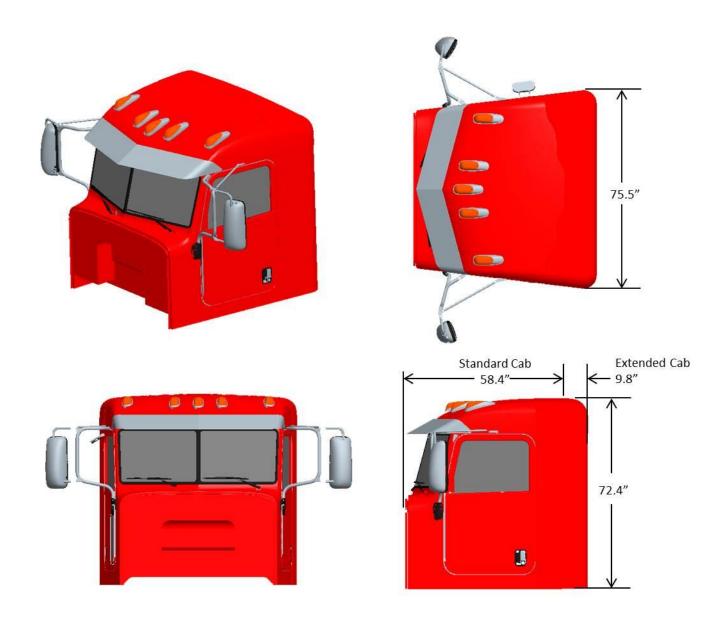
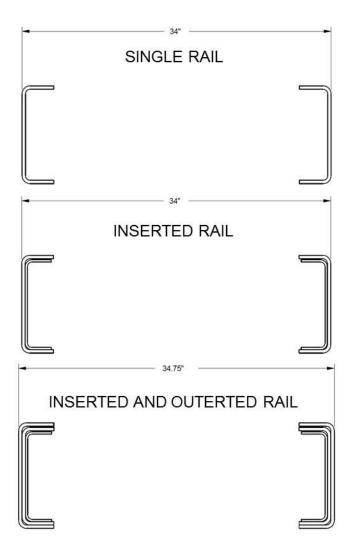
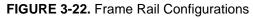


FIGURE 3-21. Extended Cab

Frame rail configurations are shown in FIGURE 3-22. Rail height, flange and structural values can be found in the Body Mounting Section.





NOTE: The outserted frame section does not extend through the rear suspension area.

FRAME HEIGHT CHARTS

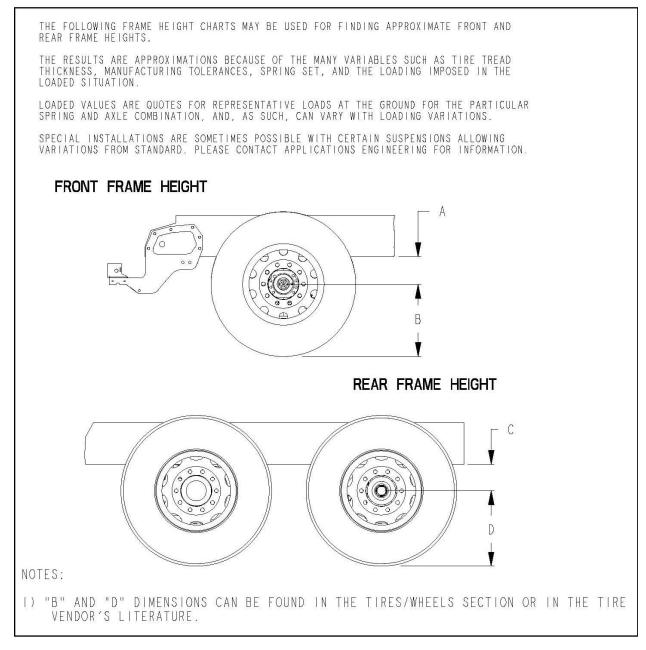


FIGURE 3-23. Frame Height

SFFA	SUSPENSION		SPACER (mm)	LIGHT	LOADED	
-			10	9.3	8.9	
			20	9.7	9.3	
			30	10.1	9.7	
		0== 1	40	10.5	10.1	
12,000 lbs. ³	TAPERLEAF	SFFA	50	10.9	10.5	
			60	11.3	10.9	
			70	11.7	11.2	
			80	12.1	11.6	
			10	9.3	8.9	
			20	9.7	9.3	
			30	10.1	9.7	
40.000 lb a 3		000	40	10.5	10.1	
13,200 lbs. ³	TAPERLEAF	SFFA	50	10.9	10.5	
			60	11.3	10.9	
			70	11.7	11.3	
			80	12.1	11.5	
14,600 lbs.			10	9.3	8.9	
		SFFA	20	9.7	9.3	
			30	10.1	9.7	
			40	10.5	10.1	
	TAPERLEAF		50	10.9	10.5	
			60	11.3	10.9	
			70	11.7	11.3	
			80	12.1	11.7	
			10	10.5	10.0	
			20	10.9	10.3	
			30	11.3	10.7	
16,000 lbs.	TAPERLEAF	SEEV	40	11.7	11.1	
16,000 lbs.	TAPERLEAF	SFFA	50	12.1	11.5	
			60	12.5	11.9	
			70	12.9	12.3	
			80	13.3	12.7	
			10	10.6	9.5	
			20	11.0	10.0	
			30	11.4	10.4	
18,000 - 20,000	TAPERLEAF	SFFA	40	11.8	10.8	
lbs. ¹	TAFERLEAF	SLLA	50	12.2	11.2	
			60	12.6	11.6	
			70	13.0	12.0	
			80	13.4	12.4	
			10	12.4	10.9	
			20	12.8	11.3	
			30	13.2	11.7	
22,000 - 24,000	TAPERLEAF	SFFA	40	13.6	12.1	
lbs. ²	TAFERLEAF	SLLA	50	14.0	12.5	
			60	14.3	12.9	

TABLE 3-3	Front Frame	Height "A" - SFFA
TADLL J-J.	TIONUTAINE	

NOTES:

- 1) Shown with 20K load for laden dim. Add 0.3" to laden dim. if 18K load.
- Shown with 23K load for laden dim. Add 0.1" to laden dim. if 22K load. Subtract .01" from unladen dim if 24K load. 2)

70

80

14.7

15.1

13.3

13.6

3) Note: Standard 3-1/2" drop axle heights shown, for 5" drop axles, subtract an additional 1-1/2". Spacer blocks are used by Engineering to obtain level frame and are not options. "A" dimension shown is to bottom of frame rail. Add frame rail height dimension for frame height.

TABLE 3-4. Front Frame Height "A" - SBFA							
SBFA	Suspension		Spacer (Mm)	Unladen (In.)	Laden (In.)		
			30	9.7	8.5		
12,000 lbs.			40	10.1	8.9		
	TAPERLEAF	SBFA	50	10.5	9.3		
12,000 103.			60	10.9	9.7		
			70	11.3	10.1		
			80	11.7	10.5		
			30	9.8	8.5		
			40	10.2	8.9		
13,200 lbs.	TAPERLEAF	SBFA	50	10.6	9.3		
13,200 lbs.	IAFERLEAF	SDFA	60	11	9.7		
			70	11.4	10.1		
			80	11.8	10.5		
			30	10.1	8.5		
	TAPERLEAF	SBFA	40	10.5	8.9		
44,000 lb a			50	10.9	9.3		
14,600 lbs.			60	11.3	9.7		
			70	11.7	10.1		
			80	12.1	10.5		
	TAPERLEAF	SBFA	30	11.4	9.5		
			40	11.8	9.9		
40,000 //			50	12.2	10.3		
16,000 lbs. ³			60	12.6	10.7		
			70	13	11.1		
			80	13.4	11.5		
			50	11.9	10		
40,000,00,000,1		0054	60	12.3	10.4		
18,000-20,000 ¹	TAPERLEAF	SBFA	70	12.7	10.8		
			80	13.1	11.2		
			OMIT	12.3	9.4		
			30	13.4	10.5		
			40	13.8	10.9		
22,000 - 24,000	TAPERLEAF	SBFA	50	14.2	11.3		
lbs. ²			60	14.6	11.7		
			70	15	12.1		
			80	15.4	12.5		

TABLE 3-4. Front Frame Height "A" - SBFA

NOTES:

- 1) Shown with 20K load for laden dim. Add 0.3" to laden dim. if 18K load. S
- 2) Shown with 23K load for laden dim. Add 0.1" to laden dim. if 22K load. Subtract 0.1" from laden dim. if 24K load.
- 3) 16K springs with 12K to 14.6K axle minimum spacer block is 30 mm. With 16K springs and 20K axle minimum spacer block is 50 mm.

Note: Standard 3-1/2" drop axle heights shown, for 5" drop axles, subtract an additional 1-1/2".

Spacer Blocks are used by Engineering to obtain level frame and are not options.

"A" dimension shown is to bottom of frame rail. Add frame rail height for frame height.

REAR FRAME HEIGHTS "C"

			Unladen	Laden
Suspension	Rating	Version	Height	Height
AIR TRAC	20,000 lbs.	lbs. Standard		11.0
AIR TRAC	23,000 lbs.	Standard	11.4	11.0
	20,000 lbs.	Taperleaf (3.38" saddle)	9.4	11.8
	21,000 lbs.	Taperleaf (1.38" saddle)	7.4	9.8
REYCO 79KB	23,000 lbs.	Multileaf (1.38" saddle)	8.8	11.6
RETCO / 9RD	26,000 lbs.	Multileaf (1.38" saddle)	9.2	11.8
	28,000 lbs.	Multileaf (1.38" saddle)	9.7	12.3
	31,000 lbs.	Multileaf (1.38" saddle)	10.8	13.3
	23K-29K lbs.	4.38 saddle	12.1	10.2
	23K-29K lbs.	4.63 saddle	12.2	10.4
REYCO 102	29,000 lbs	3.50 saddle	11.7	10.0
RETCO TUZ	31,000 lbs	3.50 saddle	12.2	10.5
	31,000 lbs	4.38 saddle	12.5	10.7
	31,000 lbs	4.63 saddle	12.7	10.9
REYCO 102AR (AIR)	17K -23K	Standard	9.3	9.3
RETOUTUZAR (AIR)	17M-23N	Low	8.3	8.3

TABLE 3-5.	Single	Drive	Susr	ension	Heights
	Single	DIIVE	Jusp		rieignio

TABLE 3-6. Tandem Peterbilt Suspension Heights

Suspension	Rating	Version	Unladen Height	Laden Height
AIR LEAF	38,000 lbs.		12.0	11.7
LOW AIR LEAF	40,000 lbs.		8.8	8.5
FLEX AIR	38,000 lbs.		8.7	8.5
LOW LOW AIR LEAF	40,000 lbs.		6.8	6.5
AIR TRAC	40K-46K lbs		11.4	11.0
QUADRAFLEX	38,000 lbs.	Taperleaf	10.6	8.7

TABLE 3-7. Tandem Neway Suspension Heights

Suspension	Rating	Version	Unladen Height	Laden Height
NEWAY AD	52,000 lbs.		10.0	10.0
NEWAY ADZ	46K-52K lbs.		10.0	10.0

Suspension	Rating	Version	Unladen Height	Laden Height
REYCO 102 MULTILEAF		1.75 saddle (STD)	11.7	9.9
	40,000 lbs	1.38 saddle	10.2	8.3
		3.38 saddle	13.4	11.5
	44.000 lba	1.75 saddle (STD)	11.7	9.8
	44,000 lbs	1.38 saddle	11.5	9.7

TABLE 3-8. Tandem Reyco Suspension Heights

Suspension	Rating	Version	Unladen Height	Laden Height ¹
	g	LOW	11.2	8.9
	40.000 # .	HIGH	12.4	10.2
CHALMERS 854/860	40,000 lbs	X-HIGH	14.5	12.2
		XX-HIGH	17.2	14.9
		LOW	11.3	8.9
	40.000 lba	HIGH	12.5	10.1
CHALMERS 854/860	46,000 lbs	X-HIGH	14.7	12.2
		XX-HIGH	17.3	14.9
	50K-52K	LOW	11.3	8.9
		HIGH	12.5	10.1
CHALMERS 854/860		X-HIGH	14.7	12.1
		XX-HIGH	17.3	14.8
		LOW	11.2	8.8
	40.000 lba	HIGH	12.5	10.3
CHALMERS 872	46,000 lbs	X-HIGH	14.7	12.2
		XX-HIGH	17.3	14.9
		LOW	11.2	8.8
	50.000 lba	HIGH	12.5	10.3
CHALMERS 872	50,000 lbs	X-HIGH	14.7	12.1
		XX-HIGH	17.3	14.8

NOTES:

1) Laden dimension shown with standard restrictor cans. Add 0.7" for #29 High Stability Restrictor Cans.

Suspension	Rating	dem Hendrickson Suspensi	Unladen Height	Laden Height
DT 400	40.000 lb c	6.00 saddle	9.9	8.9
RT-403	40,000 lbs	7.188 saddle (std)	11.2	10.1
DTE 400	40.000 lb c	6.00 saddle	9.9	8.4
RTE-403	40,000 lbs	7.188 saddle (std)	11.2	9.6
		12.80 saddle	5.9	5.9
R-403	40,000 lbs	15.81 saddle (std)	8.9	8.9
		17.60 saddle	10.6	10.6
		12.25 saddle	9.7	8.9
RS-403	40,000 lbs	14.00 saddle (std)	11.5	10.6
		15.25 saddle	12.7	11.9
	10.000 lb c	16.5 saddle (low)	10.6	9.5
HMX	40,000 lbs	18.5 saddle (std)	12.6	11.5
	46,000 lbs	16.5 saddle (low)	10.6	9.5
HMX		18.5 saddle (std)	12.6	11.5
		16.5 saddle	11.6	9.5
	40,000 lbs	17.5 saddle	12.6	10.5
		18.5 saddle (std)	13.6	11.5
HMX EX	46,000 lbs	16.5 saddle	11.6	9.5
		17.5 saddle	12.6	10.5
		18.5 saddle (std)	13.6	11.5
	52,000 lbs	18.5 saddle (std)	13.6	11.5
HN462	46,000 lbs	20.25 saddle (high)	15	13.3
R-463	46,000 lbs	15.75 saddle (std)	8.8	8.8
N-403	40,000 108	20.50 saddle	13.5	13.5
		12.25 saddle	9.7	8.9
RS-463	46,000 lbs	14.00 saddle (std)	11.5	10.6
		15.25 saddle	12.7	11.9
		6.00 saddle	11.3	10.5
RT-463	46,000 lbs	7.188 saddle (std)	13	11.4
		11.00 saddle	16.3	15.2
RTE-463	46,000 lbs	7.188 saddle (std)	11.6	10.2
RIE-403	40,000 105	11.00 saddle	15.4	14

TABLE 3-10.	Tandem	Hendrickson	Suspension	Heights

			Unladen	Laden
Suspension	Rating	Version	Height	Height
RS-503	50,000 lbs	14.00 saddle (std)	11.5	10.6
NO-505	30,000 lbs	15.25 saddle	12.7	11.9
RT-503	50,000 lbs	7.188 saddle (std)	12.2	11.2
KT-505	50,000 lb5	11.0 ¹ saddle	6.4	15.4
RTE-503	50,000 lbs	7.188 saddle (std)	11.6	10.2
RTE-303	50,000 lbs	11.00 saddle	15.4	14
RS-523	52,000 lbs	14.0 saddle (std)	11.5	10.6
RT-523 , RT-650	52K-65K	7.188 saddle (std)	12.2	11.2
RT-923, RT-090	52K-05K	11.00 saddle	16.4	15.4
HN522	52,000 lbs	18.50 saddle (std)	12.6	11.5
RS650	65,000 lbs	15.00 saddle (std)	12.0 ¹	11.0 ²
N3030	05,000 lbs	19.00 saddle	16.0 ²	15.1 ²
R650 ³	65,000 lbs	20.25 saddle (std)	12.5	12.5
R850 w/70K Meritor	85,000 lbs	20.25 saddle	12	12
R850 w/SISU 70K	00,000 IDS	20.25 saddle	12.1	12.1
RS850 w/SISU 70K	85,000 lbs	16.75 saddle	14.5	13.8

TABLE 3-10 (cont'd.) Tandem	Hendrickson	Suspension	Heights
	cont a.		110110110110110011	ouspension	ringino

NOTES:

1) With SISU 70K axle subtract .39" from light/laden.

With SISU 70K axle subtract .28 from light and .39 from laden.
 With Meritor 70K axles frame height is 22.5" for R650.

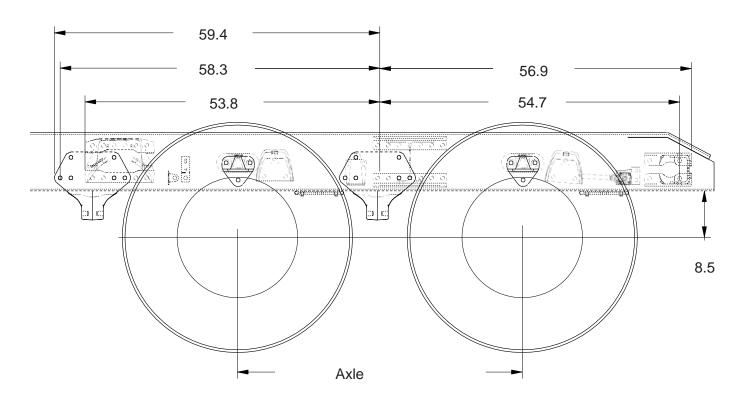
The rear suspension layouts are provided as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival. The applicable dimensions are shown. Be sure to check the axle spacing that is shown, as alternate spacing may exist and could change some of the dimensions. The dimensions shown are the most typical installations, in special cases some hole locations will move. If you are planning on using the holes shown for your body installation, please confirm with your local Peterbilt dealer that the drawing below will be the installation used on your specific truck. Ensure that proper torque is used to reinstall any suspension components. It would be a good idea in this case to order the frame layout of your chassis along with your truck order. This can be done on any Peterbilt truck, and will be provided ahead of the build schedule.

If there are hole locations that are not detailed please work with your local Peterbilt Dealer to request that information.

Additionally optional axle spacing are shown in the charts, if you would like details on the frame drilling with optional spacing, please contact your local Peterbilt dealer.

NOTE: Actual axle spacing can depart from nominal due to axle slant requirements. Final axle spacing can vary by more than an inch from nominal in some cases. If precise axle spacing is critical due to body installation or state/local regulatory requirements please contact Peterbilt Applications/Technical Support for assistance.

PB LOW AIR LEAFTANDEM AXLE



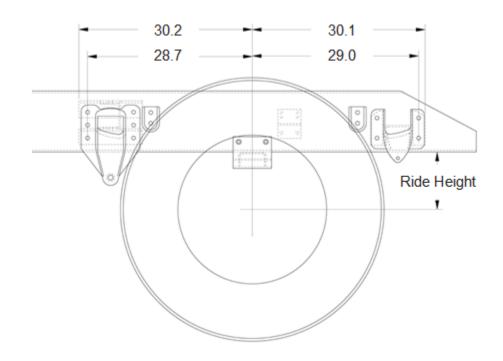
PB Low Air Leaf Suspensions

Note: "54" Axle Spacing dimensions shown

TABLE 3-11. Rear Suspension Options

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
PB Low Air Leaf Tandem	40K	52"	8.5"	8.5"
PB Low Air Leaf Tandem	40K	54"	8.5"	8.5"

REYCO 79KB SINGLE REAR AXLE



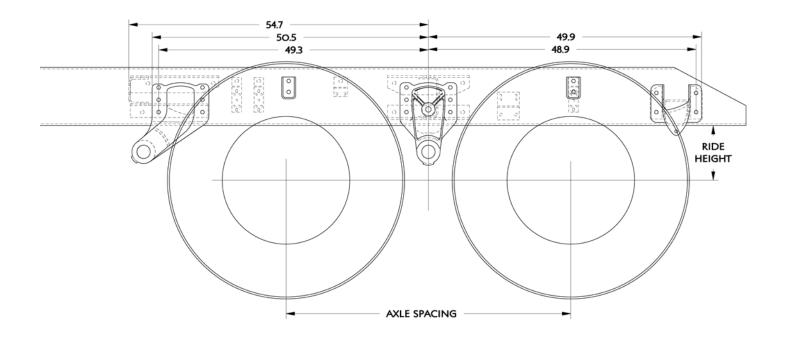
Optional Reyco 79KB Suspensions

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Reyco 79KB single	20K	-	8.3"	10.8"
Reyco 79KB single	23K	-	8.3"	10.8"
Reyco 79KB single	26K	-	8.2"	11.3"
Reyco 79KB single	31K	-	9.6"	12.2"

TABLE 3-12. Rear Suspension Options

REYCO 102 TANDEM REAR AXLE

Shown with a 52" Axle Spacing

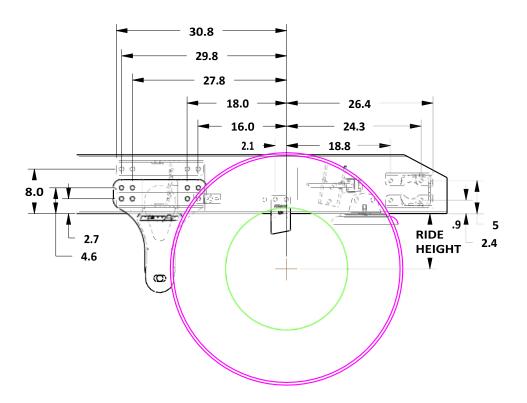


Reyco 102 Suspension

TABLE 3-13. Rear	[·] Suspension	Options
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Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Reyco 102 Tandem	40K	52"	9.2"	10.8"

NEWAY ADZ 123 SINGLE REAR AXLE



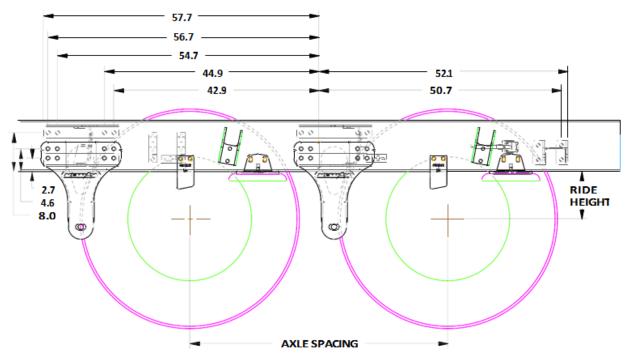
Optional Neway ADZ Single Suspensions

TABLE 3-14. Rear Suspension Options

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Neway ADZ123 single	23K	-	10"	10"
Neway ADZ126 single	26K	-	10"	10"

NEWAY ADZ 246 TANDEM SUSPENSION

Shown with a 54" Axle Spacing



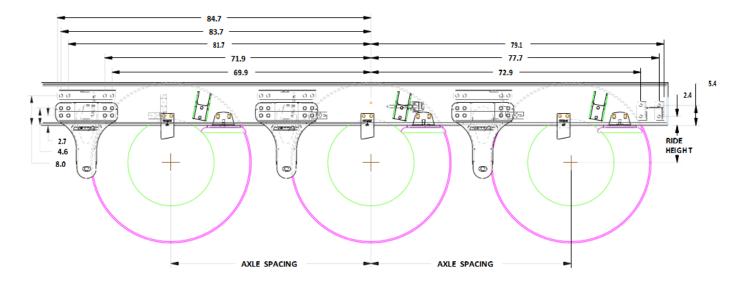
Optional Neway ADZ Tandem Suspensions

TABLE 3-15. Rear Suspension Options

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Neway ADZ246 tandem	46K	54"	10"	10"
Neway ADZ246 tandem	46K	60"	10"	10"
Neway ADZ252 tandem	52K	54"	10"	10"
Neway ADZ252 tandem	52K	54"	12"	12"
Neway ADZ252 tandem	52K	60"	10"	10"
Neway ADZ252 tandem	52K	60"	12"	12"

NEWAY ADZ 369 SUSPENSION

Shown with 54" Axle Spacing

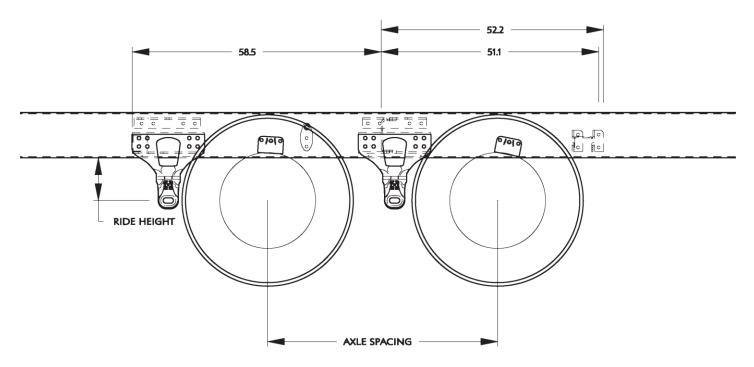


Optional Neway ADZ Suspensions

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Neway ADZ369	69K	54"	10"	10"
Neway ADZ369	69K	54"	12"	12"
Neway ADZ369	69K	60"	12"	12"
Neway ADZ378	78K	54"	10"	10"
Neway ADZ378	78K	60"	10"	10"

HENDRICKSON PRIMAAX TANDEM SUSPENSION

Shown with 54" Axle Spacing

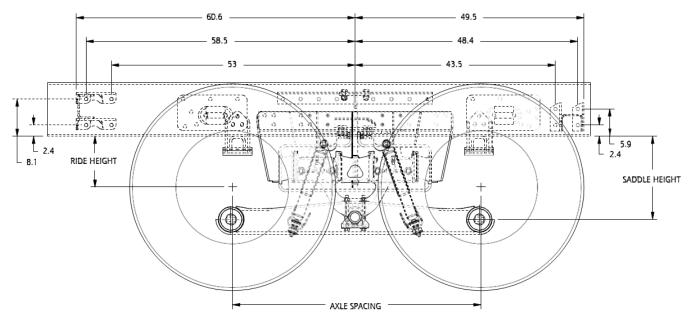


Optional Hendrickson Primaax Tandem Suspensions

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Hendrickson Primaax Tandem	46K	54"	10"	10"
Hendrickson Primaax Tandem	46K	60"	10"	10"
Hendrickson Primaax Tandem	46K	72"	10"	10"

HENDRICKSON HMX TANDEM SUSPENSION

Shown with 54" Axle Spacing



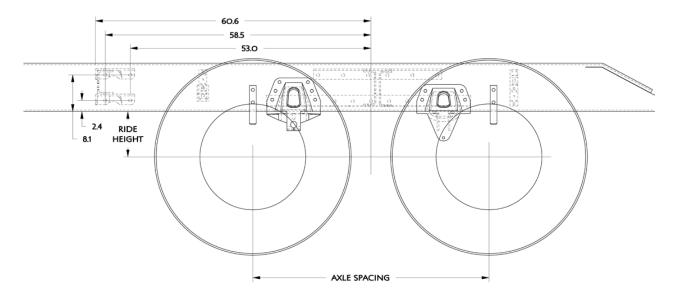
Optional Hendrickson HMX Tandem Suspensions

TABLE 3-18.	Rear Sus	pension Options
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Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 460 17.5" Saddle Height	46K	54"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 460 18.25" Saddle Height	46K	54"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 460 17.5" Saddle Height	46K	60"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 460 18.25" Saddle Height	46K	60"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 520 17.5" Saddle Height	52K	54"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 520 18.25" Saddle Height	52K	54"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 520 17.5" Saddle Height	52K	60"	11"	12.5"
Hendrickson ULTIMAAX 520 18.25" Saddle Height	52K	60"	11"	12.5"

HENDRICKSON RT TANDEM SUSPENSION

Shown with a 54" Axle Spacing without Track Rods



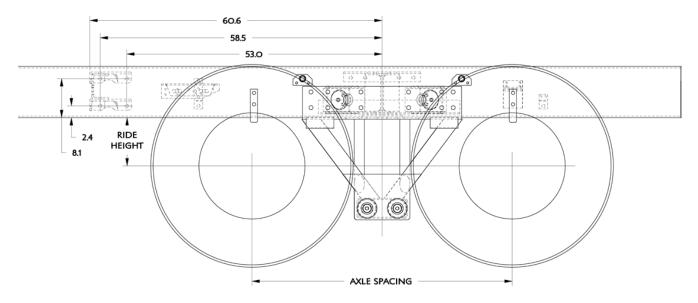
Optional Hendrickson RT Tandem Suspensions

TABLE 3-19. Rear Suspension Options

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Hendrickson RT463 6" saddle	46K	52"	10.0"	11.1"
Hendrickson RT463 6" saddle	46K	54"	10.0"	11.1"
Hendrickson RT463 7.19" saddle	46K	54"	11.2"	12.5"
Hendrickson RT463 7.94" saddle	46K	54"	11.9"	13.3"
Hendrickson RT463 6" saddle	46K	60"	10.0"	11.1"
Hendrickson RT463 7.94" saddle	46K	60"	11.9"	13.0"
Hendrickson RTE463 7.19" saddle	46K	52"	10.5"	11.6"
Hendrickson RT523 6" saddle	52K	52"	9.9"	11.0"
Hendrickson RT523 6" saddle	52K	54"	9.9"	11.0"
Hendrickson RT523 7.19" saddle	52K	54"	11.1"	12.2"
Hendrickson RT523 11" saddle	52K	54"	14.9"	16.0"
Hendrickson RT523 6" saddle	52K	60"	9.9"	11.0"
Hendrickson RT523 7.19" saddle	52K	60"	11.1"	12.2"

CHALMERS 854 TANDEM SUSPENSION

Shown with a 54" Axle Spacing



Optional Chalmers Tandem Suspensions

Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Chalmers 854-40-L	40K	54"	8.9"	11.1"
Chalmers 854-40-L-HS	40K	54"	9.6"	11.1"
Chalmers 854-40-H	40K	54"	10.2"	12.4"
Chalmers 854-40-H-HS	40K	54"	10.9"	12.4"
Chalmers 854-46-L	46K	54"	8.9"	11.3"
Chalmers 854-46-L-HS	46K	54"	9.6"	11.3"
Chalmers 854-46-H	46K	54"	10.1"	12.5"
Chalmers 854-46-H-HS	46K	54"	10.9"	12.5"
Chalmers 854-50-L	50K	54"	8.9"	11.3"
Chalmers 854-50-L-HS	50K	54"	9.6"	11.3"
Chalmers 854-50-H	50K	54"	10.1"	12.5"

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Suspension Type	Rating	Axle Spacing	Laden Ride Height	Unladen Ride Height
Chalmers 854-50-H-HS	50K	54"	10.9"	12.5"
Chalmers 854-52-L-HS	52K	54"	9.6"	11.3"
Chalmers 854-52-H-HS	52K	54"	10.9"	12.5"
Chalmers 860-40-L	40K	60"	8.9"	11.1"
Chalmers 860-46-L	46K	60"	8.9"	11.3"
Chalmers 860-46-L-HS	46K	60"	9.6"	11.3"
Chalmers 860-46-H	46K	60"	10.1"	12.5"
Chalmers 860-46-H-HS	46K	60"	10.9"	12.5"
Chalmers 860-52-H	52K	60"	10.9"	12.5"
Chalmers 872-46-H-HS	46K	72"	11.0"	12.5"

LIFT AXLES (PUSHERS AND TAGS)

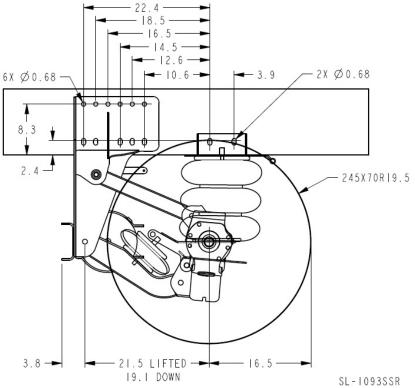
The rear pusher axle layouts are provided as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival. The applicable dimensions are shown. When using the pusher layouts to determine available frame space please be aware that clearances required are not shown. For information that may not be detailed in these drawings work with your local Peterbilt Dealer to request that information.

Peterbilt will automatically install highest lift axle kit as applicable based on chassis frame height and loading conditions. Lift axle available run range it utilized, along with frame height and lift axle tire size to identify applicable kits that can be installed. Installing highest lift axle kit will maximize ground clearance when axle is in lifted state. If needed, kit may be lowered in order to clear driveline when in lifted state.

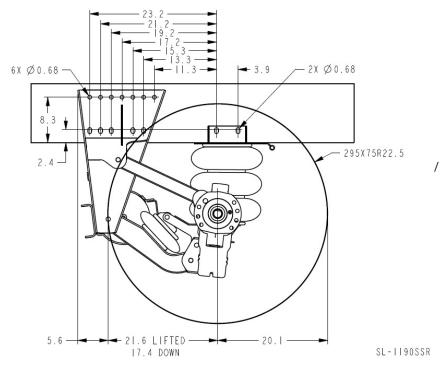
22.4 18.5 16.5 14.5 12.6 -2X Ø0.68 **-** 3.9 - 10.6 -6X Ø0.68-A 8.3 1 ď 2.4 215X75R17.5 0 3.8 -— 21.5 LIFTED — 🛏 — 15.1 --19.1 DOWN SL-0893SSR

Watson & Chalin 8K Steerable (SL0893SSR)

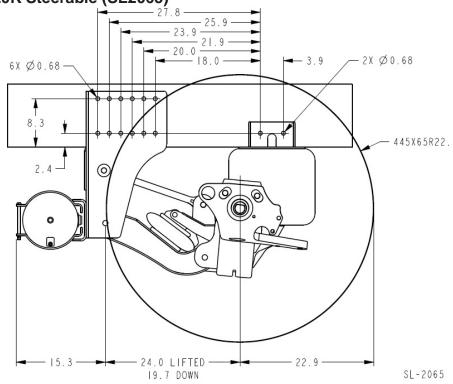
Watson & Chalin 10K Steerable (SL1093SSR)



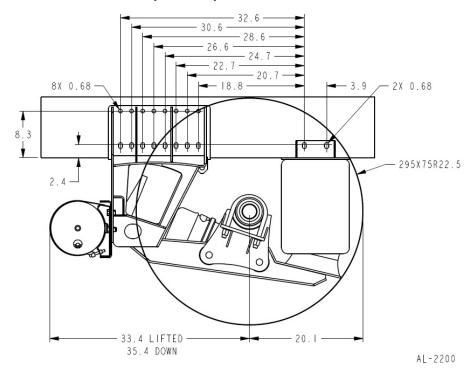
Watson & Chalin 13.5K Steerable (SL1190SSR)



Watson & Chalin 20K Steerable (SL2065)



Watson & Chalin 23K Non-Steerable (AL2200)



Peterbilt Motors Company

3

AXLETRACK AND TIRE WIDTH

The dimensions provided in this section are representative of some typical product combinations. The purpose of this section is to demonstrate some of the typical dimensions.

- Axle Track: The distance between the dual tire centerlines on a dual tire arrangement or the distance between the tire centerlines on a single tire arrangement.
- Width: The distance over the outermost tire sidewall to sidewall.

These dimensions may be significant to the following:

- Appearance relative to other tires and chassis mounted equipment.
- Load carrying capacity. Different wheel disc offset can have a positive or negative impact on the axle carrying capacity of the axle.

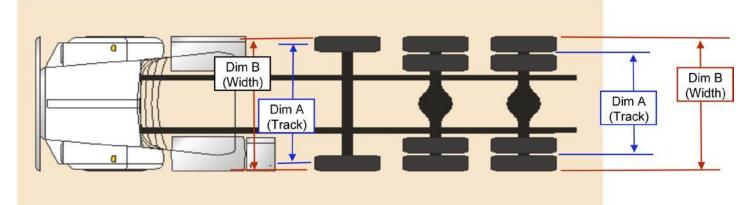


TABLE 3-21. Axle Width Calculation.

Axle - Drive	Wheel	Tire	Configuration	Track Dim "A"	Overall Width Dim "B:
Meritor RT46-160(P)(EH) 46K Dual Dana Spicer D46-170(H)(P) 46K Dual	Alcoa 88367 22.5X8.25	11R22.5	4-4	73.3"	97.8"
Meritor RT46-160(P)(EH) 46K Dual Dana Spicer D46-170(H)(P) 46K Dual	Alcoa 98363 24.5X8.25	11R24.5	4-4	73.6"	98.0"
Meritor RT46-160WT(P)(EH) 46K Dual Wide Track	Alcoa 88367 22.5X8.25	11R22.5	4-4	79.2"	103.7"
Dana Spicer D46-170W(H)(P) 46K Dual Wide Track		11122.5	4-4	13.2	100.7
Meritor RT46-160WT(P)(EH) 46K Dual Wide Track	Alcoa 98363 24.5X8.25	11R24.5	4-4	79.5"	103.9"
Dana Spicer D46-170W(H)(P) 46K Dual Wide Track		11624.5	4-4	79.5	103.9
Dana Spicer D46-170(H)(P) 46K Dual Meritor RT46-160(P)(EH) 46K Dual	Alcoa 82262 22.5X12.25	425/65R22.5	2-4	72.7	88.9"
Meritor RT46-160WT(P)(EH) 46K Dual Wide Track	Alcoa 82262 22.5X12.25	425/65R22.5	2-4	78.7"	94.9"
Dana Spicer D46-170W(H)(P) 46K Dual Wide Track		420/00822.5	Ζ-4	10.1	94.9

Axle - Steer	Wheel	Tire	Brake Drum Type	Track Dim "A"	Overall Width Dim "B:
Meritor MFS13 Std Track	Alcoa 98363	11R24.5	CAST	80.2"	01.0"
Dana Spicer E-1322I 13.2K	24.5X8.25	11K24.5	CAST	80.2	91.0"
Meritor MFS13 Wide Track	Alcoa 98363	11R24.5	CAST	82.2"	93.0"
Dana Spicer E-1322W 13.2K	24.5X8.25	CAST	02.2	93.0	
Meritor MFS20 Std Track	Alcoa 82362	405/05 D00 5	CACT	00 5"	400.7"
Dana Spicer D2000 20K	22.5X12.25	425/65R22.5	CAST	86.5"	102.7"
Meritor MFS20 Std Track	Alcoa 82462	425/65R22.5	CAST	82.6"	98.8"
Dana Spicer D2000 20K	22.5X12.25	420/00R22.5	CAST	02.0	90.8

Lift Axle Model	Wheel	Tire	Wheel Orientation	Track Dim "A"	Overall Width Dim "B"
W&C SL0893SSR 8K Steerable	Alcoa 66480 17.5x6	215/75R17.5	Same as FR	77.3"	85.8"
W&C SL1093SSR Steerable 10K	Alcoa 77349 19.5x7.5	265/70R19.5	Same as FR	78.5"	88.5"
W&C SL1190SSR Steerable 13.5K	Alcoa 88367 22.5x8.25	255/70R22.5	Same as FR	80.4"	90.7"
W&C SL2065 Steerable 20K	Alcoa 82362 22.5x12.25	425/65R22.5	Same as FR	83.6"	99.8"
W&C SL2200 Steerable 23K	Alcoa 88367 22.5x8.25	295/75R22.5	Same as RR, dual	78.2"	102.8"
W&C AL2200-STD Track Non-Steerable 23K	Alcoa 88367 22.5x8.25	11R22.5	Same as RR, dual	72.2"	96.6"
W&C AL2200-STD Track Non-Steerable 23K	Alcoa 82362 22.5x12.25	425/65R22.5	Same as RR, single	78.4"	94.7"
W&C AL2200-Wide Track Non-Steerable 23K	Alcoa 89465 22.5x9	315/80R22.5	Same as FR, single	64.7"	77.3"
W&C AL2200-Wide Track Non-Steerable 23K	Alcoa 84362 22.5x14	445/50R22.5	Same as RR, single	80.6"	97.7"

FRONT DRIVE AXLE, PTO'S AND AUXILIARY TRANSMISSIONS

The front drive axle, PTO, and auxiliary transmission layouts are provided as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival. For information not detailed in these drawings, work with the local Peterbilt dealer to request that information.

EXAMPLES

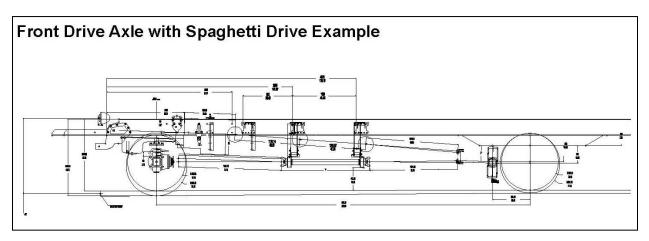


FIGURE 3-24. Front Drive Axle with Spaghetti Drive Example

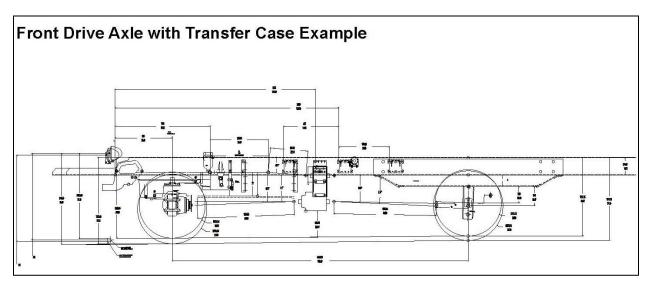


FIGURE 3-25. Front Drive Axle with Transfer Case Example

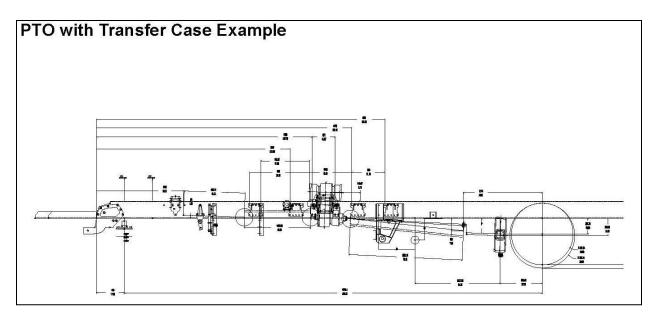


FIGURE 3-26. PTO with Transfer Case Example

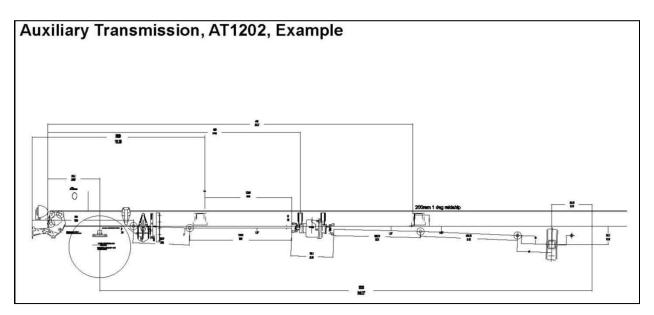


FIGURE 3-27. PTO with Transfer Case Example

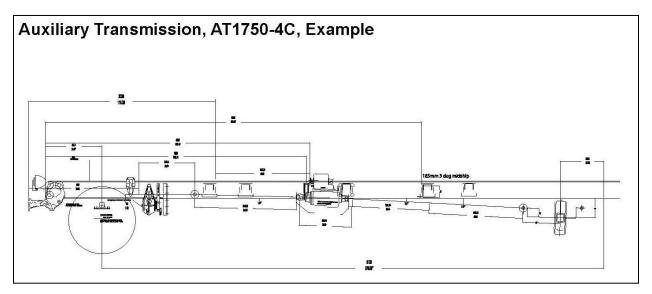


FIGURE 3-28. PTO with Transfer Case Example

GUPPY OUTSERTS

The rear suspension guppy outsert layouts are provided as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival. For information not detailed in these drawings, work with the local Peterbilt dealer to request that information.

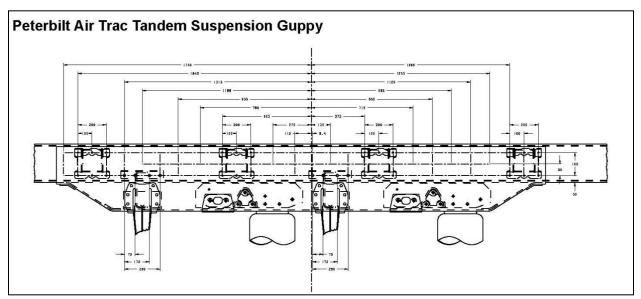


FIGURE 3-29. Peterbilt Air Trac Tandem Suspension Guppy

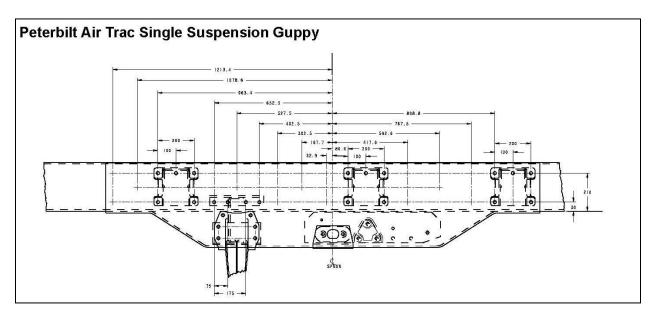


FIGURE 3-30. Peterbilt Air Trac Single Suspension Guppy

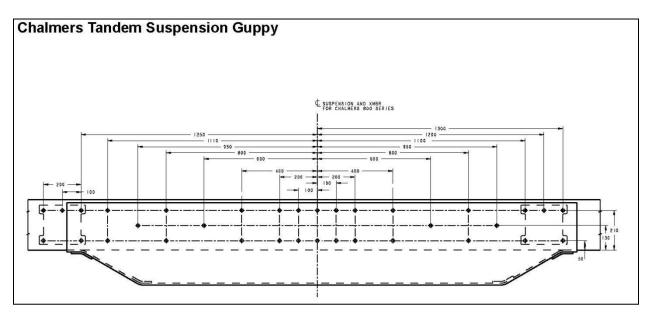


FIGURE 3-31. Chalmers Tandem Suspension Guppy

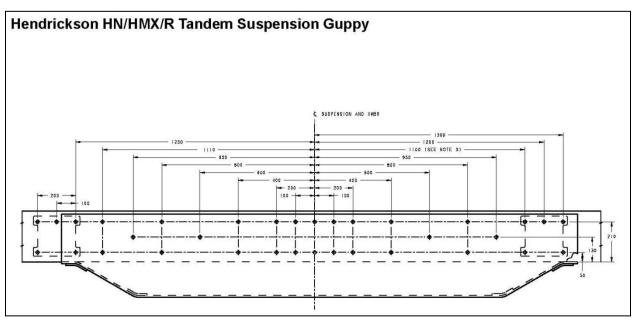


FIGURE 3-32. Hendrickson HN/HMX/R Tandem Suspension Guppy

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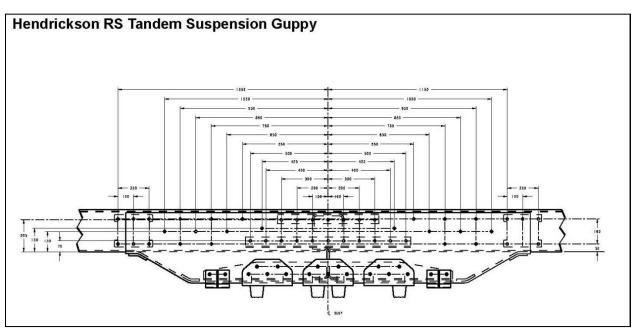


FIGURE 3-33. Hendrickson RS Tandem Suspension Guppy

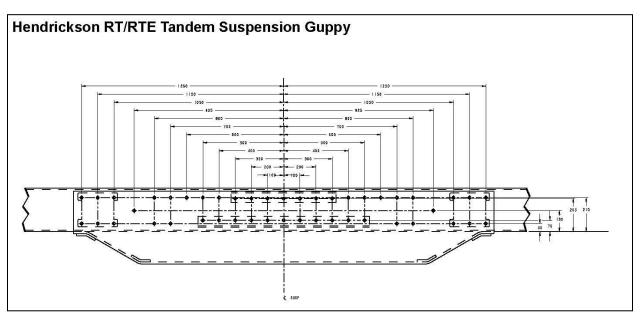


FIGURE 3-34. Hendrickson RT/RTE Tandem Suspension Guppy

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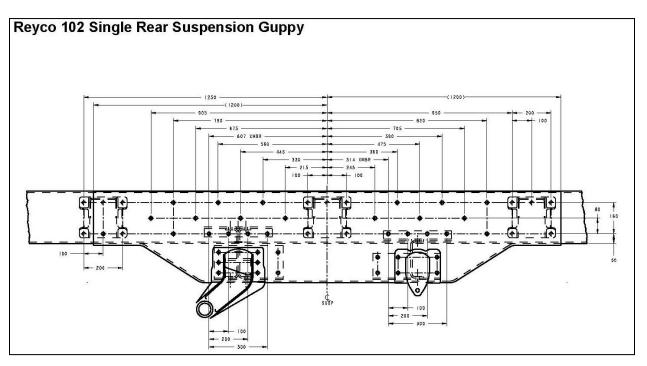


FIGURE 3-35. Reyco 102 Single Drive Suspension Guppy

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EXHAUST HEIGHT CALCULATIONS

The exhaust height calculations are provided as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival as well as aid in exhaust configuration selection.

Please work with the local Peterbilt Dealer to request additional information if required.

The overall exhaust height (EH) can be estimated based on the following formula: EH = Y + SPL + (A + B + C + D) / 2

Y = DISTANCE	E FROM BTM	OF FRAME RAI	L TO BTM OF S	TANDPIPE
Exhaust Location	389-131	389-123, 367, 365	579, 567	389-123 w/ Low Profile Alum Hood
SOC Mounted (Day Cab)	67.2	69.2	70.2	67.2
SOC Mounted (Sleeper)	67.2	69.2	67.6	67.2
BOC Mounted	N/A	70.7	69.2	68.7
Frame Mounted	N/A	84.9	86.0	N/A

TABLE 3-22. Exhaust Heights

NOTES:

- 4) For "A" and "C" values, reference the FRAME HEIGHTS section for front or rear suspension height.
- 5) For "B" and "D" values, reference the tire manufacturer's website or catalog for static loaded radius (SLR).
- 6) For Stand Pipe Length (SPL) values, reference the truck sales order.

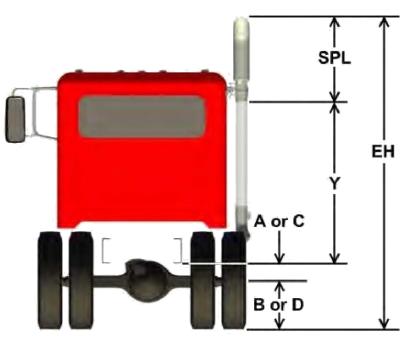


FIGURE 3-36. Exhaust Height Calculations

GROUND CLEARANCE CALCULATIONS

The ground clearance tables are provided as a tool as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival, not all optional equipment is included.

The ground clearance (GC) can be estimated based on the following formula: GC = (A + B + C + D) / 2 - Y

Y = DISTANCE FROM BOTTOM OF FRAME TO BOTTOM OF COMPONENT						
Component	Y					
RHUC DPF/SCR	16.7					
Horizontal Under Frame DPF/SCR	16.6					
Battery/Tool Box	15.4					
Space Saver Battery Box (w/o Air Tanks or Step)	3.9					
Space Saver Battery Box (w/ Air Tanks or Step)	12.7					
Frame Mounted Ladder Step	13.9					
20" Diameter Fuel Tank	12.4					
23" Diameter Fuel Tank	15.2					
26" Diameter Fuel Tank	18.0					
DEF Tank	16.1					

TABLE 3-23. Ground Clearance

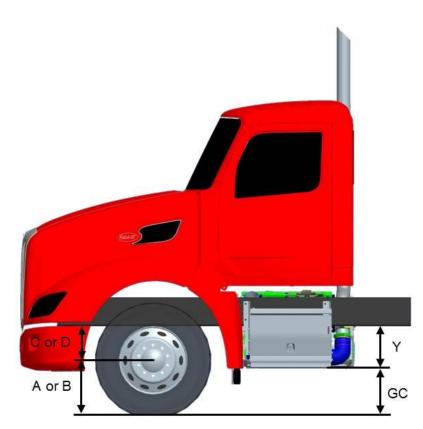


FIGURE 3-37. Ground Clearance Calculations

NOTES:

- 1) For "A" and "C" values, reference the FRAME HEIGHTS height.
- 2) For "B" and "D" values, reference the tire manufacturer's v radius (SLR).

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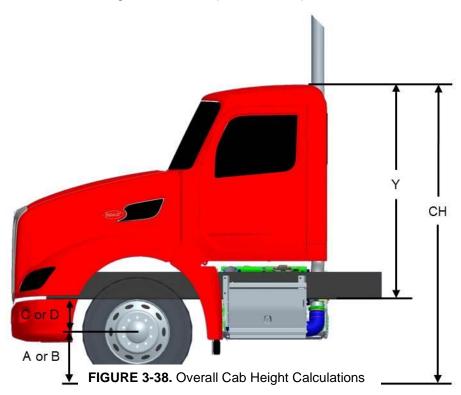
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OVERALL CAB HEIGHT CALCULATIONS

The overall cab height tables are provided as a tool to help layout bodies prior to arrival, no roof mounted equipment is included.

The overall cab height (CH) can be estimated based on the following formula: CH = (A + B + C + D) / 2 + Y

TABLE 3-24. Overall Cab Height						
Y = DISTANCE FROM BTM OF FRAME TO TOP OF STANDARD CAB ROOF						
Model	Y					
389-131, 389-123 Low Profile Hood	79.4					
389-123, 367, 365	81.5					
579/567	83.7					



NOTES:

- 1) For "A" and "C" values, reference the FRAME HEIC height.
- 2) For "B" and "D" values, reference the tire manufacturadius (SLR).
- 3) Roof mounted content such as horns and antennas are nor moraueu.
- 4) For extended day cab configurations, add 5.8" to overall cab height.

Jspension

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FRAME COMPONENTS

This section includes drawings and charts related to common frame mounted components. Optional equipment may not be depicted.

Please work with the local Peterbilt Dealer to request additional information if required. At the dealer's request, Peterbilt can provide frame layouts for individual vehicles prior to delivery.

FUEL TANKS

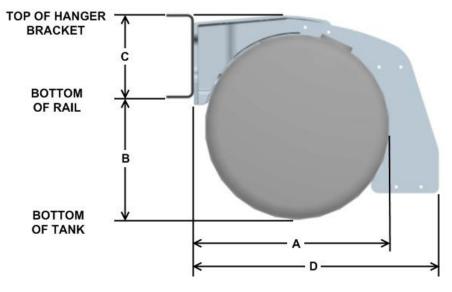


FIGURE 3-39. Fuel Tanks

	DIMENSIONS						
	А	В	С	D			
20" TANK	22.7	12.4	10.3	27.5			
23" TANK	24.5	15.2	10.5	31.0			
26" TANK	27.2	18.0	10.6	33.7			

TABLE 3-25. Fuel Tank Dimensions

TABLE 3-26. Fuel Tank Data

GALL	.ONS	TA	NK LENG	БТΗ			
USEABLE	TOTAL	20"	23"	26"			
40	46	33.3	N/A	N/A			
50	57	43.2	34.5	26.7			
60	67	51.3	40.7	31.5			
70	78	57.3	46.8	36.2			
80	89	65.3	52.9	41.0			
90	99	N/A	59.0	45.7			
100	110	N/A	*65.1	50.5			
110	121	N/A	N/A	55.2			
120	131	N/A	77.3	60.0			
135	147	N/A	N/A	66.8			
150	163	N/A	N/A	*74.0			

NOTES:

1) * Largest capacity without a weld seam.

DIMENSIONS

DEF TANKS

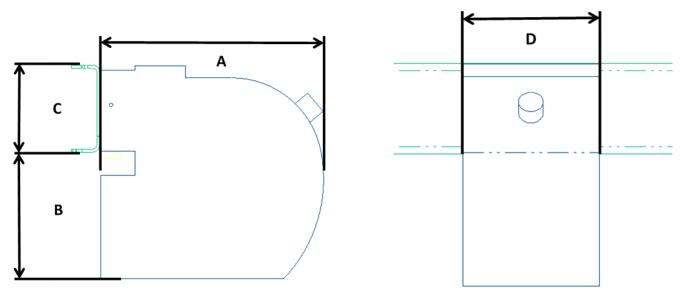


FIGURE 3-40. DEF Tank Dimensions (Medium Tank Shown)

DESCRIPTION	GALLONS	A"	B"	C"	D"
SMALL DEF TANK	10.2	27.7	15.7	Varies	10.2
MEDIUM DEF TANK	16.1	27.7	15.7	Varies	16.1
LARGE DEF TANK	20.1	27.7	15.7	Varies	20.1
MEDIUM AERO	13.9	28.9	15.7	Varies	13.9
LARGE AERO	17.9	28.9	15.7	Varies	17.8

TABLE 3-27. DEF Tank Dimensions and Data

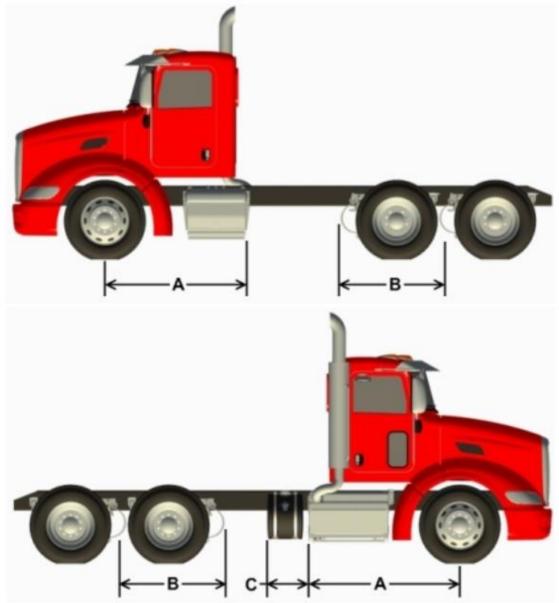
Note: Dimension C will be equal to the height of the ordered frame rails. For example, 10-5/8" frame rails dimension C will be 10.625".

OTHER FRAME COMPONENTS

IABLE 3-28. Other Frame Component Dimensions					
DESCRIPTION	LENGTH				
STANDARD BOC BATTERY BOX	40.9				
STANDARD BOC TOOL BOX	31.6				
SPACE SAVER BATTERY BOX W/ STEP	28.2				
SPACE SAVER BATTERY BOX W/O STEP	25.1				
FRAME MOUNTED LADDER STEP	12.8				

BLE 2.29 Other Frame Component Dimensione

This section includes drawings and charts related to frame space components to ensure adequate space for fuel tanks, ladder steps, additional tool/battery boxes, pusher axles and other frame mounted components, the amount of available space must be calculated by using the formula below.



BASIC FORMULA: BOC Frame Space = Wheelbase - Dimension A - Dimension C - Dimension B

Dimension "A" (shown in charts on following pages) is the minimum clearance measured from the centerline of the front axle to the back of the under cab component (DPF/SCR exhaust, fuel tank, battery box, tool box, etc). Dimension "C" is the amount of space from the rear of the under cab component to the back of the DEF tank (can be on LH or RH rail). Dimension "B" is the amount of required suspension and quarter fender clearance from the rear axle centerline to clear rail for a given suspension.

DIMENSIONS

REAR SUSPENSION

FRAME SPACE REQUIREMENTS						
DIMENSION "B" IN INCHES (52" Axle Spa	cing on Tande	ms)			
REAR SUSPENSION	"B"	OVERHANG (1)	NOTES			
AIR LEAF	53.0	53.0	2			
LOW/LOW LOW AIR LEAF	62.4	53.0				
LOW AIR LEAF SINGLE	36.5	27.0				
AIR TRAC SINGLE	27.0	27.0	3			
AIR TRAC TANDEM	53.0	53.0	3			
FLEX AIR	59.0	53.7	8			
CHALMERS 800 (54" SPACING)	49.0	52.0	4			
HENDRICKSON HLM / AL	26.6	N/A	6, 7			
HENDRICKSON HLR2	30.5	N/A	6, 7			
HENDRICKSON HMX, HN	53.0	54.0				
HENDRICKSON R/RS/RT/RTE	53.0	53.0	3			
HENDRICKSON SC20	25.6	15.0	6, 7			
HENDRICKSON SC8/10/13, FX, FXO, SCO	23.6	13.8	5, 6, 7			
NEWAY ADZ (54" SPACING)	61.0	58.3				
REYCO 102 SINGLE	30.0	25.8				
REYCO 102AR SINGLE	30.0	31.0				
REYCO 102 TANDEM	56.0	52.7				
REYCO 79KB	30.1	32.2				
WATSON-CHALIN AL2200	26.6	22.2	6, 7			
WATSON-CHALIN SL0893SSR	27.6	11.8	5, 6, 7			
WATSON-CHALIN SL1093SSR	27.6	11.8	6, 7			
WATSON-CHALIN SL1190SSR	26.0	12.8	6, 7			
WATSON-CHALIN SL2065	28.8	14.4	6, 7			

TABLE 3-29. Rear Suspension Frame	e Space Requirements
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- 1. Overhang for tractor taper EOF and standard mudflap hangers on suspensions; Square EOF w/o Crossmember for Lift Axles.
- 2. Add 2.0" to "B" dimension with quarter fenders.
- 3. Add 1.5" to "B" dimension with quarter fenders.
- 4. Add 0.6" to "B" dimension with quarter fenders.
- 5. Add 2.8" to "B" dimension with quarter fenders.
- 6. Add 3.0" to "B" dimension if pusher is mounted behind sleeper. The suspension bracket protrudes 3" BOS.
- 7. "B" dimension is from axle centerline (or bogie for tandem) to clear frame forward.
- 8. Extended Tractor Taper requires 58.0" overhang.

Model: 579-124" BBC SBFA and 567-121" BBC SBFA w/o Chassis Fairings

FAX to BOC= 74.1"

	linder Cab C	component "A" Dim			DEF Ta	nk Dimension	"C"
	Under Cab C	omponent "A" bim			LH DEF Ta	ank W/RHUC DI	PF/SCR
Fuel Tank	Capacity	DC and xx" Slpr	Exhaust	"A"			
Diameter	in Gallons		LAndust	LH, RH Rail	Small	Medium	Large
	50	DC, 58", 72", 80"		71.1	14.4	21.4	23.4
	60	DC, 58", 72", 80"		74.9	11.8	21.6	23.6
	70	DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/O DSOC	81.1	13.5	19.3	23.3
		DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/DSOC	81.10	15.4	19.3 RH 16.4 LH	27.2
	80	DC, 58", 72", 80"		87.3	13.2	17.1	21.0
23"	90	58"	W/O DSOC	93.5	12.9	20.7	
		DC, 72", 80"	W/O DSOC	93.5	12.9	20.7	22.7
	100	58"		99.4	12.9		
	100	DC, 72", 80"		99.4	12.9	20.7	11.9
	120	72"		111.7	12.4	20.2	
		DC, 80"		111.7	12.4	20.2	22.2
	70	DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/O DSOC	70.5	12.2	22.2 RH 20.6 LH	24.0
		DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/DSOC	71.9	16.8	22.2 RH 20.6 LH	22.6
	80	DC, 58", 72", 80"		75.2	13.5	19.3	23.3
26"	90	DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/O DSOC	80	12.6	20.4	22.4
		DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/DSOC	83.9 (RH 80)	12.6 LH 16.5 RH	20.5 LH 24.4 RH	22.2 LH 26.3 RH
	100	DC, 58", 72", 80"		84.8	11.7	19.6	21.5
	110	DC, 58", 72", 80"		89.4	13.0	18.9	21.9
	120	58"		94.2	12.2	20.0	
	120	DC, 72", 80"		94.2	12.2	20.0	22.0
	135	58"		101.1	13.1		
	120	DC, 72", 80"		101.1	13.1	19.0	22.9
	150	72"		108.1	12.0	12.0	
		DC, 80"		108.1	12.0	19.9	21.9
	Unde	r Cab Boxes				ension "C" w/ W/RHUC DPF/	
RI	IUC Box	Engine	Fairings	"A"	RH Small	RH Medium	RH Larg
HUC DPF/SCR HD Lo	W HP	MX-11, MX-13, ISX15-1	NO	76.8	15.8	23.6	27.6
HUC DPF/SCR HD Hi	gh HP	ISX15-3	NO	77.3	15.3	23.1	27.1
HUC DPF/SCR Aero	w/o BOC	All	YES	78.8		15.7	19.7
HUC DPF/SCR Aero	W/BOC	All	YES	78.8		15.7	19.7
H Batt/Tool Box				66.1			
	Under C	ab Component			LH Small	LH Medium	LH Larg
H Batt/Tool Box W/O	DSOC		NO	66.1	20.6	26.4	28.4
H Batt/Tool W/DSOC			NO	66.1	20.6	28.4	30.4
H UnderCab Fairings	To BOC		Yes	A+C			
EF Tank with Under	ab Fairings (RH/LH)		Yes	66.1	30.4	38.3	42.2

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 74.1" (front axle to BOC dimension)

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 579-118" BBC SBFA and 567-115" BBC SBFA w/o Chassis Fairings FAX to BOC= 68.2"

	Undo	r Cab Component '	A" Dim		DEF	Tank Dimension "C	
	Unde	r cab component	A DIM		LH DEF	F Tank W/RHUC DPF/	SCR
Fuel Tank	Capacity	DC and xx" Slpr	Exhaust	"A"			
Diameter	in Gallons	De and XX Sipi	Exiliariat	LH, RH Rail	Small	Medium	Large
	50	DC, 58", 72", 80"		68.7	12.1	20.0	21.9
	60	DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/DSOC	76.8	9.9	17.8	21.7
		DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/O DSOC	74.9	13.8	21.6	25.5
	70	DC, 58", 72", 80"		81.1	13.5	19.4	23.3
	80	58"		87.3	13.2	19.1	
23"		DC, 72", 80"		87.3	13.2	19.1	23.0
		58"		99.4	12.9		
	100	72"		99.4	12.9	20.7	
		DC, 80"		99.4	12.9	20.7	22.7
	120	72"		111.7	12.4	20.3	
	120	DC, 80"		111.7	12.4	20.3	22.2
	50	DC, 58", 72", 80"		63.9	16.9	22.8	24.7
	60	DC, 58", 72", 80"		65.7	15.1	21.0	22.9
	70	DC, 58", 72", 80"		70.5	12.3	20.1	24.0
	80	DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/DSOC	76.2	12.5	18.4	22.3
	00	DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/O DSOC	75.2	13.5	21.3	23.3
	90	DC, 58", 72", 80"		80	12.6	20.5	22.4
	100	58"		84.8	11.7	19.6	
	100	DC, 72", 80"		84.8	11.7	19.6	21.5
26"	110	58"		89.4	13.0	18.9	
	110	DC, 58", 72", 80"		89.4	13.0	18.9	22.8
	120	58"		94.2	12.2		
	120	DC, 72", 80"		94.2	12.2	20.0	22.0
		58"		101.1	13.1		
	135	72"		101.1	13.1	19.0	
		DC, 80"		101.1	13.1	19.0	22.9
	450	72"		108.1	12.1		
	150	DC, 80"		108.1	12.1	19.9	21.9
	·,	Under Cab Reven			DEF Tank Dime	ension "C" w/ Under	Cab Boxes
	Under Cab Boxes					W/RHUC DPF/SCR	
B	ox	Engine	Fairings	"A"	RH Small	RH Medium	RH Large
RHUC DPF/S	CR MD MHP	PX-9	NO	70.9	19.7	27.6	31.5
RHUC DPF/S	CR MD HHP	PX-9	NO	73.3	17.3	26.7	27.1
		MX-13, MX-11	NO	70.9	15.8	25.2	27.6
RHUC DPF/SCR HD Low HP RHUC DPF/SCR HD AERO W/O BOC EXH			Yes	78.8	11.8	21.2	23.5
RHUC DPF/S W/BOC EXH	CR HD AERO		Yes	78.8	23.6	33.0	33.4
RH Batt/Tool	Box		NO	66.1			
	U	nder Cab Compon			LH Small	LH Medium	LH Large
LH Batt/Tool			NO	66.1	16.7	24.1	26.4
LH UnderCal BOC			Yes	A+C			

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 68.2" (front axle to BOC dimension)

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 567-121" BBC SFFA w/o Chassis Fairings

FAX to BOC=90.1"

	Under Cab Compo	nent "A" Dim			⁻ Tank Dime					
	Under Cab Compor			DEF	Tank Behine	d UC FT	LH	& RH DEF	Tank	
Fuel Tank	Capacity	Dual SOC	-A-	ΨI	RH U/C DPF	ISCR.	WIV.	ertical DP	F/SCR	
Diameter	DC and xx" Slpr	WI or WIO	LH, RH Rail	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large	
	50 gal, 44"	WF or WID	86.8	13.9	21.8	23.7	15.9	21.8	23.7]
	50 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WIO	86.8	13.9	21.8	23.7	23.8	39.5	43.4	
	60 gal	WF or WIO	88.2							
	70 gal, 44"	WF or WID	88.2	16.5	24.3	26.3	14.5	20.4	22.3	
	70 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WID	88.2	16.5	24.3	26.3	22.4	38.1	42.0	
	80 gal, 44"	WF or WID	100.8	11.7	19.6	51.1	TBM	TBM	TBM	
23"	80 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WID	100.8	11.7	19.6	18.9	TBM	25.5	29.4	
	90 gal	WF or WIO	100.3							
	100 gal, 44"	WF or WIO	105.1	37.0	42.9	46.8	11.4	56.6	58.6	
	100 gal, DC, 58, 72", 80"	WF or WIO	105.1	11.4	21.2	23.1	17.3	21.2	25.1	
	120 gal, 44"	WF or WID	117.7	24.4	30.3	34.2	28.3	44.0	46.0]
	120 gal, 58"	WF or WIO	117.7	12.6	44.0	46.0	12.6	20.4	24.3]
	120 gal, DC, 72, 80"	WF or WIO	117.7	12.6	18.5	22.4	12.6	20.4	24.3	1
	50 gal, 44"	WF or WIO	81.1	13.7	19.6	23.5	13.7	19.6	23.5	1
	50 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WIO	81.1	13.7	19.6	23.5	15.7	45.2	49.1	1
	60 gal, 44"	WF or WIO	85.9	12.9	22.7	24.6	12.9	22.7	24.6	1
	60 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WIO	85.9	12.9	22.7	24.6	24.7	40.4	44.3	1
	70 gal, 44"	WF or WIO	85.5	17.2	23.1	25.0	17.2	23.1	25.0	1
	70 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WI or WIO	85.5	17.2	23.1	25.0	25.1	40.8	44.7	1
	80 gal, 44"	WI or WIO	87.5	11.3	21.1	23.0	15.2	21.1	23.0	1
	80 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WI or WIO	87.5	11.3	21.1	23.0	23.1	38.8	42.7	1
	90 gal, 44"	WI or WIO	89.6	13.1	19.0	22.9	13.1	19.0	22.9	1
	90 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WIO	89.6	13.1	19.0	22.9	21.0	36.7	40.6	1
	100 gal, 44"	WI or WIO	91.3	11.4	19.3	21.2	11.4	17.3	21.2	1
26"	100 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WI or WIO	91.3	11.4	19.3	21.2	19.3	35.0	38.9	1
	110 gal, 44"	WI or WIO	94.6	12.0	21.9	57.3	12.0	19.9	21.8	1
	110 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WI or WIO	94.6	12.0	21.9	21.8	16.0	31.7	35.6	1
	120 gal, 44"	W/ or W/O	99	13.5	21.4	52.9	13.5	21.4	64.7	1
	120 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	W/ or W/O	99	13.5	21.4	23.3	23.4	27.3	31.2	1
	135 gal, 44"	W/ or W/O	105.8	12.6	42.2	46.1	12.6	55.9	57.9	1
	135 gal, 58"	W/ or W/O	105.8	12.6	20.5	57.9	16.6	22.5	24.4	1
	135 gal, DC, 72", 80"	W/ or W/O	105.8	12.6	20.5	22.4	16.6	22.5	24.4	1
	150 gal, 44"	WI or WIO	113.6	28.5	34.4	38.3	32.4	48.1	50.1	1
	150 gal, 58"	W/ or W/O	113.6	12.7	20.6	50.1	14.7	22.6	24.5	1
	150 gal, DC, 72", 80"	WI or WIO	113.6	12.7	20.6	22.5	14.7	22.6	24.5	1
		ab Boxes				Tank Dime				s
						LH DEF			RH DEF	
	Вох	Exhaust	Fairing	-4-	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large
THUCBU	Box W/RHUCExhaust	WID Dual SOC	No	82.1	20.6	26.5	28.4			
	Box W/RHUC Exhaust	W/DualSOC	No	82.1	20.6	28.5	30.4			
LHUC B/T		Vertical DPF/SCR	No	82.1	14.7	22.6	24.5			
	Box W /DC, 58", 72" 80"	Vertical DPF/SCR	No	82.1	14.7	42.2	56.1			
	F/SCR w/HDLHP engines	WFor WIO DSOC	No	90.3						
RH U/C DPF	F/SCR w/HDHHP engines	W/ or W/O DSOC	No	90.8				15.8	23.7	29.6

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 90.1" (front axle to BOC dimension

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 567-115" BBC SFFA w/o Chassis Fairings

FAX to BOC=86.2"

	Under Cab Component "/	\" Dim			DEF Tan	k Dimensior	TCT w/ U	nder Cab	Fuel Tanks		
	onder odd oomponene i				LH DEF Ta	ank		LH DEF Tank			
Fuel Tank	Capacity	Dual SOC	- 7A-	V/F	H V/C DP	F/SCR		V/VEF	HAUST		
Diameter	DC and zz" Sipr	VI or VIO	LH / RH Bail	Small	Medium	Large		Small	Medium	Large	
	50 gal wł 44"	WF or WPO	81.3	17.5	23.3	25.3		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	50 gal w/DC, 58", 72", 80"	WF or WPO	81.3	17.5	23.3	25.3		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	60 gal	WF or WPO	83.7					TBD	TBD	TBD	
	70 gal w/44"	WF or WPO	85	13.8	19.6	21.6		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	70 gal w/DC, 58", 72", 80"	WFor W/O	85	13.8	19.6	21.6		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	80 gal, 44"	WFor WPO	88.5	14.2	22.0	59.5		TBD	TBD	TBD	
23"	80 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WFor WPO	88.5	14.2	22.0	24.0		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	90 gal	WF or WPO	96.5					TBD	TBD	TBD	
	100 gal, 44"	WFor W/O	100.6	15.9	43.4	47.4		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	100 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WFor WO	100.6	15.9	21.8	25.7		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	120 gal, 44"	WH or WIO	112.9	25.2	31.1	35.1		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	120 gal, 58"	WF or WPO	112.9	15.4	21.3	46.9		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	120 gal, DC, 72, 80"	WF or WPO	112.9	15.4	21.3	25.2		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	50 gal w/DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	WF or WPO	75.1	13.8	21.7	25.6		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	60 gal w/DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	WF or WPO	80	14.8	24.6	26.6		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	70 gal w/DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	WF or WPO	82.5	16.3	20.2	24.1		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	80 gal w/DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	WF or WPO	83.6	11.2	19.1	23.0		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	90 gal w/DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	WF or W/O	85.7	13.1	18.9	22.9		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	100 gal w/DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	WF or W/O	86	14.7	22.6	24.5		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	110 gal, 44"	WF or W/O	90.7	14.0	21.8	57.3		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	110 gal, DC, 58, 72, 80"	WF or WPO	90.7	14.0	21.8	23.8		TBD	TBD	TBD	
26"	120 gal, 44"	W/O DSOC	100.4	10.2	43.6	47.6		TBD	TBD	TBD	
20	120 gal, DC, 58, 72, 80"	W/O DSOC	100.4	10.2	18.0	20.0		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	120 gal, 44"	WIDSOC	100.4	12.2	43.6	47.6		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	120 gal, DC, 58", 72", 80"	WIDSOC	100.4	12.2	18.0	22.0		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	135 gal, 44"	WF or WPO	102.3	14.2	41.7	45.7		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	135 gal, 58"	WF or WPO	102.3	14.2	22.0	57.5		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	135 gal, DC, 72, 80"	WF or W/O	102.3	14.2	22.0	24.0		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	150 gal, 44"	WFor W/O	109.3	28.8	34.7	38.7		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	150 gal, 58"	WFor W/O	109.3	15.1	22.9	50.5		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	150 gal, DC, 72", 80"	WFor W/O	109.3	15.1	22.9	24.9		TBD	TBD	TBD	
	Under Cab Bo	ozes			D	EF Tank Din	nension "(C" w/ Und	er Cab Bo z	es	
						LH DEF			RH DEF		
	Boz	Ezhaust	Fairing	-A-	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Medium	Large	
LH U/C B/T B	ox, DC, 44", 58", 72", 80"	W/O Vertical DPF/SCR	No	76.2	18.6	24.5	28.4				
LHUICBITB	ox, 44"	W / Vertical DPF/SCR	No	76.2	18.6	24.5	28.4				
LH U/C B/T B	ox, DC, 58", 72", 80"	W / Vertical DPF/SCR	No	76.2	TBD	TBD	TBD				
RH U/C with Li	HP Engines	WFor W/O	No	86.4				18.3	26.1	30.1	
	IHP rated PX-9	WF or WPD	No	84.9				15.8	23.7	29.6	
DUTUC Jak U	HP rated PX-9	WF or WPD	No	87.4				15.3	23.1	29.1	

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 86.2" (front axle to BOC dimension

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 389-131"

FAX to BOC=100.6"

Under Ca	ab Compo	onent "A" Dim	DEF Tank Dimension "C" v/UC Fuel Tanks						
				LH DEF, LH Fuel Tank					
	Dia.	Capacity	-A-	WIRH UIC DPF/SCR.					
	Did.	/ DC, Sleeper	~	Small	Medium	Large			
		50	93.5	19.0	24.9	26.9			
	20"	50 Dual SOC	93.5	24.9	30.8	34.7			
	20	60	101.6	12.9	20.8	22.7			
		60 Dual SOC	101.6	16.8	22.7	26.6			
		50	96.8	15.7	21.6	23.6			
		50 Dual SOC	96.8	21.6	27.5	31.4			
		70	100	12.5	18.4	20.4			
		70 Dual SOC	100	18.4	24.3	28.2			
	23"	80	103.3	13.2	21.0	23.0			
	25	80 Dual SOC	103.3	15.1	21.0	24.9			
		100/44"	109.4	13.0	20.8	54.3			
		100/DC,58,72,80	109.4	13.0	20.8	22.8			
		120/44"	122.7	13.5	37.1	41.0			
		120/DC,58,72,80	122.7	13.5	19.4	21.3			
		50	93.1	19.4	25.3	27.3			
		50 Dual SOC	93.1	25.3	31.2	35.1			
Fuel Tank		60	96.5	16.0	21.9	23.9			
Under Cab		60 Dual SOC	96.5	21.9	27.8	31.7			
		70	96.3	16.2	22.1	24.1			
		70 Dual SOC	96.3	22.1	28.0	31.9			
		80	96.1	16.4	22.3	24.3			
		80 Dual SOC	96.1	22.3	28.2	32.1			
		90	98.9	13.6	19.5	21.5			
		90 Dual SOC	98.9	19.5	25.4	29.3			
	26"	100	94.8	17.7	23.6	25.6			
		100 Dual SOC	94.8	23.6	29.5	33.4			
		110	101.5	13.0	20.9	22.8			
		110 Dual SOC	101.5	16.9	22.8	26.7			
		120	104.3	12.2	20.0	23.9			
		135/44"	111.1	7.3	21.1	52.6			
		135/DC,58,72,80	111.1	13.2	21.1	23.0			
		150/44"	118.1	14.1	41.7	45.6			
		150/58"	118.1	14.1	20.0	57.4			
		150/DC,72,80	118.1	14.1	20.0	23.9			
		100100,12,00	10.1		Dimension "C				
Unde	Undercab box				of Under Cab (
Onde				Small	Medium	Large			
RHUC DPF/SCR MD HHP/	HUC DPF/SCR MD HHP/MHP PX-9			Jinali	realum	Large			
RHUC DPF/SCR HD Low H		ISX-15-1, MX-13, MX-	97.6	18.9	26.7	30.6			
RHUC DPF/SCR HD High H		ISX-15-3	97.7	18.8	26.6	30.5			
LHU/CB/TBox			90.1	22.4	28.3	30.3			
LHU/CB/TBox (Dual Exh)			90.1	28.3	34.2	38.1			

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 100.6" (front axle to BOC dimension

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 389-123"

FAX to BOC=92.8"

11- J C					DEF Tan	k Dimens	ion "C" v	/ Under Cal	b Fuel Tar	nks		
Under C	Under Cab Component "A" Dim Dia. Capacity DC, Sleeper					l Tank SCR	LH/Rł	I DEF, UC F DPI	uel Tank \ F/SCR	#/Vertical		
	Dia.	Capacity DC, Sleeper	TAT	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Sm \/44"	Medium	Med \#/44*		
	20"	50	91.5	13.2	19.1	21.0	TBM	TBM	40.7	15.1		
	20	60	95.7	10.93	18.8	20.7	16.8	TBM	36.5	16.8		
		50	89	15.7	21.6	23.5	TBM	TBM	43.2	17.6		
		70	92.1	12.6	18.5	22.4	20.4	10.6	40.1	14.5		
		80	95.4	13.2	21.1	23.0	17.1	13.2	36.8	21.1		
	23"	100/44"	101.6	12.9	20.8	54.2		18.8		26.7		
	23	100/DC, 58,72,80	101.6	12.9	20.8	22.7	24.7		30.6			
		120/44"	114.9	13.4	TBM	40.9		32.1		52.7		
		120/58"	114.9	13.4	19.3	52.7						
		120/DC,72,80	114.9	13.4	19.3	23.2	19.3		27.2			
		50	87.2	11.6	19.4	21.4	11.6	TBM	45.0	19.4		
		50 Dual SOC Exh	87.2	17.5	23.4	25.3						
	26-	60	88.6	12.1	22.0	23.9	10.2	TBM	43.6	18.0		
Fuel Tank Under Cab		60 Dual SOC Exh	88.6	16.1	22.0	23.9						
ruei lank Under Cab		70	88.4	12.3	22.2	24.1	10.4	TBM	43.8	18.2		
		70 Dual SOC Exh	88.4	16.3	22.2	24.1						
		80	88.3	12.4	22.3	24.2	10.5	TBM	43.9	18.3		
		80 Dual SOC Exh	88.3	16.4	22.3	24.2						
		90	91	13.7	19.6	23.5	21.5	TBM	41.2	17.6		
		100	87	19.6	25.5	29.4	25.5	19.6	45.2	25.5		
		110	93.6	13.0	20.9	22.8	18.9	17.0	38.6	24.8		
		120	96.4	12.2	20.1	24.0	29.9	20.1	35.8	26.0		
		135/44"	103.3	13.2	21.0	52.5		19.1		64.3		
		135/58"	103.3	13.2	21.0	23.0						
		135/DC,72,80	103.3	13.2	21.0	23.0	23.0		28.9			
		150/44"	110.3	14.0	41.6	45.5		18.0		57.3		
		150/58"	110.3	14.0	19.9	57.3						
		150/DC,72,80	110.3	14.0	19.9	23.8	19.9		27.8			
					nk Dimens		DEF Tank Dimension "C"					
Und	ercab	ьох	TAT		ted Rearw		W/Vertical DPF/SCB					
				Under Small	Cab Com Medium	bonent Large	Sm	Sm \/44"	Medium	Med \144"		
RHUC DPF/SCR MD HHP	/MHP	PX-9										
RHUC DPF/SCR Low HP		ISX-15-1, MX-13, MX-11	90.3	16.3	24.2	26.1						
RHUC DPF/SCR High HP		ISX-15-3	92.8	15.8	23.7	26.6						
LHU/CB/TBox			82.3	18.4	24.3	26.3	18.4	18.4	49.9	24.3		
LH U/C B/T Box (Dual Exh)		82.3	22.4	28.3	30.2						
LH U/C B/T Box Clear BO(-			= 93.3								
RHU/C Batt/Tool Box			82.3				18.4	18.4	49.9	24.3		
							197.1	197.11	10.0	21.0		

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 92.8" (front axle to BOC dimension

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 367 SBFA"

FAX to BOC=76.8"

linder C	Under Cab Component "A" Dim					DEF Tank Dimension "C" w/ Under Cab Fuel Tanks							
Under G		ponent A bin		LH D	EF, LH Fuel T	ank	LH/RH DEF, UC Fuel Tank						
	Dia.	Capacity	"A"	W	RHUC DPF/SC	W/Vertical DPF/SCR							
	Dia.	DC, Sleeper	^	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Sm W/44"	Medium	Med W/44"			
	20"	50	77.5	13.1	21.0	22.9	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
	20	60	83.7	14.8	22.6	24.6	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		50	73	15.7	21.5	23.5	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		70	85	13.5	21.3	23.3	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		80/44"	89.2	13.2	21.1	50.6		TBD		TBD			
		80/DC,58,72,80	89.2	13.2	21.1	32.9	TBD		TBD				
	23"	100/44"	99.4	30.6	36.5	40.4	TBD	TBD		TBD			
		100/DC,58,72,80	99.4	12.9	20.7	22.7	TBD		TBD				
		120/44"	111.7	18.3	24.2	28.1		TBD		TBD			
		120/58"	111.7	12.4	36.0	39.9							
		120/DC,72,80	111.7	12.4	20.2	22.2	TBD		TBD				
	26"	50	71.2	11.5	19.4	21.3	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		50 Dual SOC Exh	71.2	17.5	23.3	25.3							
		60	72.6	16.1	21.9	23.9	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
Fuel Tank Under Cab		70	74.4	14.3	20.1	22.1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		80	75.2	19.4	21.3	23.3	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		90	80	14.6	22.4	24.4	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		100	84.8	15.7	21.5	25.5	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
		110/44"	89.4	15.0	20.9	50.4		TBD		TBD			
		110/DC,58,72,80	89.4	15.0	20.9	22.8	TBD		TBD	TBD			
		120/44"	94.2	12.2	41.7	45.6		TBD		TBD			
		120/58"	94.2	12.2	20.0	57.4							
		120/DC,72,80	94.2	12.2	20.0	23.9	TBD		TBD				
		135/44"	101.1	28.9	34.8	38.7		TBD		TBD			
		135/58"	101.1	13.1	46.6	50.5							
		135/DC,72,80	101.1	13.1	21.0	22.9	TBD		TBD				
		150/44"	108.1	21.9	27.8	31.7		TBD		TBD			
		150/58"	108.1	12.0	39.6	43.5							
		150/DC,72,80	108.1	12.0	19.9	23.8	TBD		TBD				
)imension "C		DEF Tank Dimension "C"						
Undercab box "A"				f Under Cab C		W/Vertical DPF/SCR							
DHUC DDE/CO ND HUD/HU				Small	Medium	Large	Small	Sm W/44"	Medium	Med W/44'			
RHUC DPF/SCR MD HHP/MHP PX-9		70.0	40.2	24.4	20.4								
	RHUC DPF/SCR Low HP ISX-15-1, MX-13, MX		76.3	16.3	24.1	28.1							
		ISX-15-3	78.7	17.8	23.7	27.6	TRD	700	TRD	TOD			
LH U/C B/T Box			69.3	21.3 ·C= 77.4	27.2	31.1	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			
LH U/C B/T Box (Clear BOC)				-C= 11.4			TOD	700	TOD	TOD			
RH U/C Batt/Tool Box			69.3				TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 76.8" (front axle to BOC dimension

Notes:

1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.

2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 365 SFFA"

FAX to BOC=86.9"

	J., C.L.C.,	mponent "A" [):_	DEF Tank Dimension "C" v/ Under Cab Fuel Tanks									
		Capacity	,		F, LH Fue HUC DPF		Lł	LH/RH DEF, UC Fuel Tank W/Vertical DPF/SCR					
	Dia.	DC, Sleeper	-A-	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Sm ₩/44*	Medium	Med \144			
	20"	50	85.6				TBM	TBM	44.7	TBM			
		60	89.8				17.3	TBM	40.5	20.8			
		50	81.7	13.2	21.0	23.0	11.7	TBM	48.6	21.0			
		50 Dual SOC Ext	81.7	32.7	38.6	42.5							
		70	85.2	31.2	37.1	41.0	21.9	12.1	45.1	TBM			
		80	91.4	30.8	38.7	40.6	15.7	11.7	38.8	21.1			
	23"	100/44"	103.5	30.6	60.1	64.0		TBM		68.1			
		.00/DC,58,72,8	103.5	30.6	38.4	40.4	17.4		26.7				
		120/44"	115.8	41.9	47.8	51.7		25.7		47.9			
		120/58"	115.8	30.1	59.6	63.5							
		120/DC,72,80	115.8	30.1	37.9	39.9	12.9		22.3				
		50	79.3	31.2	37.1	41.0	53.4	12.1	51.0	23.4			
		50 Dual SOC Ext	79.3	35.1	41.0	44.9							
Fuel		60	80.7	29.7	37.6	39.5	12.6	TBM	49.5	22.0			
Tank		60 Dual SOC Ext	80.7	33.7	39.6	43.5							
Under		70	82.5	29.9	37.8	39.7	TBM	TBM	47.8	TBM			
Cab		70 Dual SOC Ext	82.5	31.9	37.8	41.7	7014	7014	47.0	TOM			
		80 80 Dual SOC Exh	82.4 82.4	30.1 32.1	38.0	39.9 41.9	TBM	TBM	47.9	TBM			
		90 Dual SOC Ext	85.1	31.3	38.0 37.2	41.9	22.0	твм	45.2	TBM			
		100	88.9	31.5	37.2	41.1	18.2	12.3	45.2	TBM			
	26"	110/44"	93.6	30.6	37.5	73.9	10.2	TBM	41.4	20.9			
		10/DC,58,72,8	93.6	30.6	38.5	40.4	13.5	T DIVI	36.7	20.5			
		120/44"	98.4	29.8	37.6	69.1	13.5	12.6	50.7	TBM			
		20/DC,58,72,8	98.4	29.8	37.6	39.6	22.5	12.0	31.9	10141			
		135/44"	105.2	30.8	58.4	62.3		11.7	51.5	58.5			
		135/58"	105.2	30.8	38.7	74.1							
		135/DC,72,80	105.2	30.8	44.6	40.6	15.7		25.1				
		150/44"	112.2	45.5	51.4	55.3		TBM		51.5			
		150/58"	112.2	29.7	39.6	67.1							
		150/DC,72,80	112.2	29.7	39.6	41.5	14.6		22.0				
				DEF Ta	nk Dimen:	sion "C"	DEF Tank Dimension "C"						
	Undercab	hau			ed Rearw			W/Vertica					
					<u>Cab Com</u>								
			-A-	Small	Medium		Small	Sm ₩/44*	Medium	Med W/44			
	/SCR MD MHP		86.3	37.9	43.8	47.7							
	RHUC DPF/SCR MD HHP PX-9		88.8	35.4	41.3	45.2							
	RHUC DPF/SCR Low HP ISX-15-1, MX-		86.3	34.0	41.9	43.8							
	RHUC DPF/SCR High HP ISX-15-3		76.4	26.4	47.0	40.0	10.0	10.0	50.0				
LH U/C B/1			76.4	36.1	47.9	49.8	19.0	19.0	52.0	26.4			
	FBox (Dual Exh		76.4	38.1	47.9	49.8	17.0	17.0	50.0	25.2			
кн О/С Ва	tt/Tool Box		77.4				17.9	17.9	50.9	25.3			

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.

3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes

4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.

5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 86.9" (front axle to BOC dimension

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

Model: 365 SBFA"

Under Ca	h Co	mponent "A" Dim		DEF Tank Dimension "C" w/ Under Cab Fuel Tanks								
01001 00	0.00			LH DE	, UC Fuel T							
	Dia.	Capacity	-A-	V/B	HUC DPF	ISCR	W/Vertical DPF/SCR					
	Dia.	DC, Sleeper	<u> </u>	Small	Medium	Large	Small	Sm/44*	Medium	Med/44		
		50	79.5	13.1	21.0	20.9	22.9	11.1	30.8	19.0		
	20"	60/44"	87.6	12.9	40.4	44.3		10.9		16.8		
		60/DC,58,72,80	87.6	12.9	20.7	20.7	14.8		22.7			
		50	70.6	14.1	20.0	23.9	18.1	14.1	39.7	20.0		
		70/44"	81.1	15.4	21.3	50.8		15.4		23.3		
		70/DC,58,72,80	81.1	15.4	21.3	25.2	21.3		29.2			
		80/44"	87.3	15.1	40.7	44.6		15.1		56.5		
		80/58"	87.3	15.1	23.0	56.4						
		80/DC,72,80	87.3	15.1	23.0	24.9	17.1		25.0			
	23"	100/44"	99.4	22.7	28.6	32.5		24.7		44.4		
		100/58"	99.4	14.8	40.4	44.3						
		100/DC,72,80	99.4	14.8	22.7	24.6	16.8		24.7			
		120/44"	111.7	14.4	20.3	24.2		24.2		32.1		
		120/58"	111.7	22.2	28.1	32.0						
		120/72"	111.7	14.4	43.9	47.8						
		120/DC,80	111.7	14.4	22.2	24.2	16.3		24.2			
		50	63.3	13.5	19.4	25.3	13.5	13.5	47.0	25.4		
		50 Dual SOC Exh	63.3	25.4	31.3	33.2						
		60	67.7	13.1	22.9	22.9	21.0	13.1	42.6	21.0		
		60 Dual SOC Exh	67.7	21.0	26.9	28.8	21.0	10.1	TE.U	21.0		
		70	70.5	14.2	22.1	24.0	18.2	16.2	39.8	22.1		
uel Tank Under		70 Dual SOC Exh	70.5	18.2	24.1	26.0	10.2	10.2	00.0	L.L. 1		
Cab		80/44"	75.2	15.4	23.3	56.7		15.4		23.3		
		80/DC,58,72,80	75.2	15.4	23.3	25.2	27.2	10.4	35,1	20.0		
		90/44"	80	14.6	22.4	51.9	21.2	14.6	00.1	22.4		
		90/DC,58,72,80	80	14.6	22.4	24.4	22.4	14.0	30.3	22.4		
		100/44"	84.8	15.7	43.2	47.1	66.7	15.7	00.0	59.0		
		100/58"	84.8	15.7	21.6	58.9		10.7		33.0		
		100/DC,72,80	84.8	15.7	21.6	25.5	17.6		25.5			
		110/44"	89.4	15.0	38.6	42.5	11.0	15.0	20.0	54.4		
	26"	110/58"	89.4	15.0	22.9	42.0 54.3		15.0		04.4		
		110/DC,72,80	89.4	15.0	22.9	24.8	17.0		24.8			
				27.9			17.0	28.9	24.0	49.6		
		120/44"	94.2		33.8	37.7		28.3		43.6		
		120/58"	94.2	14.1	22.0	49.5	10.4		24.0			
		120/DC,72,80	94.2	14.1	22.0	25.9	18.1	00.0	24.0	40.7		
		135/44"	101.1	19.1	26.9	30.8		22.0		42.7		
		135/58"	101.1	15.1	38.7	42.6						
		135/72"	101.1	15.1	23.0	58.4	17.4		05.0			
		135/DC,80	101.1	15.1	23.0	24.9	17.1	45.0	25.0	05.5		
		150/44"	108.1	16.0	21.9	25.8		15.0		35.7		
		150/58"	108.1	25.8	31.7	35.6						
		150/72"	108.1	16.0	21.9	51.4						
		150/80"	108.1	16.0	21.9	57.3	44.5					
		150/DC	108.1	16.0	21.9	25.8	18.0		23.9			
					nk Dimens ted Rearw			DEF Tank D	Dimension	C		
Undercab box			-A-		Cab Com			V/Vertica	al DPF/SCI	R		
							0	0-144		Med		
				Small	Medium	Large	Small	Sm ¥/44*	Medium	¥144*		
RHUC DPF/SCR MD MHP PX-9		76.3	20.2	28.1	30.0							
RHUC DPF/SCR MD HHP		PX-9	78.7	17.8	25.7	27.6						
RHUC DPF/SCR Low HP		ISX-15-1, MX-13, MX-11	68.4	24.2	32.1	34.0						
RHUC DPF/SCR Hig	HP	ISX-15-3										
HU/CB/TBox		101-10-0	68.3	18,4	24.3	26.2	20.4	16.4	40.0	22.3		
HU/CB/TBox (Dua	(Esh)		68.3	20.4	26.3	28.2	20.4	10.4	10.0	22.0		
			00.0	60.T	20.0	20.2						

Open Frame Space = Wheelbase - (A + B + C)

1) Find the Under Cab Component "A" applicable to your spec for either RH or LH rail.

- 2) Find the total fuel capacity of the vehicle to determine the DEF tank size used.
- 3) Find the DEF tank dimension "C" dependent on U/C tanks, DPF/SCR position or bat/tool boxes
- 4) Note that the "B" dimension is the rear suspension clearance.
- 5) If you want to find BOC Protrusion Subtract the A (or A+C) dimension from 68.9" (front axle to BOC dimension

- 1) DEF tank locations are sometimes dependent on sleeper box length, noted in column "capacity/DC, slpr", otherwise DEF tank location is good for 44/58/72/80" sleepers as shown.
- 2) DEF tanks not available on RH rail with Under Frame exhaust.

389 FAMILY 2021 EMISSIONS

MODEL 389-123 EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS

(Reference option code 3365250)

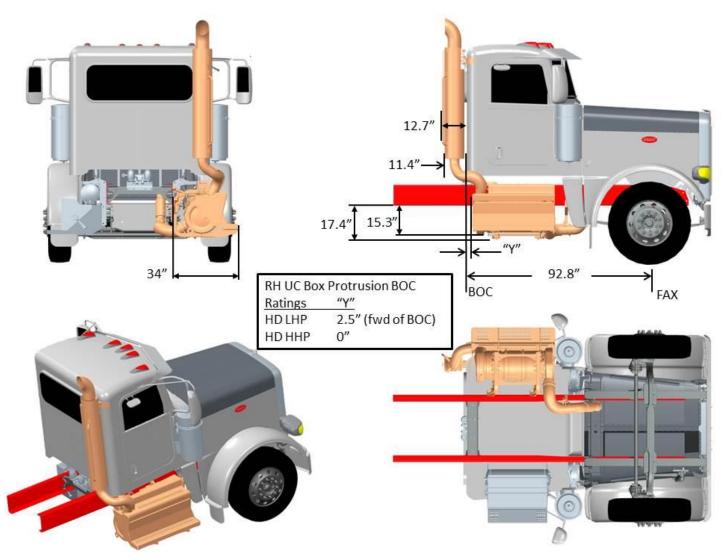


FIGURE 3-57. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

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MODEL 389-123 EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

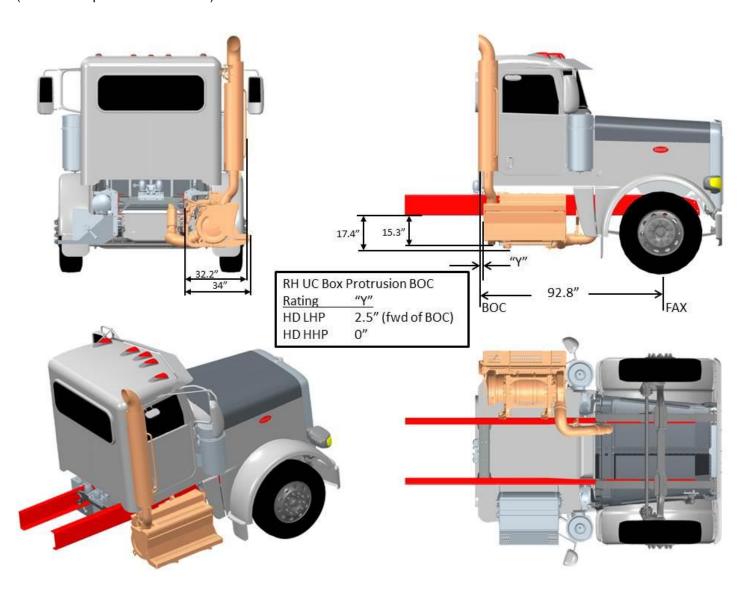


FIGURE 3-58. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 389-123 EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

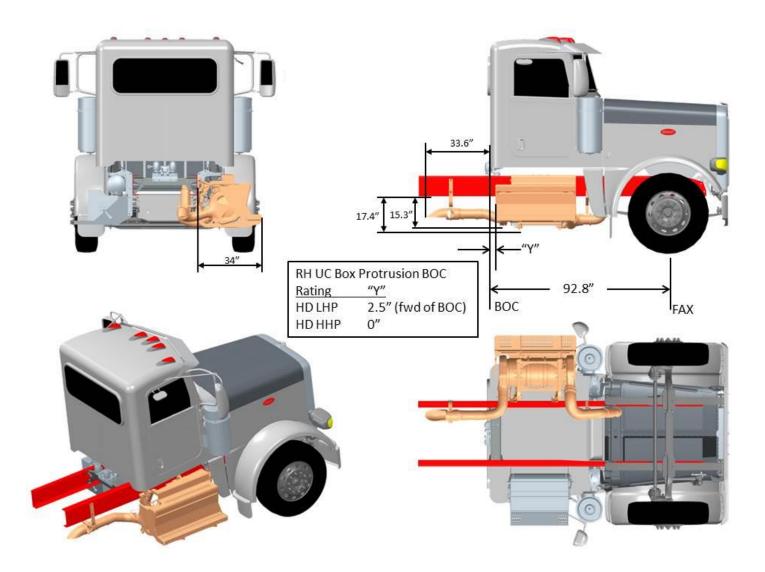


FIGURE 3-59. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 389-123 EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

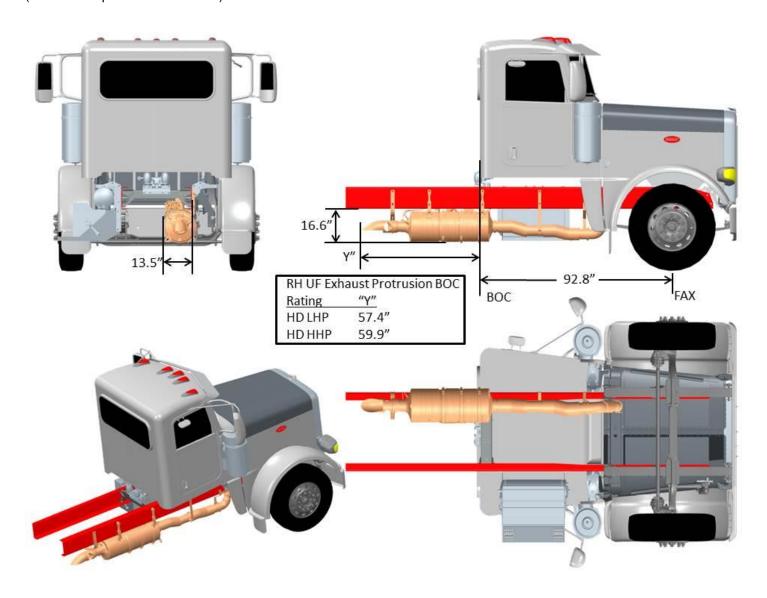


FIGURE 3-60. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 389-123 EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

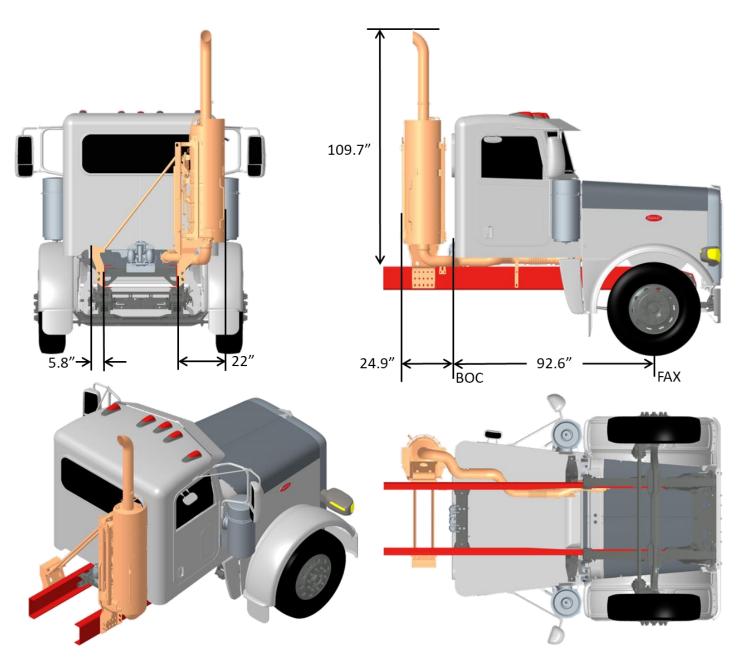


FIGURE 3-61. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 389-131 EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

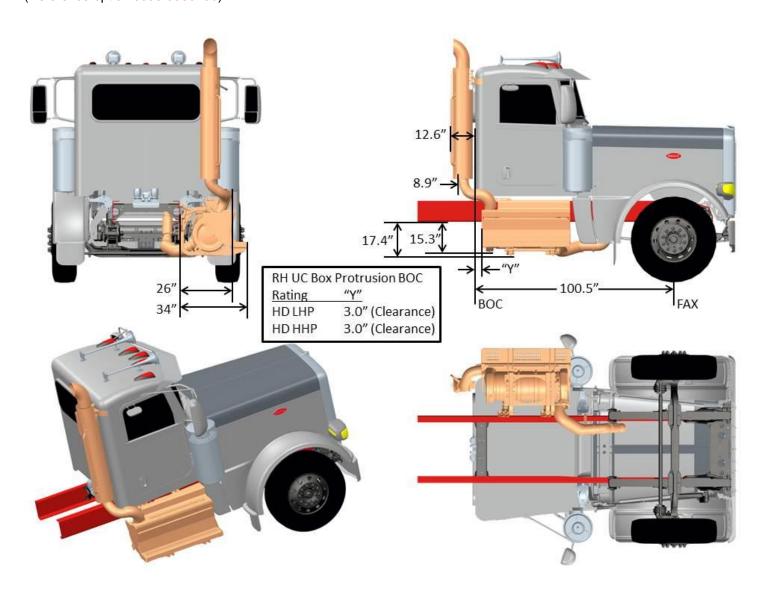


FIGURE 3-61. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 389-131 EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

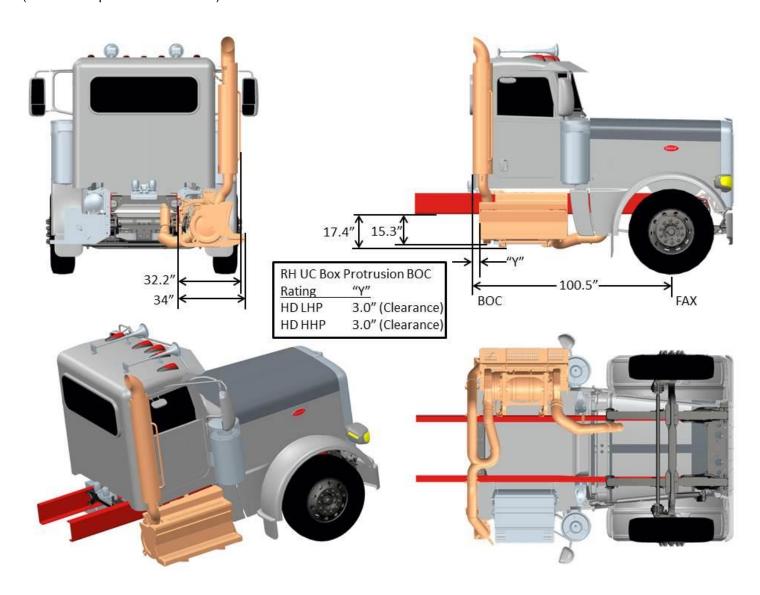


FIGURE 3-62. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 389-131 EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

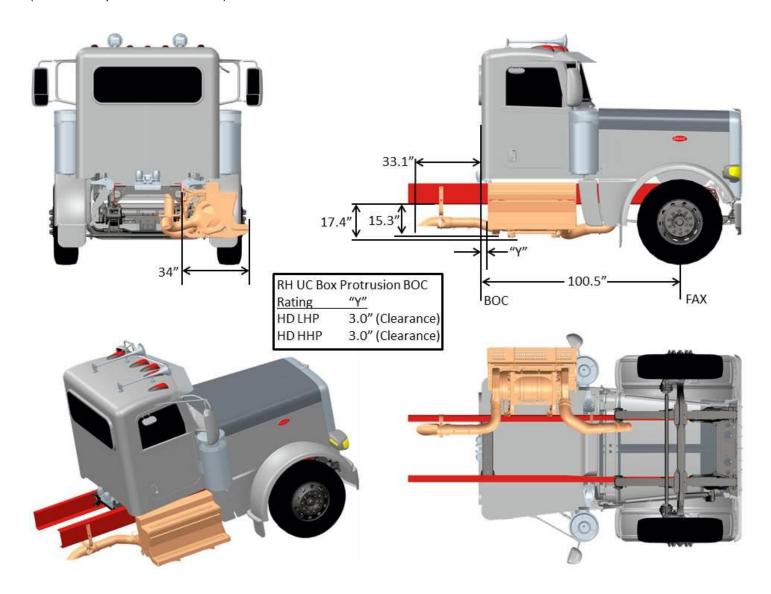


FIGURE 3-63. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 389-131 EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

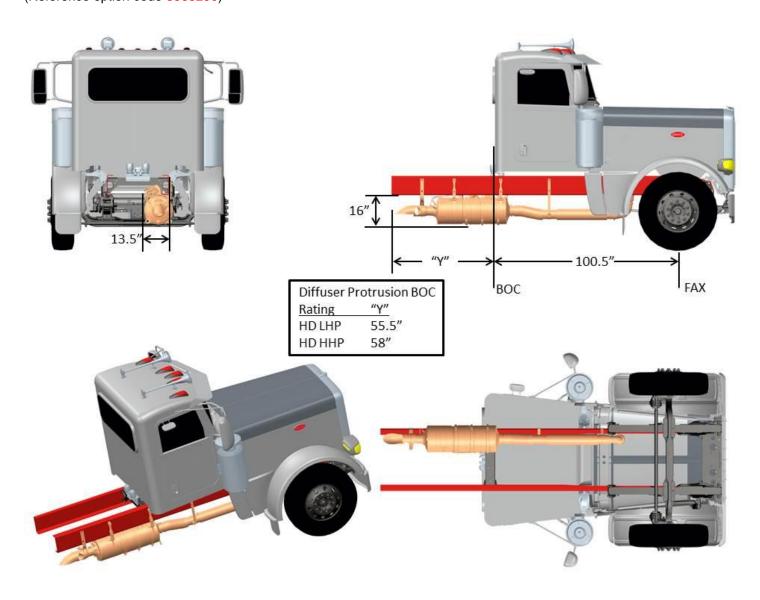


FIGURE 3-64. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 389-131 EXHAUST DUAL SOC DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365320)

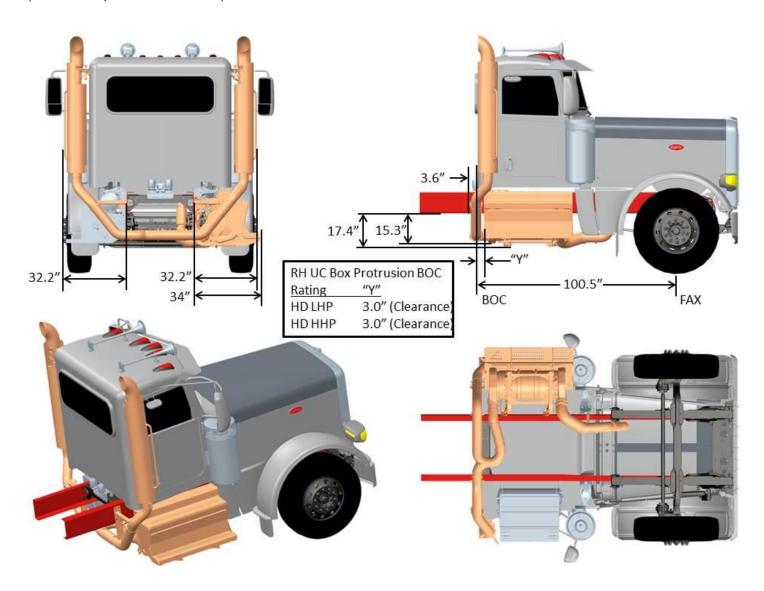


FIGURE 3-65. Exhaust Dual SOC DPF/SCR RH CAB

MODEL 365-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

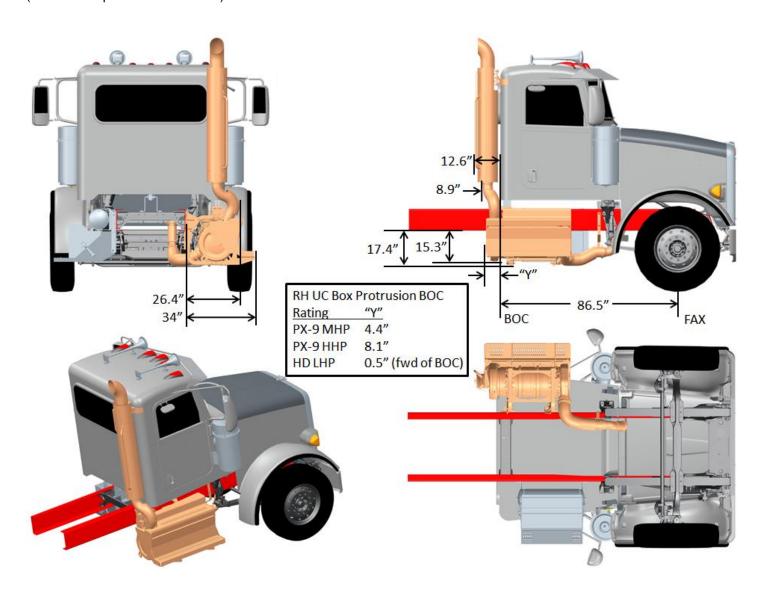


FIGURE 3-66. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 365-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

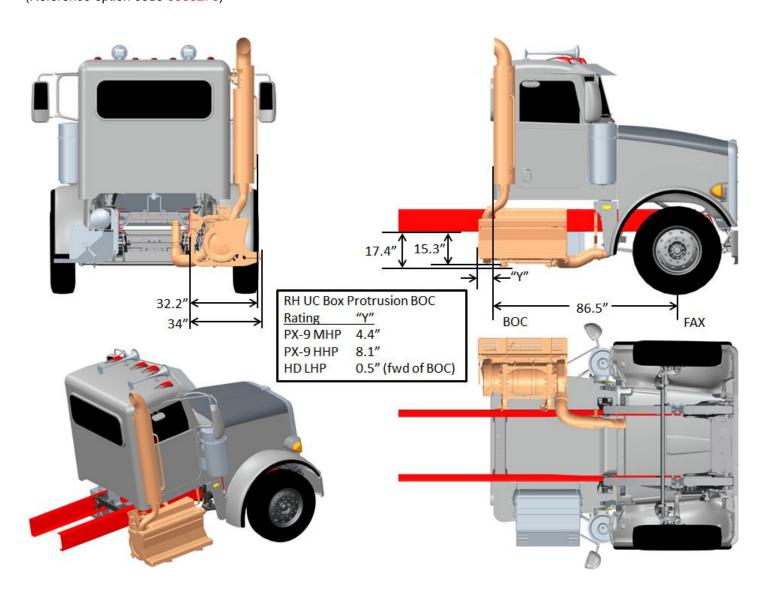


FIGURE 3-67. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 367-123 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

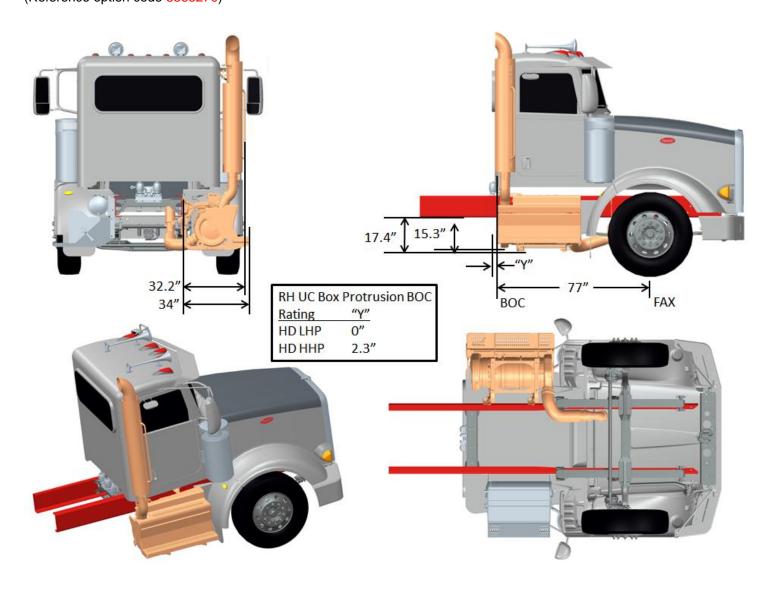


FIGURE 3-68. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 365-115 SBFA FEPTO EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

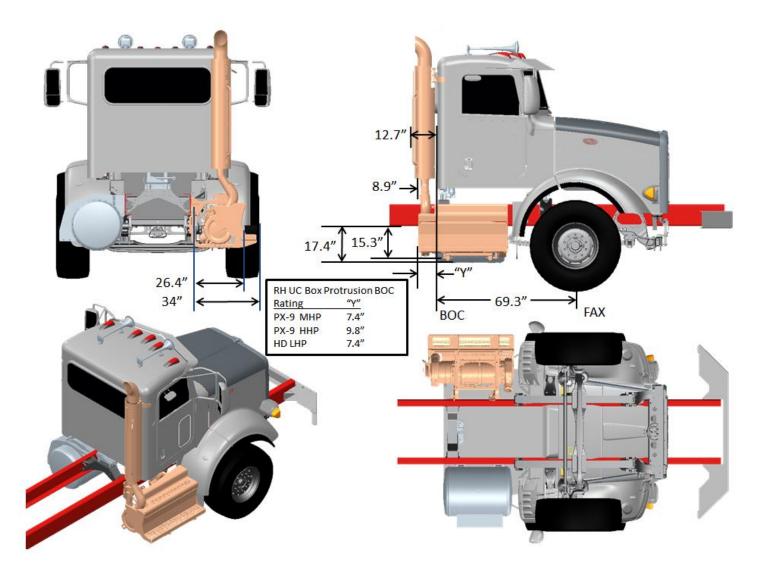


FIGURE 3-69. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 365-115 SBFA FEPTO EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

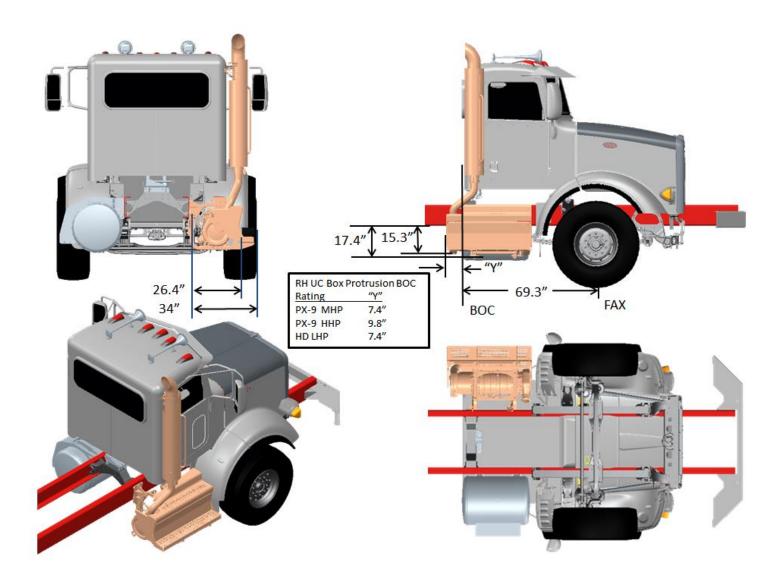
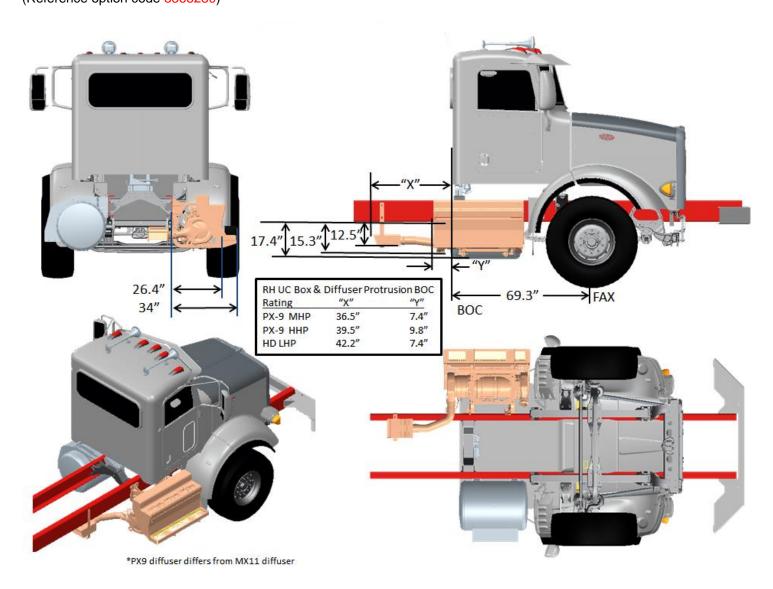


FIGURE 3-70. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 365-115 SBFA FEPTO EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)





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MODEL 365-115 SBFA FEPTO EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

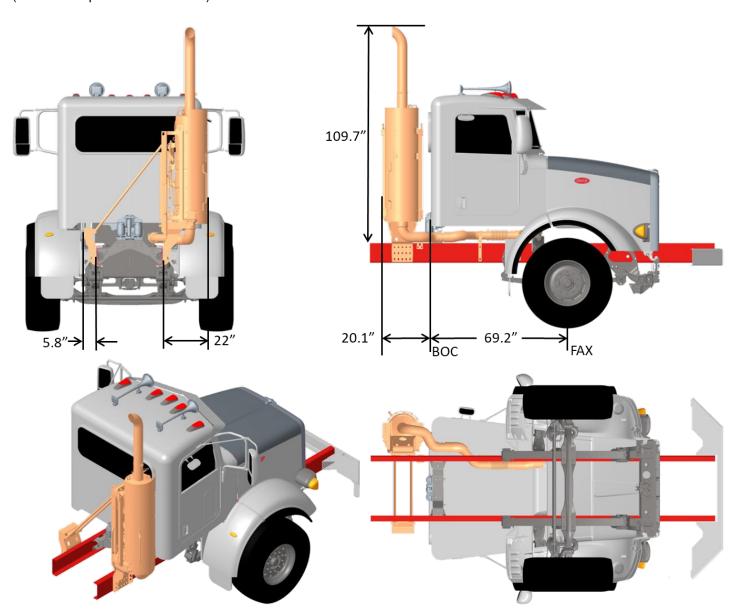


FIGURE 3-71. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 367-123 SBFA HH EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

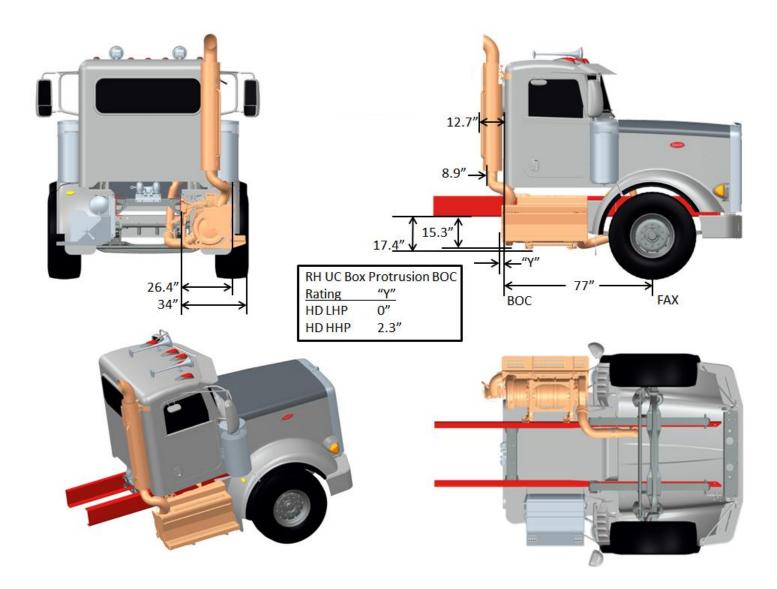


FIGURE 3-72. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 367-123 SBFA HH EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

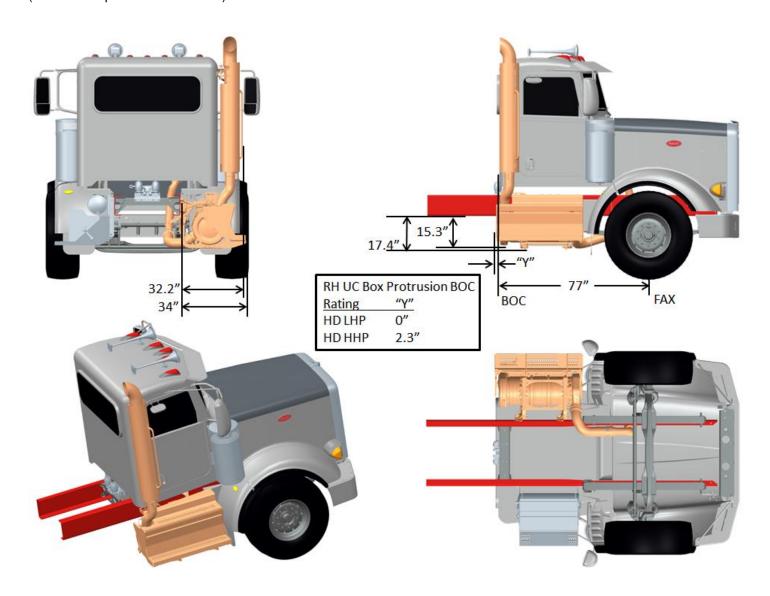


FIGURE 3-73. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 367-123 SBFA HH EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

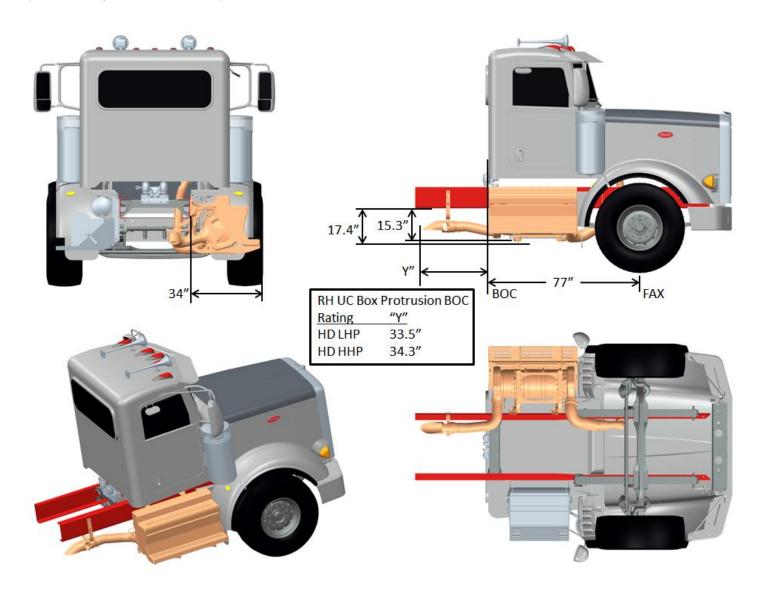


FIGURE 3-74. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 367-123 SBFA HH FEPTO EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

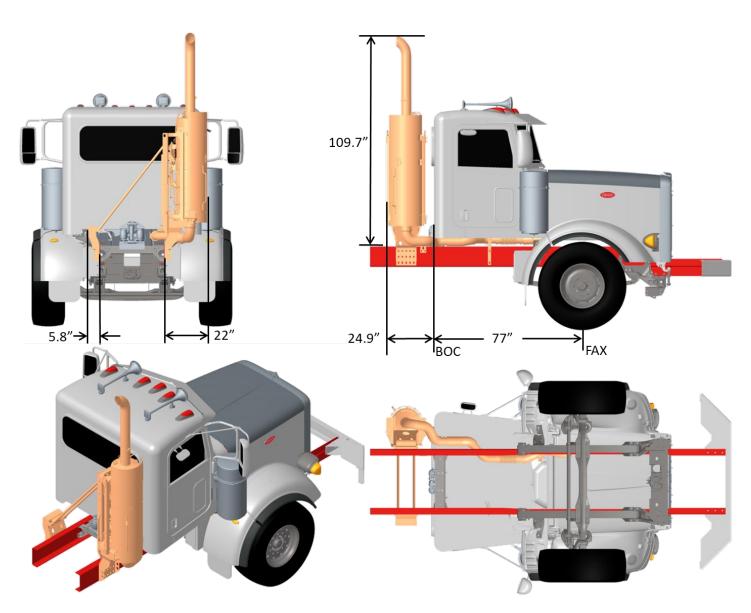


FIGURE 3-74. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 367-123 SBFA HH EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

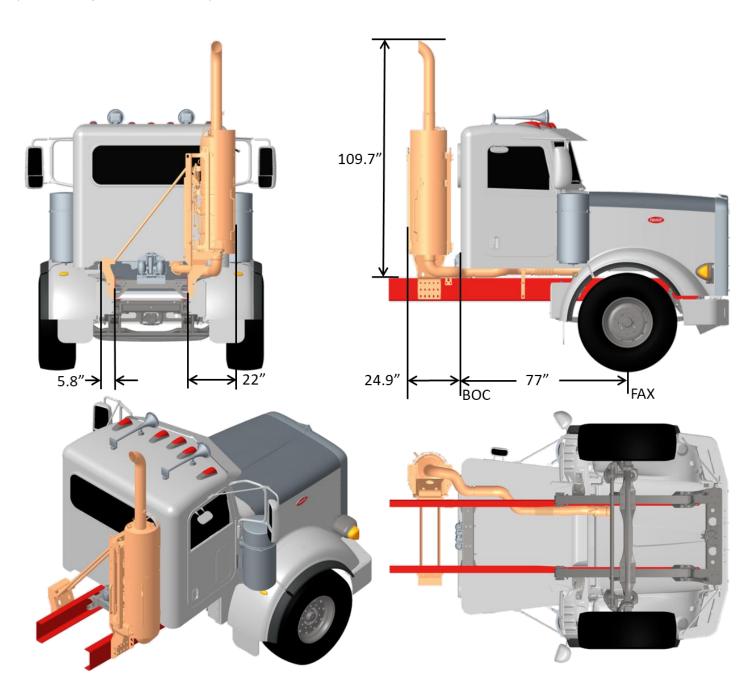


FIGURE 3-74. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

567/579 FAMILY 2021 EMISSIONS

MODEL 567-115 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS

(Reference option code 3365250)

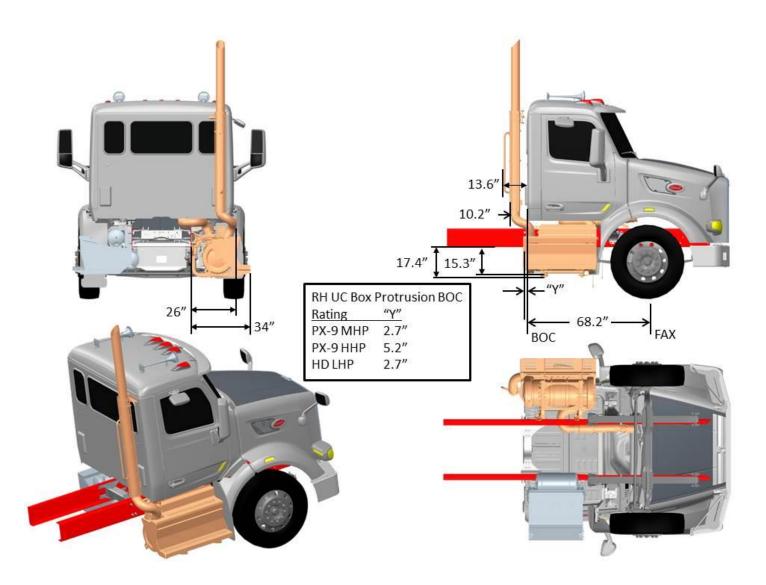


FIGURE 3-76. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

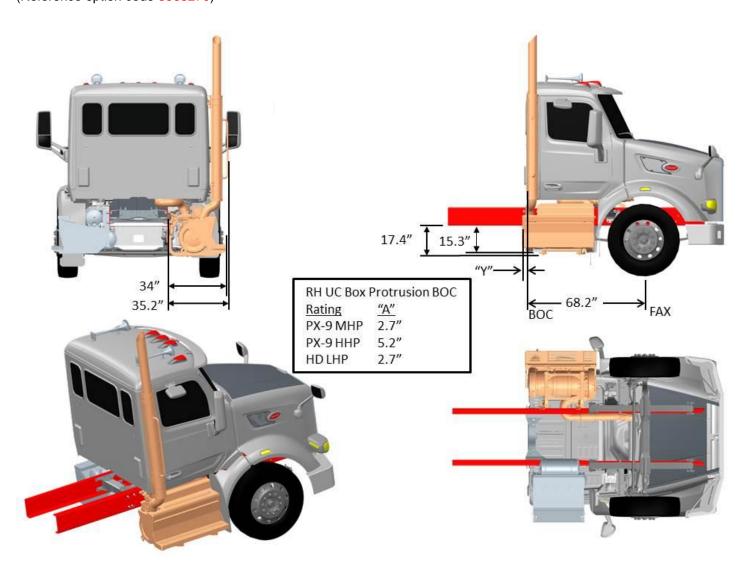


FIGURE 3-77. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

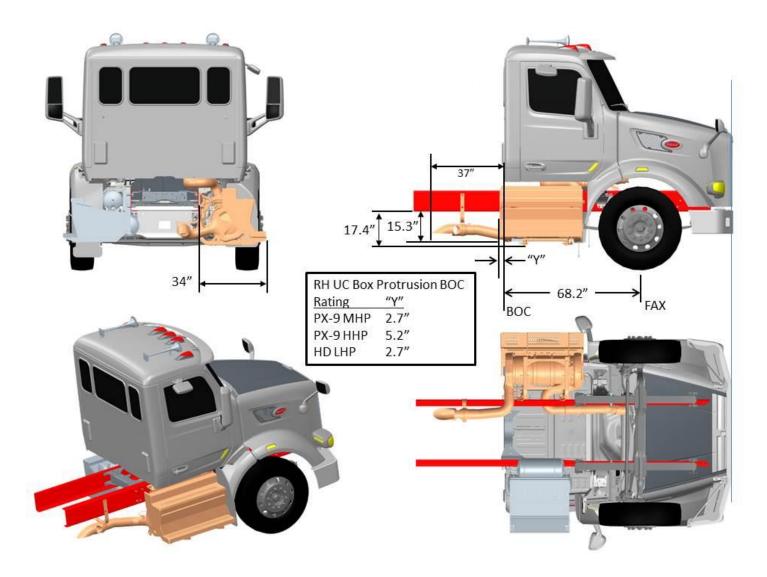


FIGURE 3-78. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

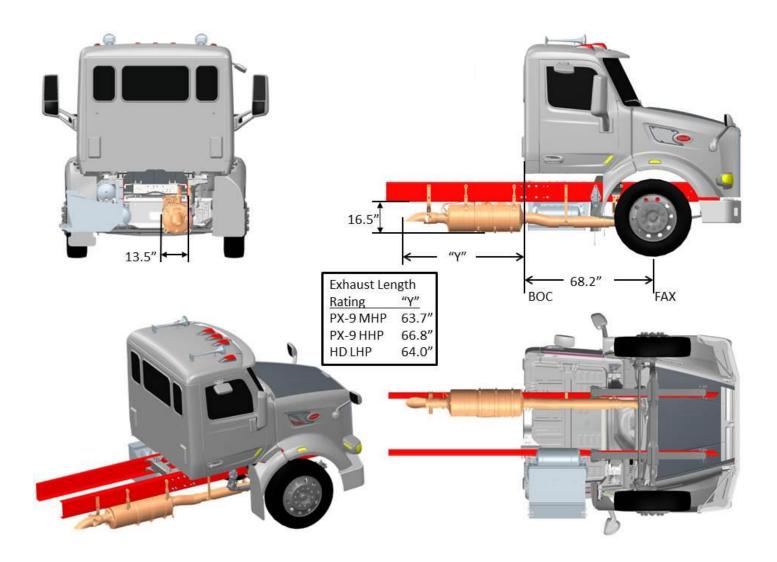


FIGURE 3-79. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 567-115 SBFA EXHAUST DUAL SOC DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

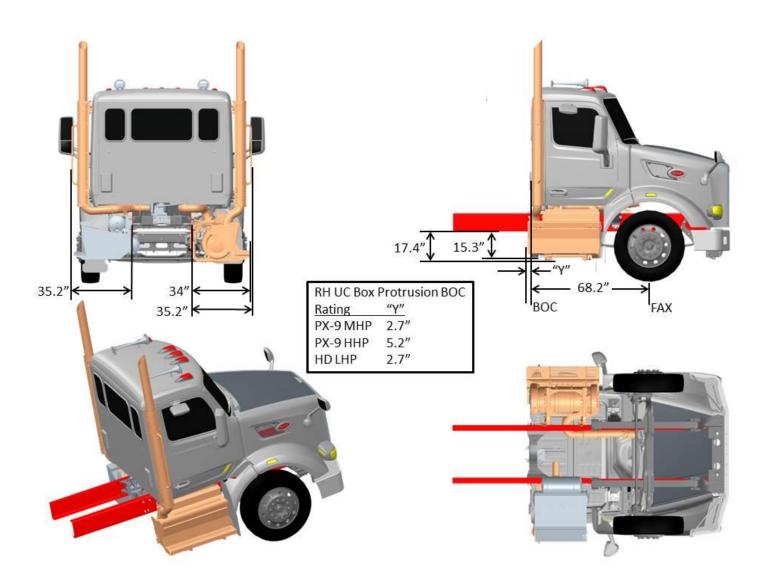


FIGURE 3-80. Exhaust Dual SOC DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

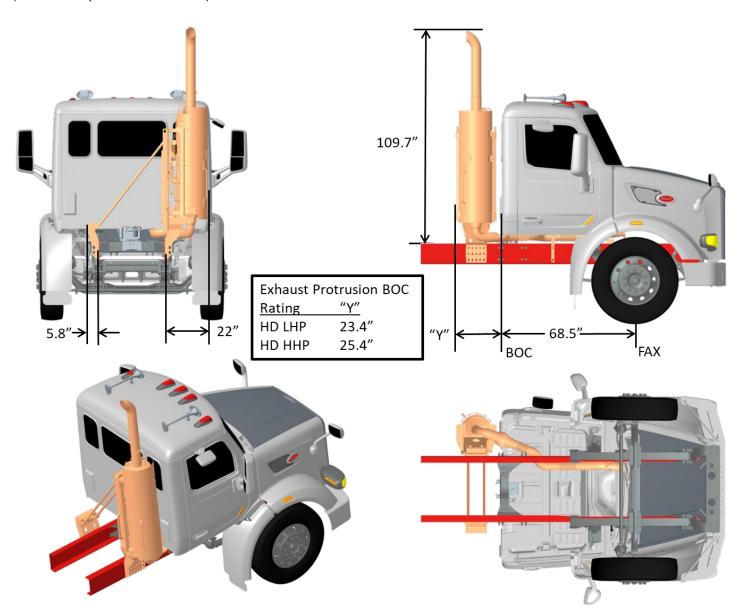


FIGURE 3-80. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 567-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

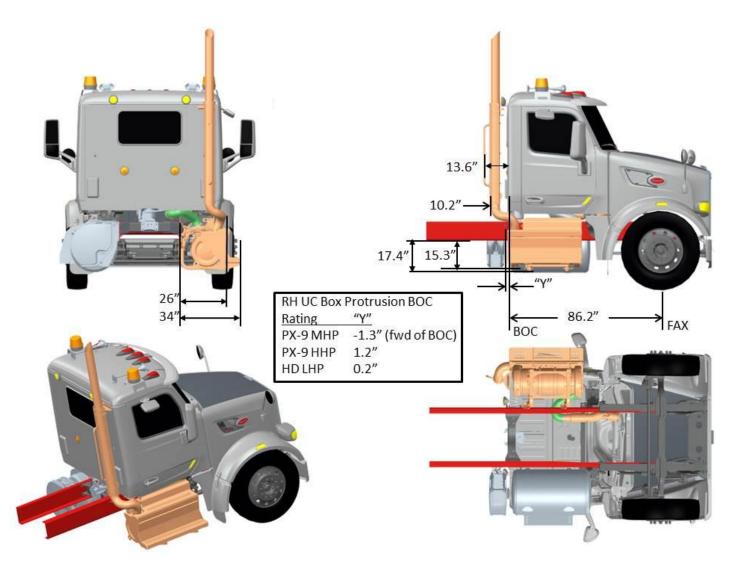


FIGURE 3-81. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

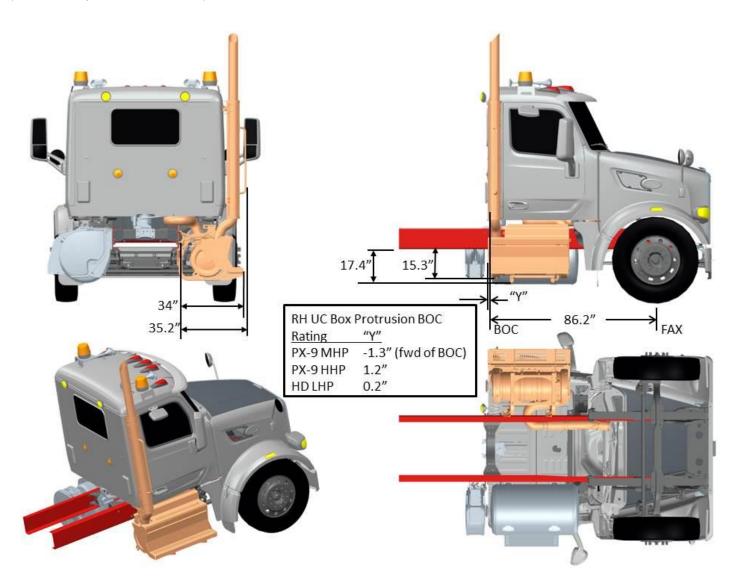


FIGURE 3-82. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

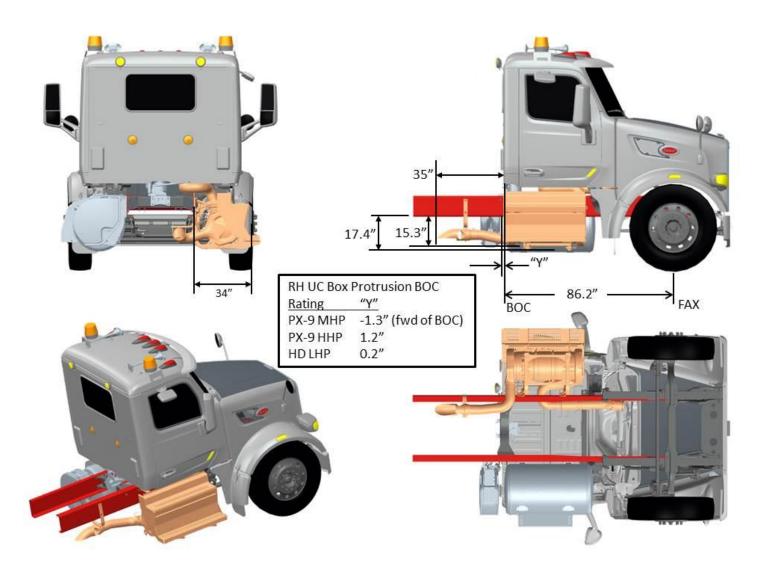


FIGURE 3-83. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

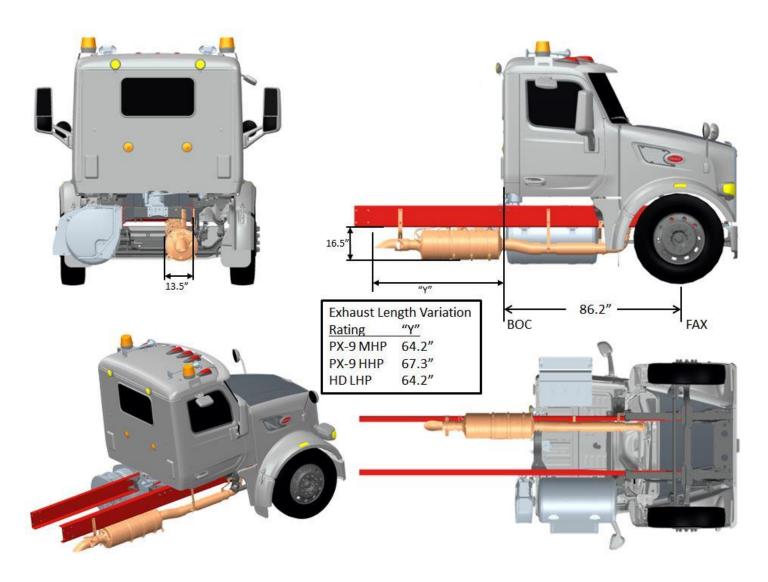


FIGURE 3-84. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 567-115 SFFA EXHAUST DUAL SOC DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

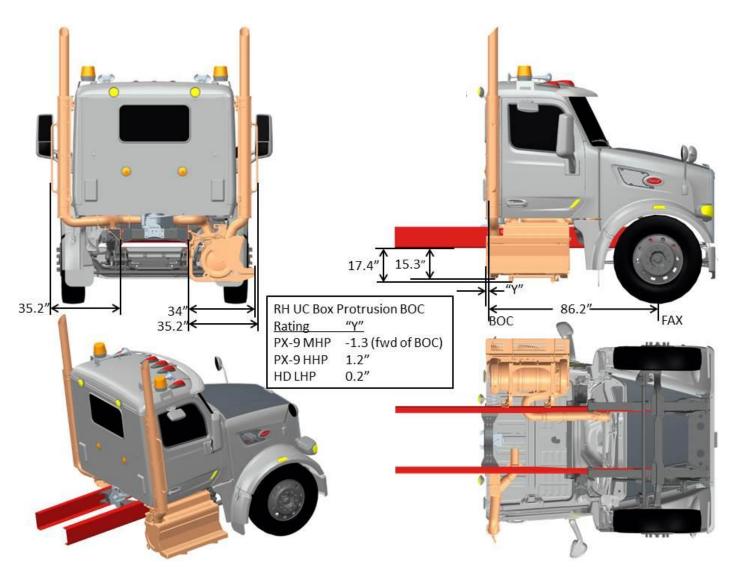


FIGURE 3-85. Exhaust Dual SOC DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-115 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

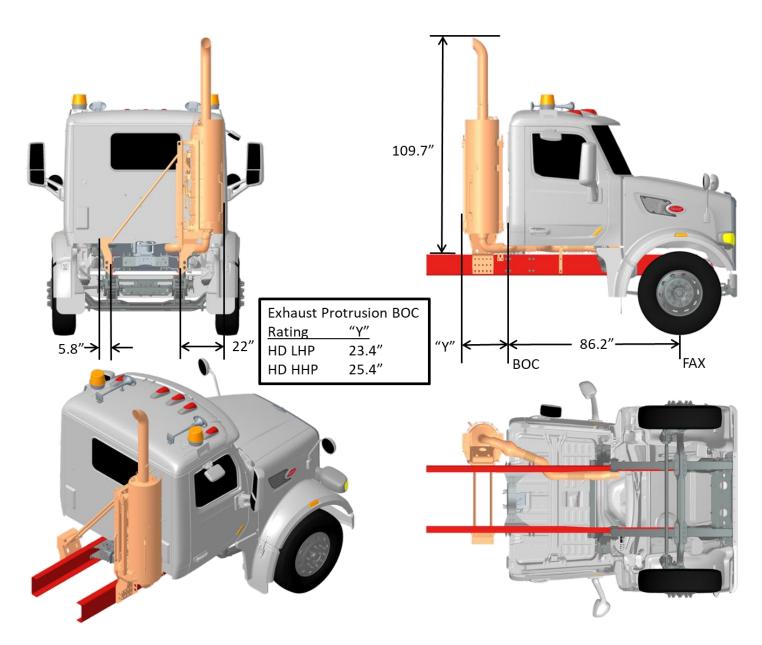


FIGURE 3-85. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 567-121 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

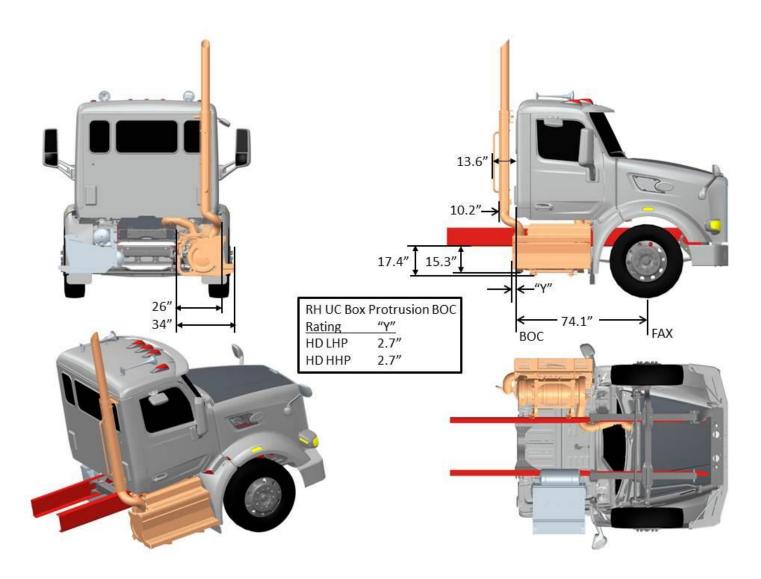


FIGURE 3-86. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

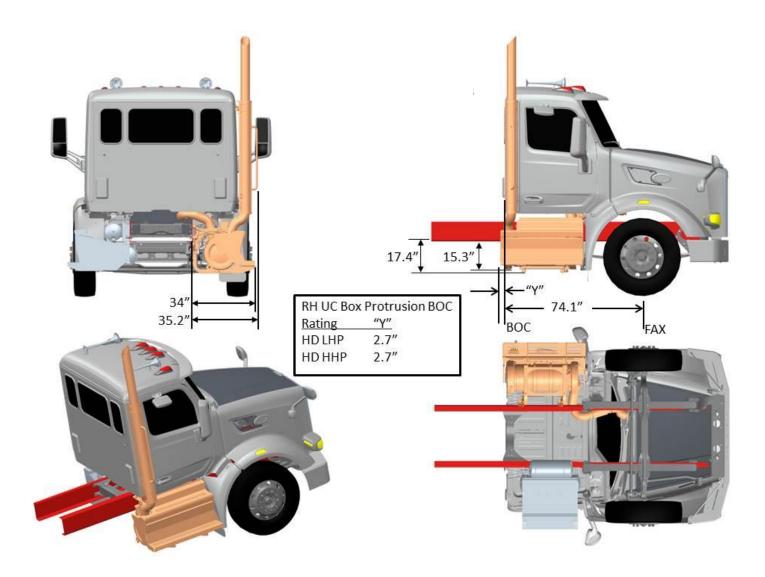


FIGURE 3-87. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

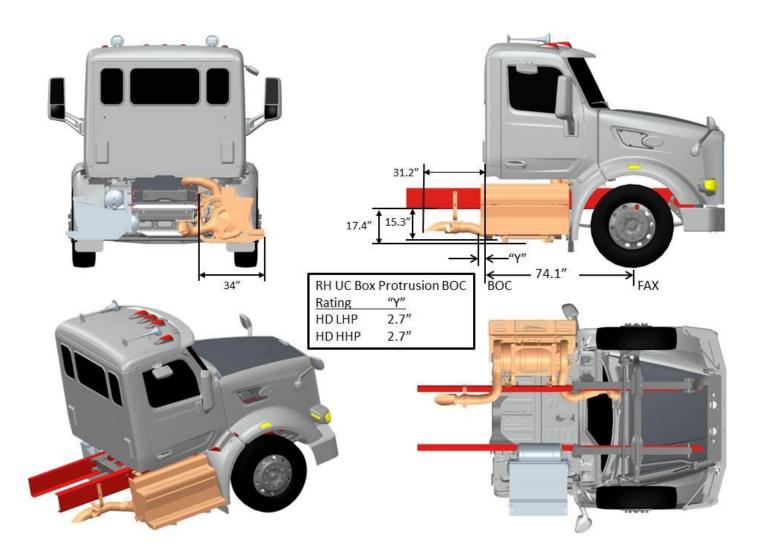


FIGURE 3-88. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

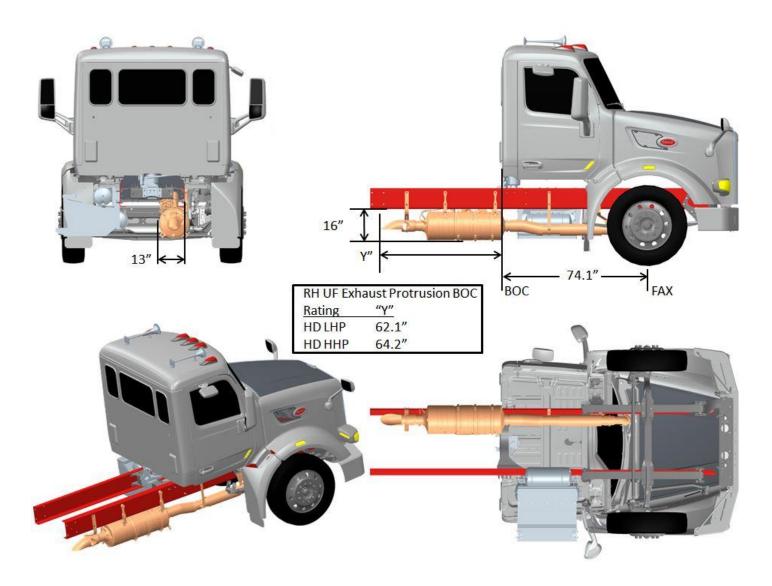


FIGURE 3-89. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 567-121 SBFA EXHAUST DUAL SOC DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

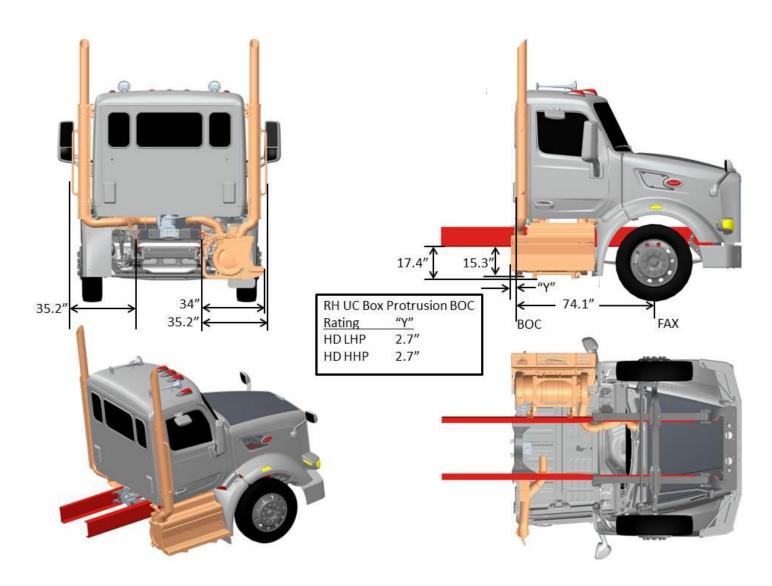


FIGURE 3-90. Exhaust Dual SOC DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

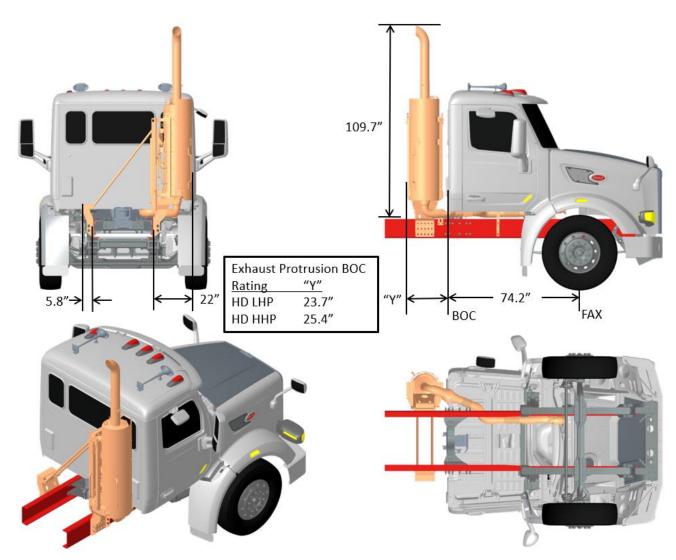


FIGURE 3-90. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 567-121 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

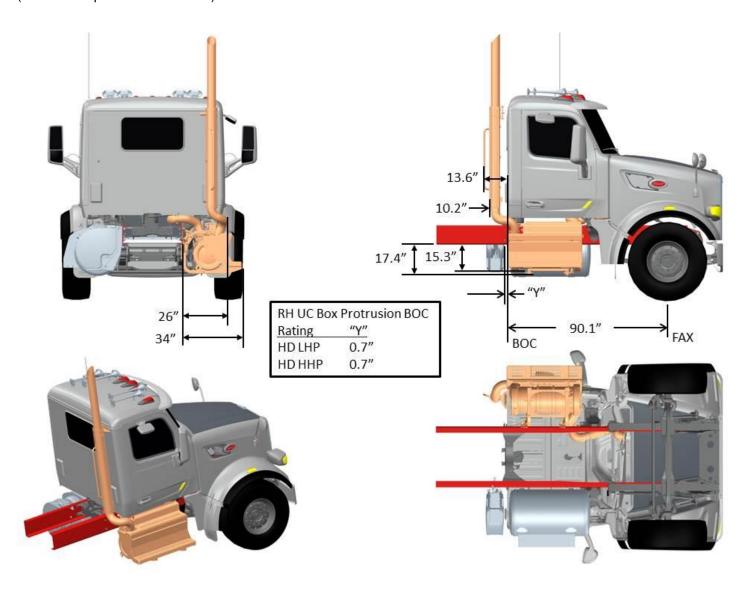


FIGURE 3-91. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

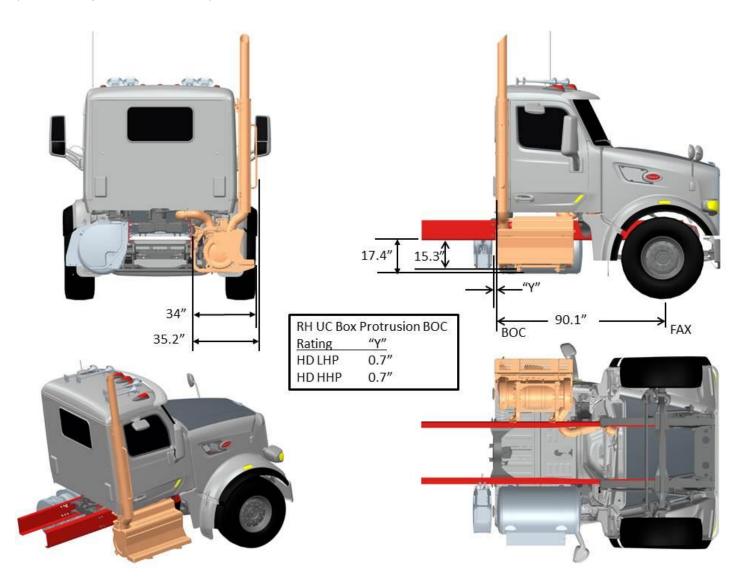


FIGURE 3-92. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

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MODEL 567-121 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

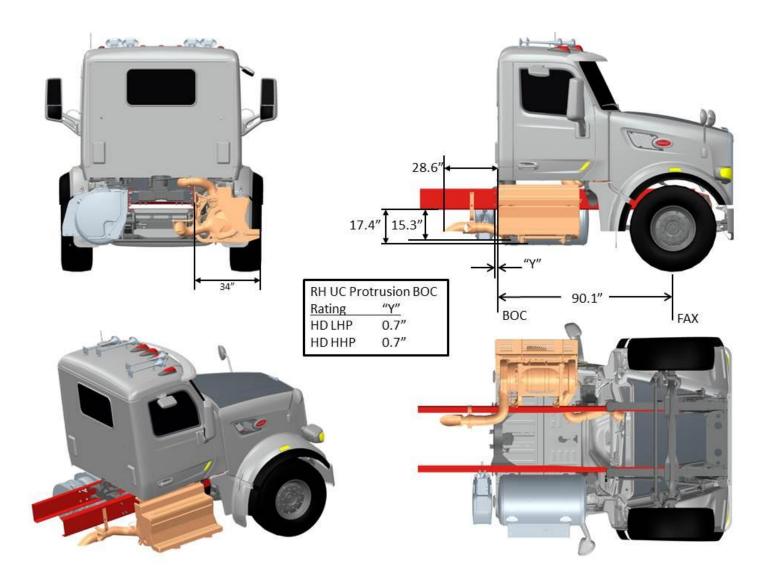


FIGURE 3-93. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

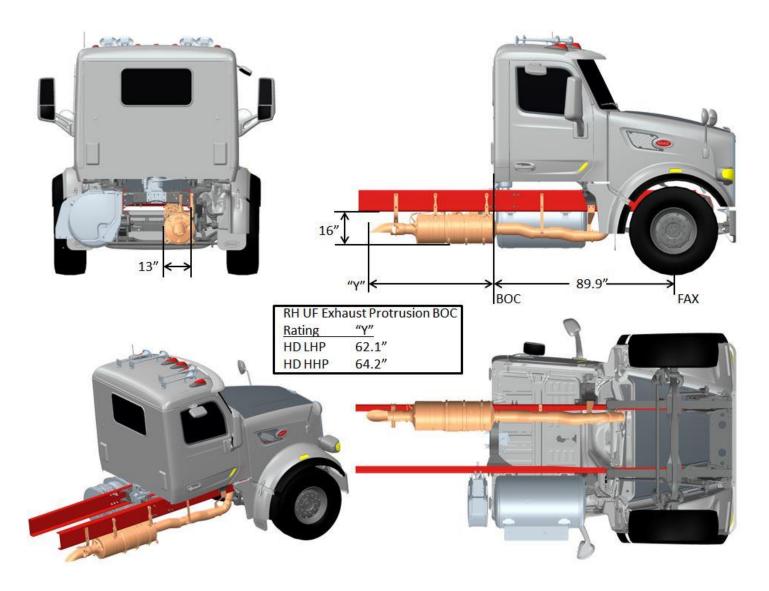


FIGURE 3-94. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 567-121 SFFA EXHAUST DUAL SOC DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

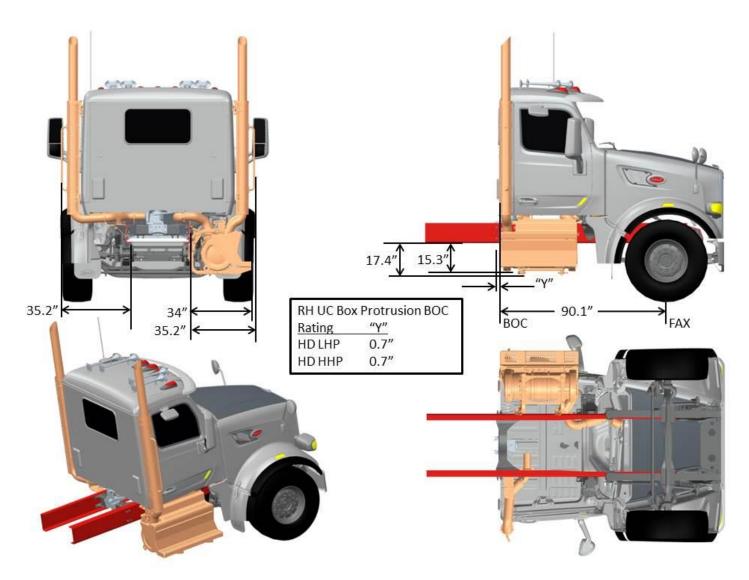


FIGURE 3-95. Exhaust Dual SOC DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 567-121 SFFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

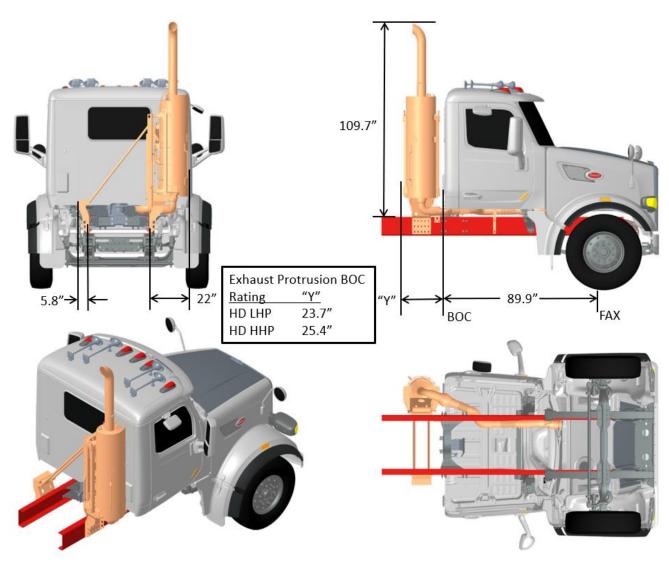


FIGURE 3-95. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 579-118 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

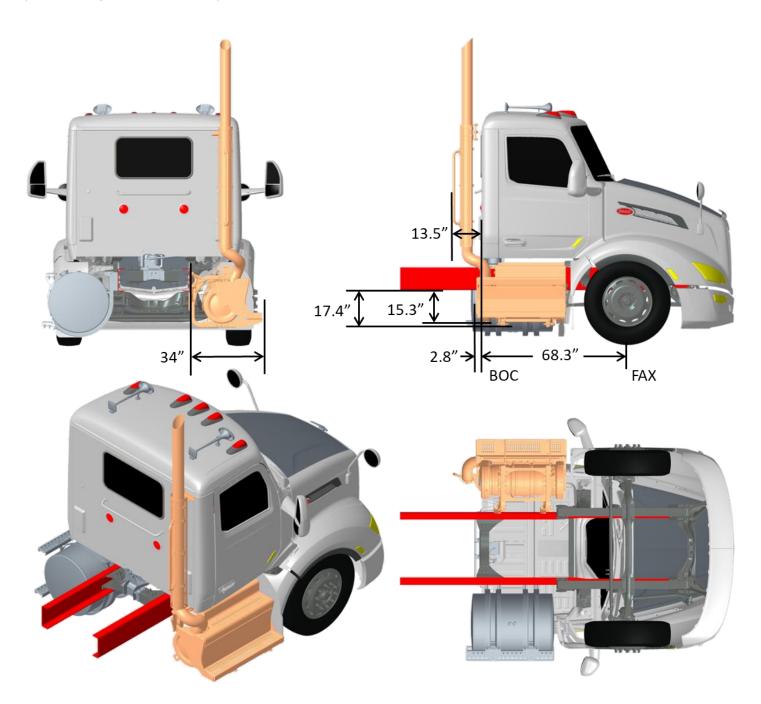


FIGURE 3-96. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 579-118 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

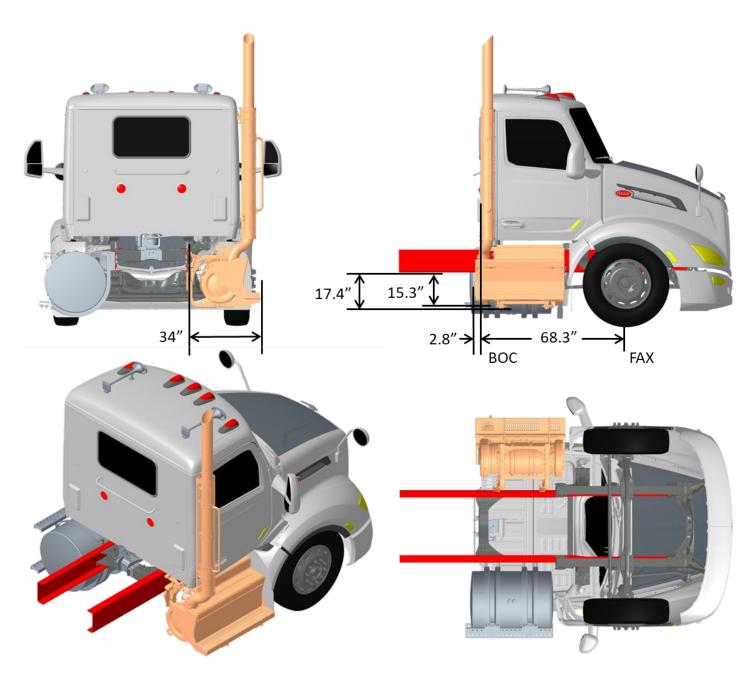


FIGURE 3-97. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 579-118 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

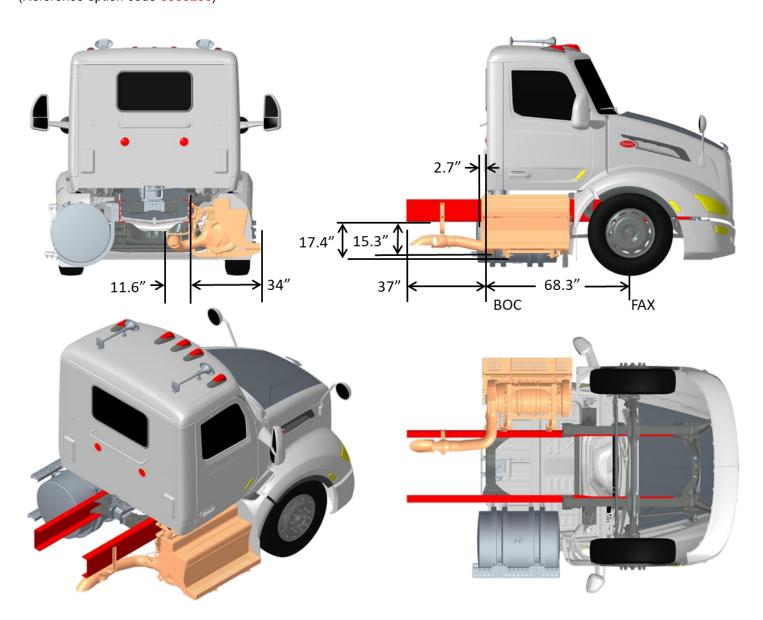


FIGURE 3-98. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 579-118 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

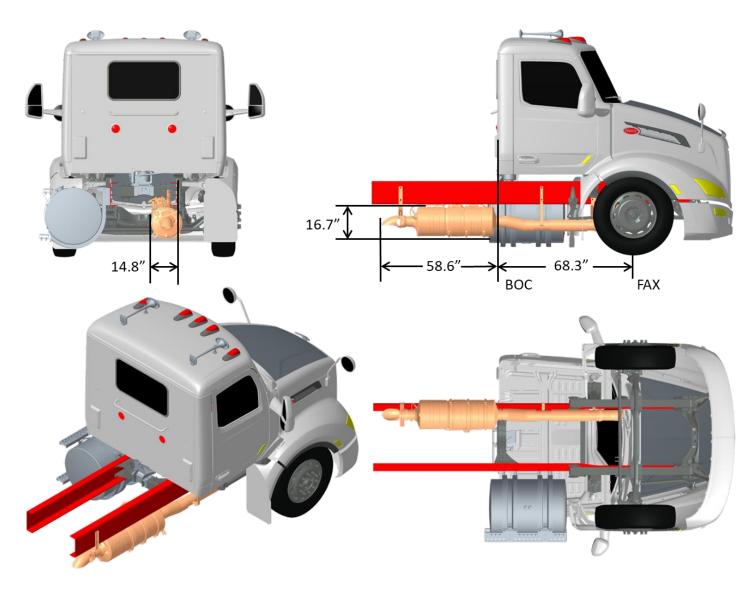


FIGURE 3-99. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

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MODEL 579-118 SBFA EXHAUST DUAL SOC DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

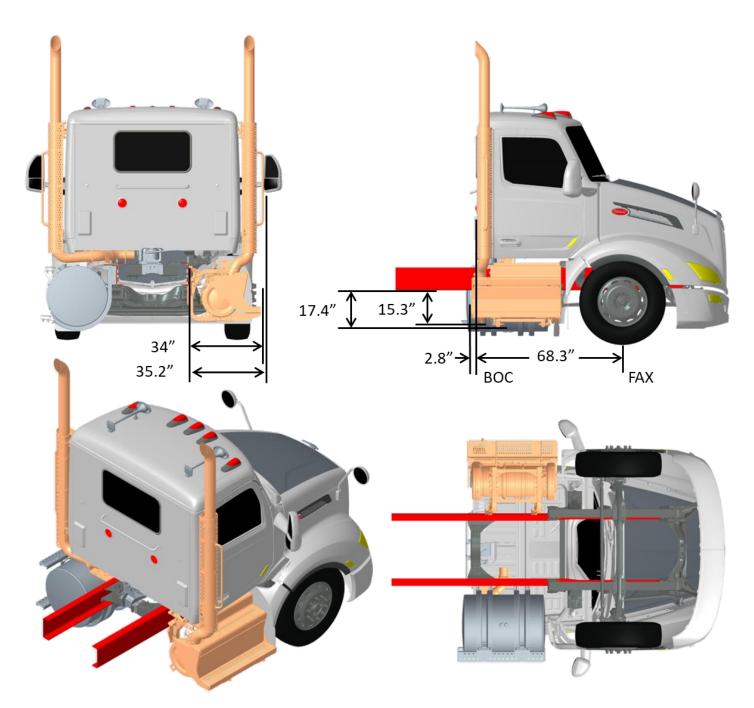


FIGURE 3-100. Exhaust Dual SOC DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 579-118 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

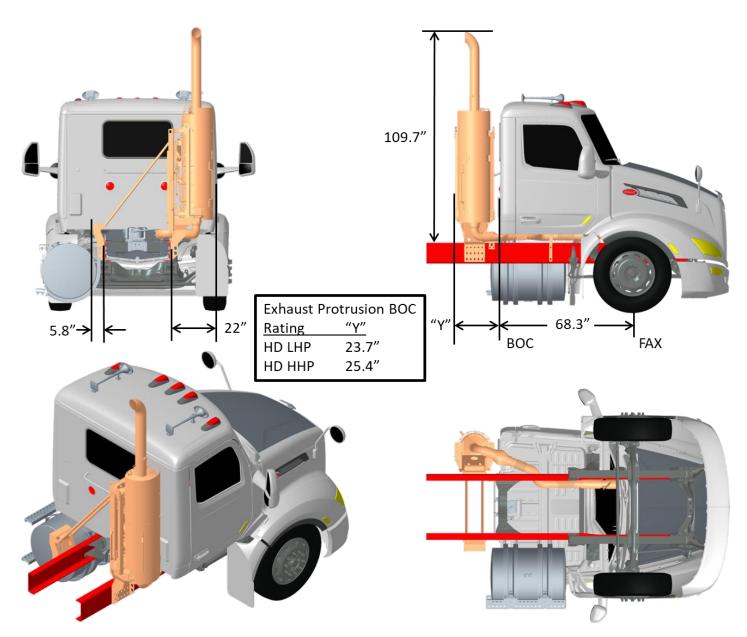


FIGURE 3-100. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

MODEL 579-124 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BACK OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365250)

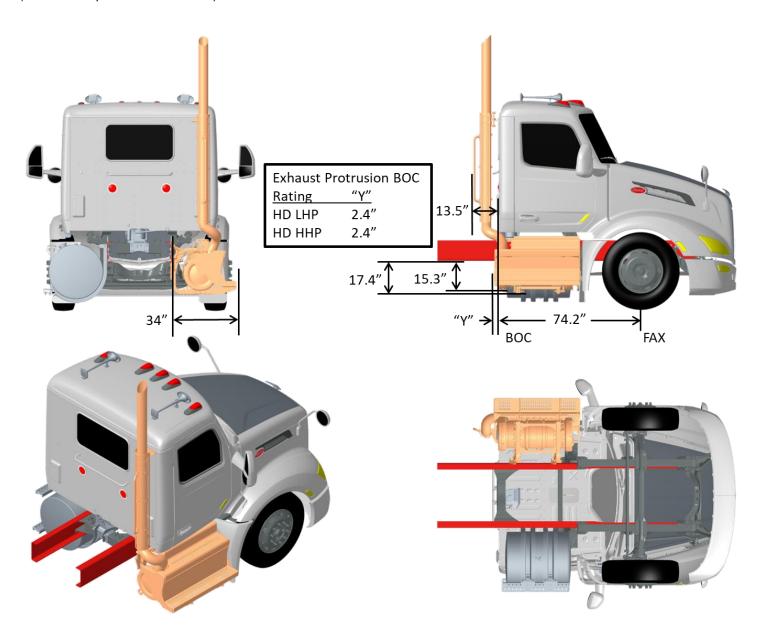


FIGURE 3-101. Exhaust Single RH Back of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 579-124 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH SIDE OF CAB DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365270)

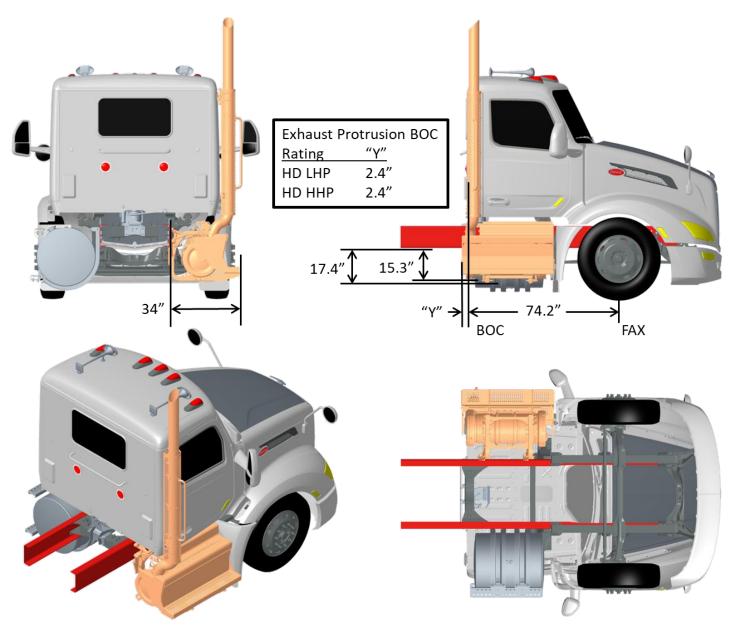


FIGURE 3-102. Exhaust Single RH Side of Cab DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

3

MODEL 579-124 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER CAB 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365280)

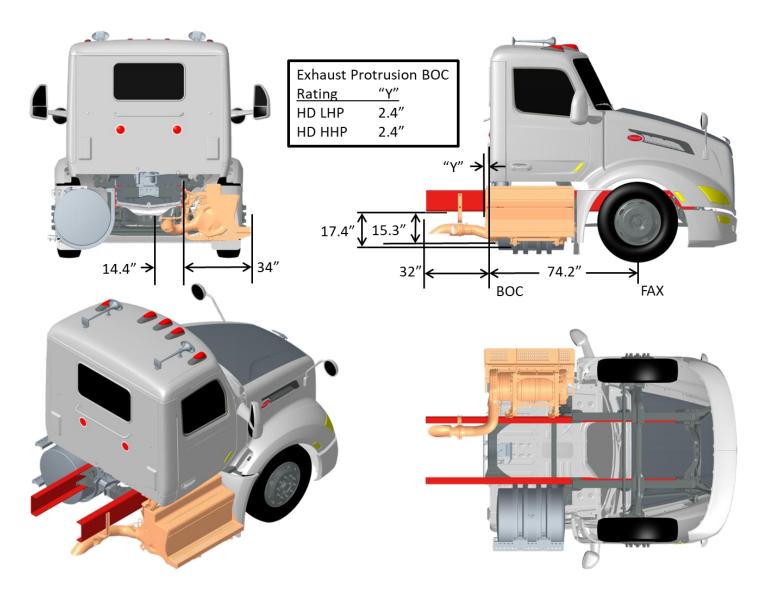


FIGURE 3-103. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Cab

MODEL 579-124 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH HORIZONTAL DPF/SCR RH UNDER FRAME 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365290)

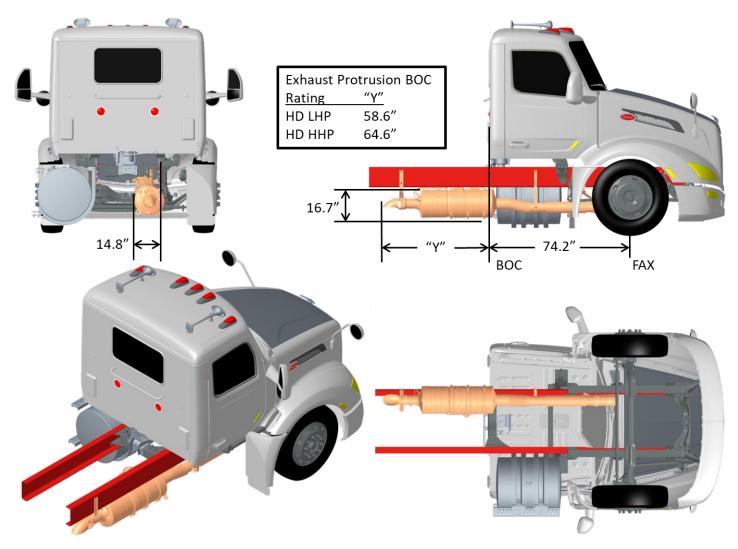


FIGURE 3-104. Exhaust Single RH Horizontal DPF/SCR RH Under Frame

MODEL 579-124 SBFA EXHAUST SINGLE RH BOC VERTICAL DPF/SCR 2021 EMISSIONS (Reference option code 3365340)

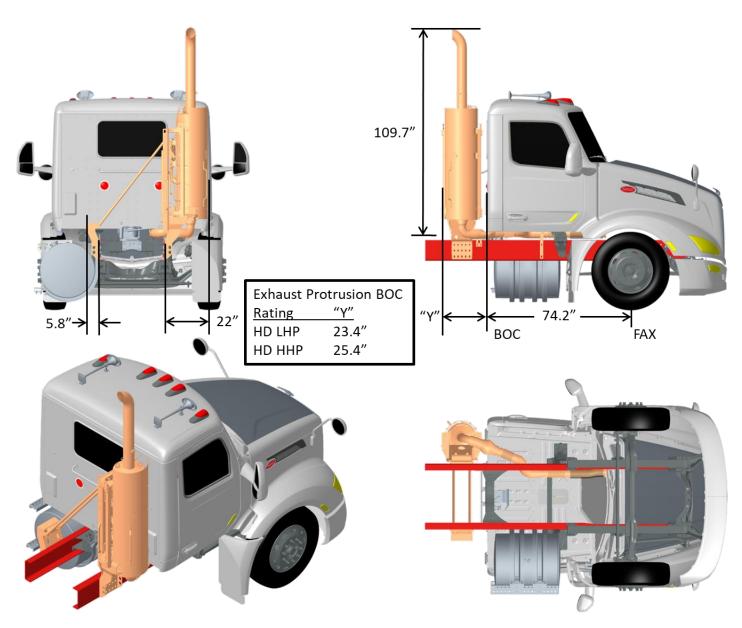


FIGURE 3-105. Exhaust Single RH BOC Vertical DPF/SCR

SECTION 4 BODY MOUNTING

INTRODUCTION

This section has been designed to provide guidelines to aid in body mounting. This is not intended as a complete guide, rather as general information. Body mounting strategies are unique to each body type and body builder must determine the appropriate method. Please note, an alignment adjustment is required after body installation. Front alignment and rear alignment must be performed prior to putting the vehicle into service.

Please contact your local Peterbilt dealer if more information is desired.

FRAME RAILS

Frame rail information is provided per rail.

	TABLE 4-1. Single Frame Rails				
Rail Height (in.)	Flange Width (in.)	Web Thickness (in)	Section Modulus (cu. In.)	RBM (per rail) (inIbs)	Weight (per rail) (Ibs/in.)
10 5/8	3.45	0.313	14.8	1,776,000	1.44
10 3/4	3.50	0.375	17.8	2,136,000	1.74
10 11/16	3.50	0.500	22.35	2,683,000	2.35
11 5/8	3.875	0.375	21.4	2,568,000	1.91
13 3/8(1)	3.625	0.375	18.2 25.1	2,184,000 3,012,000	1.78 2.05

⁽¹⁾The 13 3/8 rail has a front rail height of 10 3/4. The front rail height values are listed on top of the 13 3/8 values.

Main Rail Height (in.)	Insert	Outsert	Section Modulus (cu. In.)	RBM (per rail) (inIbs)	Weight (per rail) (Ibs/in.)
10 5/8	9.875 x 2.87 x .250	None	23.6	2,832,000	2.48
10 3/4	9.875 x 2.87 x .250	None	28.9	3,468,000	2.78
10 3/4	9.875 x 2.87 x .250	11.625 x 3.87 x .375	45.7	5,484,000	4.67
11 5/8	10.75 x 3.50 x .375	None	37.7	4,524,000	3.65

TABLE 4-2. Built-up Frame Rails

CRITICAL CLEARANCES

REAR TIRES AND CAB



CAUTION: Insufficient clearance between rear tires and body structure could cause damage to the body during suspension movement.

Normal suspension movement could cause contact between the tires and the body. To prevent this, mount the body so that the minimum clearance between the top of the tire and the bottom of the body is 8 inches (203 mm). This should be measured with the body empty. See **FIGURE 4-1**.

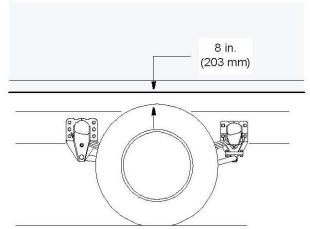
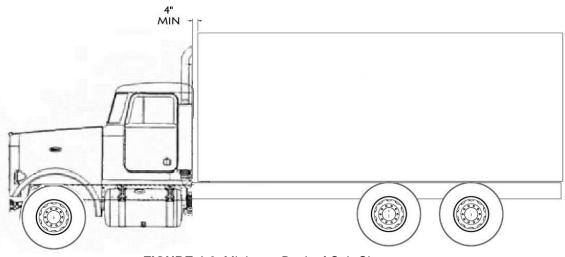


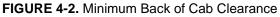
FIGURE 4-1. Minimum Clearance Between Top of Rear Tires and Body Structure Overhang

CAUTION: Maintain adequate clearance between back of cab and the front (leading edge) of mounted body. It is recommended the body leading edge be mounted 4 in. behind the cab. See **FIGURE 4-2**.



NOTE: Be sure to provide maintenance access to the battery box and fuel tank fill neck.





BODY MOUNTING USING BRACKETS



CAUTION: Always install a spacer between the body subframe and the top flange of the frame rail. Installation of a spacer between the body subframe and the top flange of the frame rail will help prevent premature wear of the components due to chafing or corrosion.



WARNING! When mounting a body to the chassis, DO NOT drill holes in the upper or lower flange of the frame rail. If the frame rail flanges are modified or damaged, the rail could fail prematurely and cause an accident. Mount the body using body mounting brackets or U–bolts.

FRAME SILL

If the body is mounted to the frame with brackets, we recommend a frame sill spacer made from a strip of rubber or plastic (delrin or nylon). These materials will not undergo large dimensional changes during periods of high or low humidity. The strip will be less likely to fall out during extreme relative motion between body and chassis. See **FIGURE 4-3**.

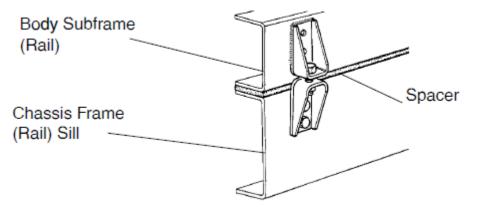


FIGURE 4-3. Spacer Between Frame Sill and Body Rail – Rubber or Plastic

BRACKETS

When mounting a body to the chassis with brackets, we recommend designs that offer limited relative movement, bolted securely but not too rigid. Brackets should allow for slight movement between the body and the chassis. For instance, **FIGURE 4-4** shows a high compression spring between the bolt and the bracket, and **FIGURE 4-5** shows a rubber spacer between the brackets. These designs will allow relative movement between the body and the chassis during extreme frame racking situations. Mountings that are too rigid could cause damage to the body. This is particularly true with tanker installations.

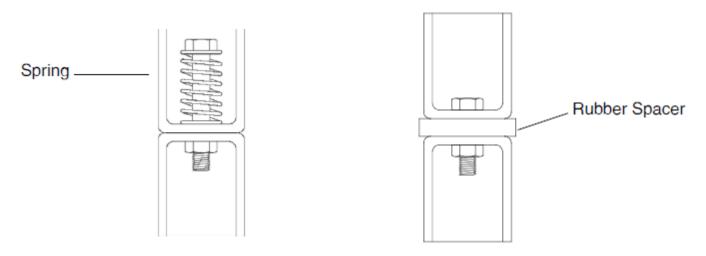


FIGURE 4-4. Mounting Brackets

FIGURE 4-5. Mounting Brackets

MOUNTING HOLES

When installing brackets on the frame rails, the mounting holes in the chassis frame bracket and frame rail must comply with the general spacing and location guidelines illustrated in **FIGURE 4-6**.

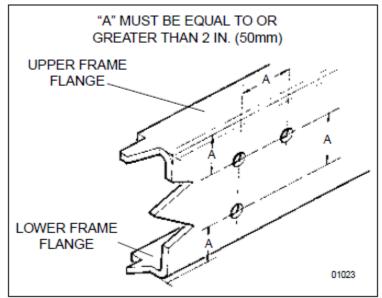


FIGURE 4-6. Hole Location Guidelines for Frame Rail and Bracket

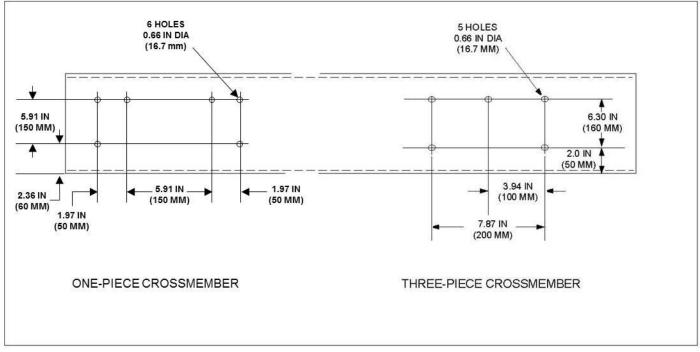


FIGURE 4-7. Crossmember Gusset Hole Patterns (Additional Holes Available in 50 mm Horizontal Increments)

FRAME DRILLING



WARNING! When mounting a body to the chassis, DO NOT drill holes in the upper or lower flange of the frame rail. If the frame rail flanges are modified or damaged, the rail could fail prematurely and cause an accident. Mount the body using body mounting brackets or U–bolts.

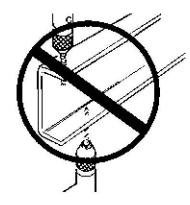


FIGURE 4-8. Frame Rail Flange Drilling Prohibited

WARNING! DO NOT drill closely spaced holes in the frame rail. Hole centers of two adjacent holes should be spaced no less than twice the diameter of the largest hole. Closer spacing could induce a failure between the two holes.



CAUTION: An appropriately sized bolt and nut must be installed and torqued properly in all unused frame holes. Failure to do so could result in a frame crack initiation around the hole.



CAUTION: Use care when drilling the frame web so the wires and air lines routed inside the rail are not damaged. Failure to do so could cause an inoperable electrical or air system circuit.



CAUTION: Never use a torch to make holes in the rail. Use the appropriate diameter drill bit. Heat from a torch will affect the material properties of the frame rail and could result in frame rail cracks.



CAUTION: The hole diameter should not exceed the bolt diameter by more than .060 inches (1.5mm).

BODY MOUNTING USING U-BOLTS

If the body is mounted to the frame with U–bolts, use a hardwood sill (minimum 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) thick) between the frame rail and body frame to protect the top surface of the rail flange.



WARNING! Do not allow the frame rails or flanges to deform when tightening the U–bolts. It will weaken the frame and could cause an accident. Use suitable spacers made of steel or hardwood on the inside of the frame rail to prevent collapse of the frame flanges.

Use a hardwood spacer between the bottom flange and the U–bolt to prevent the U–bolt from notching the frame flange. See **FIGURE 4-9**.

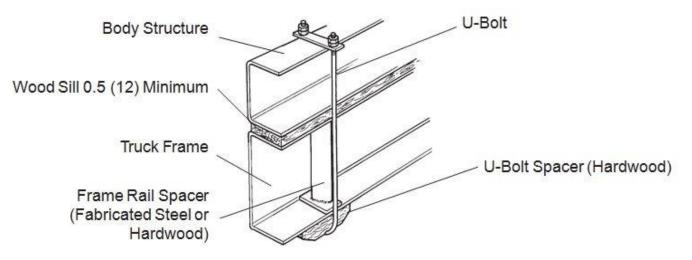


FIGURE 4-9. Acceptable U-Bolt Mounting with Wood and Fabricated Spacers



WARNING! Do not allow spacers and other body mounting parts to interfere with brake lines, fuel lines, or wiring harnesses routed inside the frame rail. Crimped or damaged brake lines, fuel lines, or wiring could result in loss of braking, fuel leaks, electrical overload or a fire. Carefully inspect the installation to ensure adequate clearances for air brake lines, fuel lines, and wiring. See **FIGURE 4-10**.

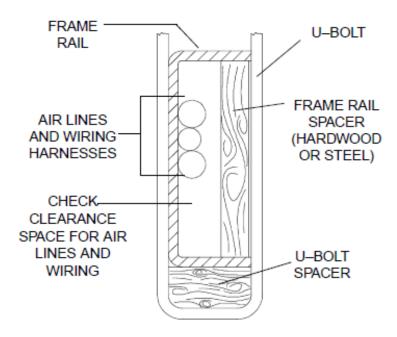


FIGURE 4-10. Clearance Space for Air Lines and Cables



WARNING! Do not notch frame rail flanges to force a U–bolt fit. Notched or damaged frame flanges could result in premature frame failure. Use a larger size U-bolt.





CAUTION: Mount U-bolts so they do not chafe on frame rail, air or electric lines.

REAR BODY MOUNT

When U-bolts are used to mount a body we recommend that the last body attachment be made with a "fishplate" bracket. See **FIGURE 4-11**. This provides a firm attaching point and helps prevent any relative fore or aft movement between the body and frame. For hole location guidelines, See **FIGURE 4-7**.

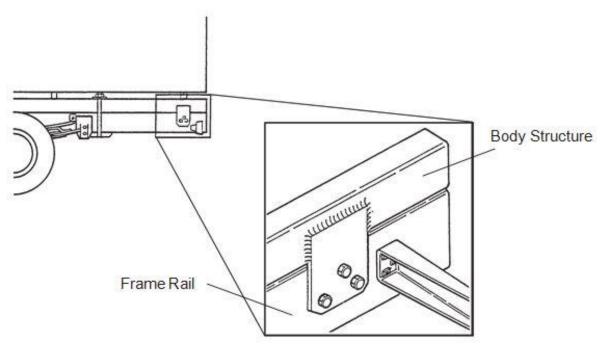


FIGURE 4-11. Fishplate Bracket at Rear End of Body

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SECTION 5 FRAME MODIFICATIONS

INTRODUCTION

Peterbilt offers customer specified wheelbases and frame overhangs. So, in most cases frame modifications should not be necessary.

However, some body installations may require slight modifications, while other installations will require extensive modifications. Sometimes an existing dealer stock chassis may need to have the wheelbase changed to better fit a customer's application. The modifications may be as simple as modifying the frame cutoff, or as complex as modifying the wheelbase.

DRILLING RAILS

If frame holes need to be drilled in the rail, see SECTION 4 BODY MOUNTING for more information.

MODIFYING FRAME LENGTH

The frame overhang after the rear axle can be shortened to match a particular body length. Using a torch is acceptable; however, heat from a torch will affect the material characteristics of the frame rail. The affected material will normally be confined to within 1 to 2 inches (25 to 50mm) of the flame cut and may not adversely affect the strength of the chassis or body installation.

CHANGING WHEELBASE

Changing a chassis' wheelbase is not recommended. Occasionally, however, a chassis wheelbase will need to be shortened or lengthened. Before this is done there are a few guidelines that should to be considered.



WARNING! When changing the wheelbase, be sure to follow the driveline manufacturer's recommendations for driveline length or angle changes. Incorrectly modified drivelines can fail prematurely due to excessive vibration. This can cause an accident and severe personal injury.

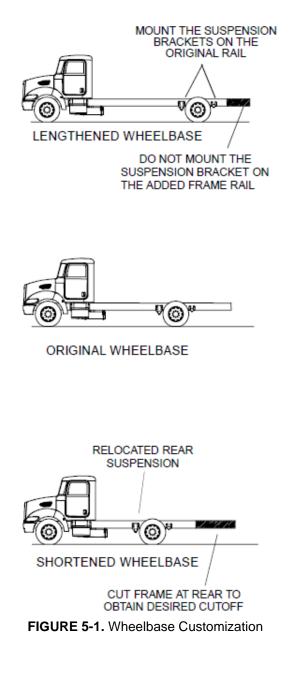


WARNING! When changing the wheelbase, contact your local Peterbilt dealership for support. It is important to verify that these changes do not compromise vehicle frame strength.

Before changing the wheelbase, the driveline angles of the proposed wheelbase need to be examined to ensure no harmful vibrations are created. Consult with the driveline manufacturer for appropriate recommendations.

Before the rear suspension is relocated, check the new location of the spring hanger brackets. The new holes for the spring hanger brackets must not overlap existing holes and should adhere to the guidelines in the "FRAME DRILLING" section of this manual.

When shortening the wheelbase, the suspension should be moved forward and relocated on the original rail. The rail behind the suspension can then be cut to achieve the desired frame overhang. See **FIGURE 5-1**.



CROSSMEMBERS

After lengthening a wheelbase, an additional crossmember may be required to maintain the original frame strength. The maximum allowable distance between the forward suspension crossmember and the next crossmember forward is 47.2 inches (1200 mm). If the distance exceeds 47.2 inches (1200 mm) after the wheelbase is lengthened, add a crossmember between them.

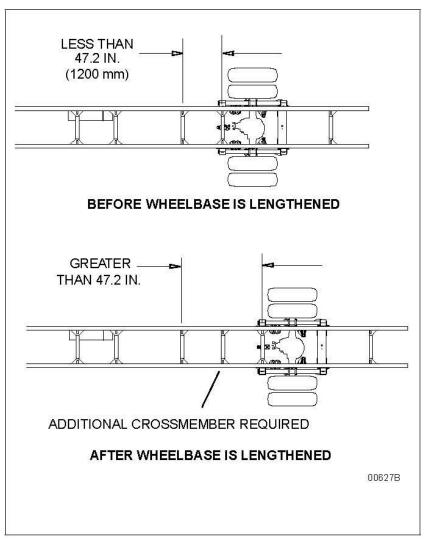


FIGURE 5-2. Crossmember Spacing Requirements

TORQUE REQUIREMENTS

Torque values apply to fasteners with clean threads, lightly lubricated, with hardened steel washers, and nylon-insert nuts.

Fastener	Torque		
Size	Nm	lb-ft	
5/16	22–30	16–22	
3/8	41–54	30–40	
7/16	75–88	55–65	
1/2	109–122	80–90	
9/16	156–190	115-140	
5/8	224–265	165–195	
3/4	394–462	290–340	
7/8	517–626	380–460	
1	952–1129	800–830	
1-1/8	1346–1591	990–1170	
1-1/4	1877–2217	1380–1630	

TABLE 5-1. Customary Grade 8 UNF or UNC.

TABLE 5-2. U.S. Customary - Grade 8 Metric Class 10.9

Fastener	Torque	
Size	Nm	lb-ft
M6	9–15	7–11
M8	23–31	17–23
M10	33–43	24–32
M12	75–101	55–75
M14	134–164	99–121
M16	163–217	120–160
M20	352–460	260–340

WELDING

The frame rails are heat treated and should not be welded. The high heat of welding nullifies the special heat treatment of the rails, greatly reducing the tensile strength of the frame rail. If a frame member becomes cracked from overloading, fatigue, surface damage or a collision, the only permanent repair is to replace the damaged frame member with a new part.

The following information is provided (for temporary emergency repair). Prior to welding a cracked frame rail, the area should be beveled (V'd out) to allow for a better weld. To prevent spreading of the crack, a 7 to 9 mm (1/4 in. to 3/8 in.) diameter hole should be drilled at the end of the crack. Widen the crack along its full length by using two hack saw blades together. When welding steel frames use the shielded arc method. When welding aluminum frames use either the tungsten inert gas (TIG) or consumable electrode method. Be sure to obtain full weld penetration along the entire length of the crack.

PRECAUTIONS

CAUTION:



Before welding, disconnect the negative terminal battery cable.

CAUTION:



Before welding, disconnect the alternator terminals. Failure to do so could result in damage to the voltage regulator and/or alternator.

CAUTION:



To prevent damage to electrical equipment, disconnect battery cables before arc-welding on a truck, and be sure that the welding ground lead is connected to the frame. Bearings and other parts will be damaged if current must pass through them in order to complete the circuit.

WELDING PRECAUTIONS: ALL ELECTRONIC ENGINES

Before welding on vehicles with electronic engines, the following precautions should be observed.

- 1. Disconnect all electrical connections to the vehicle batteries.
- 2. Disconnect all ECM connectors.
- 3. Do not use the ECM or engine ground stud for the ground of the welding probe.
- 4. Ensure that the ground connection for the welder is as close to the weld point as possible. This ensures maximum weld current and minimum risk to damage electrical components on the vehicle.
- 5. Turn off key.

NOTE:



Bosch ABS and Wabco ABS: Disconnect ECU.

SECTION 6 CAN COMMUNICATIONS

INTRODUCTION

Controller Area Network (CAN) is a serial network technology that was originally designed for the automotive industry but has also become popular in the commercial trucking industry. The CAN bus is primarily used in the embedded systems and network technology that provides fast communication among controllers up to real-time requirements, eliminating the need for the much more expensive and complex technology.

CAN is a two-wire high-speed network system, that is far superior to conventional hardwired technologies functionality and reliability. CAN implementations are more cost effective. CAN is designed for real-time requirements which can easily beat hardwire connections when it comes to short reaction times, timely error detection, quick error recovery and error repair.

Characteristics of the Controller Area Network

- A serial networking technology for embedded solutions
- Needs only two wires to communicate messages
- Operates at data rates of 250K and 500K
- Supports a maximum of 8 bytes per message frame
- One application can support multiple message IDs
- Supports message priority, i.e. the lower the message ID the higher its priority

CAN COMMUNICATIONS ACRONYM LIBRARY

Acronym	Definition
CAN	Controller Area Network
J-1939	SAE CAN Communication Standard
PGN	Parameter Group Number
PTO	Power Take Off
SPN	Suspect Parameter Number
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
DPF	Diesel Particulate Filter
TSC1	Torque Speed Commands

SAE J1939

The Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Communications Subcommittee for Truck and Bus Controls has developed a family of standards concerning the design and use of devices that transmit electronic signals and control information among vehicle components. SAE J1939 and its companion documents are the accepted industry standard for the vehicle network of choice for commercial truck applications. SAE J1939 is used in the commercial vehicle area for communication in the embedded systems of the commercial vehicle.

SAE J1939 uses CAN as physical layer. It is a recommended practice that defines which and how the data is communicated between the Electronic Control Units within a vehicle network. Typical controllers are the Engine, Brake, Transmission, etc. The messages exchanged between these units can be data such as vehicle road speed, torque control message from the transmission to the engine, oil temperature, and many more.

Characteristics of J1939

- Extended CAN identifier (29 bit)
- Peer-to-peer and broadcast communication
- Network management
- Definition of parameter groups for commercial vehicles and others
- Manufacturer specific parameter groups are supported
- Diagnostics features
- A standard developed by the Society of Automotive Engineers
- Defines communication for vehicle networks
- A Higher-Layer Protocol using CAN as the physical layer
- Uses shielded twisted pair wire
- Applies a maximum network length of 120 ft.
- Applies a standard baud rate of 250 Kbit/sec
- Supports peer-to-peer and broadcast communication
- Supports message lengths up to 1785 bytes
- Defines a set of Parameter Group Numbers
- Supports network management

PARAMETER GROUP NUMBER

Parameter Groups contain information on parameter assignments within the 8-byte CAN data field of each message as well as repetition rate and priority. Parameters groups are, for instance, engine temperature, which includes coolant temperature, fuel temperature, oil temperature, etc. Parameter Groups and their numbers are listed in SAE J1939 and defined in SAE J1939/71, a document containing parameter group definitions plus suspect parameter numbers.

SUSPECT PARAMETER NUMBER

A Suspect Parameter Number is a number assigned by the SAE to a specific parameter within a parameter group. It describes the parameter in detail by providing the following information:

Data Length in bytes Data Type Resolution Offset Range Reference Tag (Label)

SPNs that share common characteristics are grouped into Parameter Groups and they will be transmitted throughout the network using the Parameter Group Number.

CAN MESSAGES AVAILABLE ON BODY CONNECTIONS

SPN	CAN Signal Description	PGN	CAN BUS
38	Fuel Level 2	65276, DD1	SCAN, KCAN
46	6 Pneumatic Supply Pressure 65198, AIR1 SCAN, KCAN,		SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
51	Engine Throttle Valve1 Postion1	65266, LFE1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
69	Two Speed Axle Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
70	Parking Brake Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
74	Maximum Vehicle Speed Limit	65261, CCSS	SCAN, KCAN
81	Aftertreatment 1 Diesel Particulate Filter Intake Pressure	65270, IC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
84	Wheel-Based Vehicle Speed	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
86	Cruise Control Set Speed	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
86	Cruise Control Set Speed	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
90	PTO Oil Temperature	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
91	Accelerator Pedal Position1	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
94	Engine fuel Delivery Pressure	65263, EFLP1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
96	Fuel Level 1	65276, DD1	SCAN, KCAN
98	Engine Oil Level	65263, EFLP1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
101	Engine Crankcase Pressure	65263, EFLP1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
105	Engine Intake Manifold 1 Temperature	65270, IC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
106	Engine Intake Air Pressure	65270, IC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
108	Barometric Pressure	65269, AMB	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
111	Engine Coolant Level 1	65263, EFLP1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
117	Brake Primary Pressure	65274, B1	SCAN, KCAN
118	18 Brake Secondary Pressure 65274, B1 SCAN, KCA		SCAN, KCAN
158	Key Switch Battery Potential	65271, VEP1	SCAN, KCAN
161	Transmission Input Shaft Speed	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
162	Transmission Requested Range	61445, ETC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
163	Transmission Current Gear	61445, ETC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
168	Battery Potential / Power Input 1	65271, VEP1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
171	Ambient Air Temperature	65269, AMB	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
173	Engine Exhaust Temperature	65270, IC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
174	Engine Fuel Temperature 1	65262, ET1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
182	Engine Trip Fuel	65257, LFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
183	Engine Fuel Rate	65266, LFE1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
184	Engine Instantaneous Fuel Economy	65266, LFE1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
185	Engine Average Fuel Economy	65266, LFE1	SCAN, KCAN
187	Power Takeoff Set Speed	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN
187	Power Take Off Set Speed	65264,PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
187	Power Take Off Set Speed	65264,PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
190	Engine Speed	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN

191	Transmission Output Shaft Speed	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
235	5 Engine Total Idle Hours 65244, IO SCAN, KCAN		SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
236	6 Engine Total Idle Fuel Used 65244, IO SCAN, KCAN,		SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
237	Vehicle Identification Number	65260, VI	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
244	Trip Distance	65248, VD	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
245	Total Vehicle Distance	65248, VD	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
247	Engine Total Hours of Operation	65253, HOURS	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
249	Engine Total Revolutions	65253, HOURS	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
250	Engine Total Fuel Used	65257, LFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
512	Driver's Demand Engine-Percent Torque	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
513	Actual Engine-Percent Torque	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
518	Engine Requested Torque/Torque Limit	0, TSC1	SCAN, KCAN
518	Engine Requested Torque/Torque Limit	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
523	Transmission Current Gear	61445, ETC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
524	Transmission Selected Gear	61445, ETC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
525	Transmission Requested Gear	256, TC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
525	Trans Requested Gear	256, TC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
526	Transmission Actual Gear Ratio	61445, ETC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
527	Cruise Control States	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
527	Cruise Control States	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
527	Cruise Control States	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
558	Accelerator Pedal1 Low Idle Switch	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
559	Accelerator Pedal Kick down Switch	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
560	Transmission Driveline Engaged	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
573	Transmission Torque Converter Lockup Engaged	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
574	Transmission Shift in Process	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
590	Engine Idle Shutdown Timer State	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
590	Engine Idle Shutdown Timer State	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
591	Engine Idle Shutdown Timer Function	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
591	Engine Idle Shutdown Timer Function	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
592	Engine Idle Shutdown Timer Override	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
593	Engine Idle Shutdown has Shutdown Engine	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
594	Engine Idle Shutdown Driver Alert Mode	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
595	Cruise Control Active	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
595	Cruise Control Active	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
595	Cruise Control Active	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
596	Cruise Control Enable Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
597	Brake Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
598	Clutch Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
599	Cruise Control Set Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
600	Cruise Control Coast (Decelerate) Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN

CAN COMMUNICATIONS

601	Cruise Control Resume Switch	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
602	2 Cruise Control Accelerate Switch 65265, CCVS1 SCAN, KC		SCAN, KCAN
606	5 Engine Momentary Overspeed Enable 61442, ETC1 SCAN, KCAN,		SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
607	Progressive Shift Disable	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
684	Requested% Clutch Slip	256, TC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
695	Engine Override Control Mode	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
696	Engine Requested Speed Control Conditions	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
897	Override Control Mode Priority	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
898	Engine Requested Speed/Speed Limit	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
917	Total Vehicle Distance (High Resolution)	65217, VDHR	SCAN, KCAN
969	Remote Accelerator Enable Switch	61441, EBC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
974	Remote Accelerator Pedal Position	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
974	Remote Accelerator Pedal Position	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
975	Engine Fan1 Estimated Percent Speed	65213, FD1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
976	PTO Governor State	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN
976	PTO Governor State	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
976	PTO Governor State	65265, CCVS1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
977	Fan Drive State	65213, FD1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
979	Engine Remote PTO Governor Preprogrammed Speed Control Switch	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
979	Engine Remote PTO Governor Preprogrammed Speed Control Switch	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
980	Engine PTO Governor Enable Switch	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
980	Engine PTO Governor Enable Switch	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
982	Engine PTO Governor Resume Switch	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
984	Engine PTO Governor Set Switch	65264, PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
985	A/C High Pressure Fan Switch	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1040	Total Fuel Used (Gaseous)	65199, GFC	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1087	Service Brake Circuit1 Air Pressure	65198, AIR1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1087	Service Brake Circuit1 Air Pressure	65198, AIR1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1107	Engine Protection System Timer State	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1108	Engine Protection System Timer Override	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1110	Engine Protection System Approaching Shutdown	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1111	Engine Protection System Configuration	65252, SHUTDN	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1172	Engine Turbocharger1 Compressor Intake Temperature	65178, TCl2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1184	Engine Turbocharger1 Turbine Outlet Temperature	65175, TCI5	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1214	Suspect Parameter Number	65226, DM1	SCAN, KCAN
1214	Suspect Parameter Number	65226, DM1	VCAN2
1214	Suspect Parameter Number	65226, DM1	SCAN, KCAN
1215	Failure Mode Identifier	65226, DM1	SCAN, KCAN
1215	Failure Mode Identifier	65226, DM1	VCAN2
1215	Failure Mode Identifier	65226, DM1	SCAN, KCAN
1216	Occurrence Count	65226, DM1	SCAN, KCAN

CAN COMMUNICATIONS

1437	Road Speed Limit Status	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1482	Source Address of Controlling Device for Transmission Control	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1483	Source Address of Controlling Device for Engine Control	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1487	Illumination Brightness Percent	53248, CL	SCAN, KCAN
1639	Fan Speed	65213, FD1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1675	Engine Starter Mode	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1706	SPN Conversion Method	65226, DM1	SCAN, KCAN
1807	Steering Wheel Angle	61449, VDC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1854	TransMode3	256, TC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
1856	Seat Belt Switch	57344, CM1	SCAN, KCAN
2367	Left Turn Signal Lights Command	65089, LCMD	SCAN, KCAN
2369	Right Turn Signal Lights Command	65089, LCMD	SCAN, KCAN
2391	Back Up Light and Alarm Horn Command	65089, LCMD	SCAN, KCAN
2432	Engine Demand–Percent Torque	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
2538	TransMode3Indicator	65098, ETC7	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
2540	Parameter Group Number (RQST)	59904, RQST	SCAN, KCAN
2609	Cab A/C Refrigerant Compressor Outlet Pressure	64993 <i>,</i> CACI	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
2863	Front Operator Wiper Switch	64973, OWW	SCAN, KCAN
2876	Turn Signal Switch	64972, OEL	SCAN, KCAN
2979	Vehicle Acceleration Rate Limit Status	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN
2979	Vehicle Acceleration Rate Limit Status	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3026	Transmission Oil Level 1 Measurement Status	65272, TRF1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3027	Transmission Oil Level1 High/Low	65272, TRF1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3028	Transmission Oil Level 1 Countdown Timer	65272, TRF1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3031	Aftertreatment 1 Diesel Exhaust Fluid Tank Temperature	65110, AT1T1I	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3349	TSC1 Transmission Rate	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3350	TSC1 Control Putpose	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3357	Actual Maximum Available Engine – Percent Torque	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3363	Aftertreatment 1 Diesel Exhaust Fluid Tank Heater	65110, AT1T1I	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3447	Remote PTO Governor Preprogrammed Speed Control Switch 2	65264 <i>,</i> PTO	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3462	Engagement Status	64932, PTODE	SCAN, BCAN
3543	Engine Operating State	64914, EOI	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3606	Engine Controlled Shutdown Request	64914, EOI	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3607	Engine Emergency (Immediate) Shutdown Indication	64914, EOI	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3673	Engine Throttle Valve2 Position	65266, LFE1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3695	Aftertreatment Regen Inhibit Switch	57344, CM1	SCAN, KCAN
3696	Aftertreatment Regen Force Switch	57344, CM1	SCAN, KCAN
3696	Force Regen	57344,CM1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3696	Force Regen	57344,CM1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3703	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Inhibit Switch	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3704	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Clutch Disengaged	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN

CAN COMMUNICATIONS

3705	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Service Brake Active	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3706	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to PTO Active 64892, DPFC1 SCAN, KCAN,		SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3707	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Accelerator Pedal Off Idle	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3708	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Out of Neutral	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3709	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Vehicle Speed Above Allowed Speed	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3711	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Low Exhaust Temperature	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3712	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to System Fault	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3716	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Engine Not Warmed Up	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3717	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Inhibited Due to Vehicle Speed Below Allowed Speed	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3721	Aftertreatment 1 Diesel Particulate Filter Time Since Last Active Regen	64891, AT1S1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
3948	At least one PTO engaged	64932, PTODE	SCAN, KCAN
4154	Actual Engine - Percent Torque (Fractional)	61444, EEC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
4175	Diesel Particulate Filter Active Regen Forced Status	64892, DPFC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
4191	Engine Requested Torque - High Resolution	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
4206	Message Counter	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
4207	Message Checksum	0,TSC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
4816	Transmission Torque Converter Lockup Transition in Process	61442, ETC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5082	Engine Oil Pressure Low Lamp Command	64775, DLCC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5082	Engine Oil Pressure Low Lamp Command	64775, DLCC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5083	Engine Coolant Temperature High Lamp Command	64775, DLCC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5083	Engine Coolant Temperature High Lamp Command	64775, DLCC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5084	Engine Coolant Level Low Lamp Command	64775, DLCC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5084	Engine Coolant Level Low Lamp Command	64775, DLCC1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5088	Vehicle Fuel Level Low Lamp Command	64774, DLCC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5088	Vehicle Fuel Level Low Lamp Command	64774, DLCC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5089	Vehicle Air Pressure Low Lamp Command	64774, DLCC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5091	Vehicle Battery Charging Lamp Command	64774, DLCC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5246	Aftertreatment SCR Operator Inducement Severity	65110, AT1T1I	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5398	Estimated Pumping – Percent Torque	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5399	DPF Thermal Management Active	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5400	SCR Thermal Management Active	61443, EEC2	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5466	Aftertreatment 1 Diesel Particulate Filter Soot Load Regen Threshold	64891, AT1S1	SCAN, KCAN, BCAN
5676	Forward Collision Advanced Emergency Braking System State	61487, AEBS1	SCAN, KCAN

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SECTION 7a ELECTRICAL 579 FAMILY

INTRODUCTION

This section is written to provide information to the body builder when installing equipment into vehicles built with multiplexed instrumentation. The technology presented by VECU level instrumentation integrates J-1939 CAN data communications between controllers and equipment on the vehicle. This section is intended to address how to work in aftermarket equipment while still maintaining full functionality of the OEM vehicle.

These topics apply to 2.1M chassis built with VECU architecture. The electrical architecture for these trucks will be named VMUX which replaces VECU01. This system integrates a parallel control unit to manage outbound messages via a faster baud rate 500kbps and FCAN signals for the chassis module(s). The F-CAN is located on the VECU, so the VCAN is divided into VCAN1 and VCAN2. The second CAN is dedicated to OBD communication.

The most important advancement of electrical instrumentation is the implementation of the VECU controller. While it is still possible to wire completely outside of the VECU system, utilizing the VECU functions will make a cleaner installation and will maintain OEM functionality. VECU expands controls to air operated devices by receiving input from dash switches, remote (aftermarket) switches, sensors mounted to the aftermarket equipment and other vehicle parameters (engine speed, transmission status etc.) With the proper programming, the VECU will then process the inputs and will create a J-1939 Data instruction which is communicated to another controller outside the cab called the Chassis Module. This chassis module receives the instruction and communicates the information to the air solenoid bank. Then 12V power will open the solenoid and supply air pressure the specified air circuit. The chassis module can also supply voltage to other systems on the chassis.

Acronym	Definition
CAN	Controller Area Network
DTC	Diagnostics Trouble Code
ECM	Engine Control Module
ECU	Electrical Control Unit
EOA	Electric Over Air
EOH	Electric Over Hydraulic
J-1939	SAE CAN Communication Standard
LIN	Local Interconnect Network
MSB	Master Solenoid Bank
MSM	Master Switch Module
MUX	Multiplex Switch
OBD	On Board Diagnostics
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacture
PCC	Predictive Cruise Control
PDC	Power Distribution Center
PGN	Parameter Group Number
PTO	Power Take Off
RP1226	TMS Messaging Standard
SPN	Suspect Parameter Number
TCM	Transmission Control Module
VECU	Vehicle Electronic Control Unit

ELECTRICAL ACRONYM LIBRARY

The wire system uses 10 different colors and only one striped wire color. Each wire has a minimum of seven characters, with the first three characters as the wire color. The remaining four characters are related to the wire services. The colors determine the circuits function as follows:

PA	PACCAR Electrical Circuit Code				
Insulation Color	Color Code	Electrical Function			
Red w/ white stripe	R/WXXXX	Direct battery power			
Red	REDXXXX	Protected battery power			
Orange	ORNXXXX	Ignition, Accessory, Low Voltage Disconnect, StartPower			
Yellow	YELXXXX	Activated Power			
White	WHTXXXX	Ground			
Black	BLKXXXX	Load Retun			
Gray	GRAXXXX	Control			
Brown	BRNXXXX	Indicator Illumination Backlit Illumination			
Violet	VIOXXXX	Reference Voltage or +5VDC or Sensor Power			
Light Blue	BLUXXXX	Sensor Signal			
Light Green	GRNXXXX	Sensor common or Sensor Ground			

ELECTRICAL	WIRF	CIRCUIT	CODE	TABLES
		01110011	OODL	

	Number		Category
XXX0000	through	XXX0999	General
XXX1000	through	XXX1999	Power Supply
XXX2000	through	XXX2999	Lighting
XXX3000	through	XXX3999	Powertrain
XXX4000	through	XXX4999	Instrumentation
XXX5000	through	XXX5999	Safety systems
XXX6000	through	XXX6999	Convenience, Security
XXX7000	through	XXX7999	HVAC
XXX8000	through	XXX8999	Undefined
XXX9000	through	XXX99999	Trailer/Body Connections

The VECU electrical architecture uses a multiplexing system. Multiplexing can be defined as the process of sending multiple digital signals on the same shared medium at the same time. These signals are introduced into the multiplexing system through data connection points which are defined by J1939 backbone.

CAN BUS SPEEDS AND CIRCUIT DESIGNATION

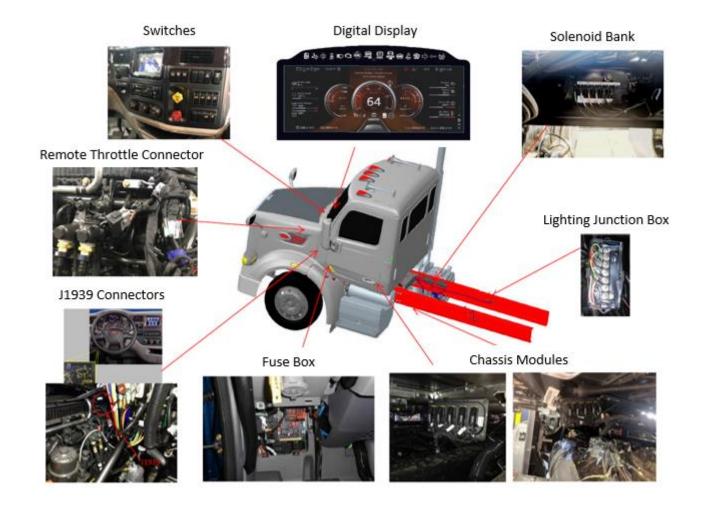
J1939-14 (500KBPS):

J1939-15 (250KBPS):

B-CAN – 0813 Body Builder C-CAN – 0821 Cab D-CAN – 0822 Diagnostics F-CAN – 0819 Frame G-CAN – 0825 Bendix ACB Antenna S-CAN – 0827 Radio and PACCAR Display V-CAN1 – 0812 Vehicle1 V-CAN2 – 0823 Vehicle2 T-CAN – 0828 Transmission K-CAN – 0829 Telematics and Remote PTO

ELECTRICAL COMPONENT OVERVIEW

OVERVIEW DIAGRAM OF ELECTRICAL COMPONENT LOCATIONS



ELECTRICAL HARNESS OVERVIEW



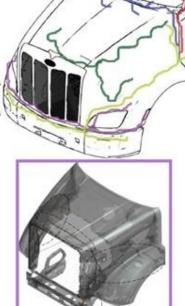
MAIN CHASSIS HARNESS 1) Connections to Firewall Bulkhead 2) Connections to Rear Chassis Harness 3) Connections to Chassis Module 4) Connection to Solenoid Bank 5) Connections to Rear Chassis Harness 6) Connections to Hood Harness



ENGINE HARNESS

- 1) Connections to Main Chassis Harness 2) Connections to Firewall Bulkead 3) Connections to Starter

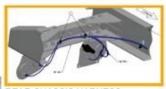
- 4) Connections to Aftertreatment Harness 5) Connection to Engine ECU



HOOD CHASSIS HARNESS 1) Connections to Main Chassis Harness 2) Connections to Head Lights 3) Connections to Turn Signal Lamps



- MAIN CAB IP HARNESS
- 1) Connections to Firewall Bulkhead
- 2) Connections to VECU 3) Connections to Power Distribution Center
- 4) Connections to Instrument Panels
- 5) Connection to Allison TCM
- 6) Connections to Cab Roof Harness



REAR CHASSIS HARNESS 1) Connections to Chassis Harness 2) Connections to Tail Light



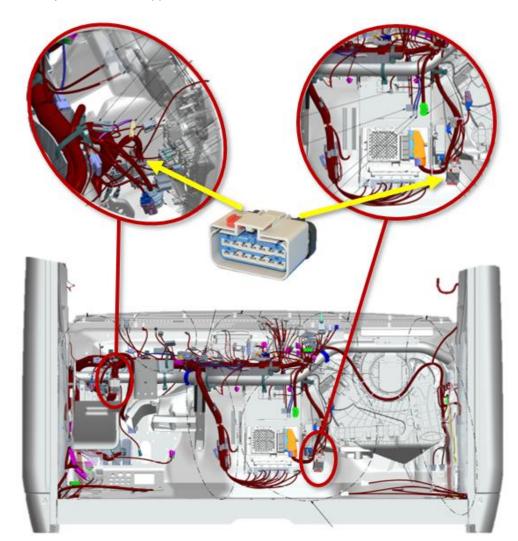
CAB ROOF HARNESS 1) Connections to Main Cab IP Harness 2) Connections to Antennas

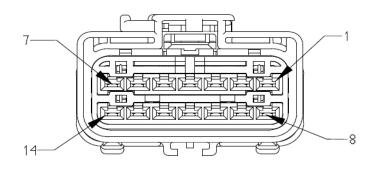
3) Connections to Roof Lighting

IN CAB CAN BASED MESSAGING CONNECTOR

RP1226 CONNECTOR

There are two RP1226 connectors located inside the cab. The first RP1226 connector is located on the left hand side of the steering wheel behind the dash near the OBD connector. The second RP1226 connector is located on the passenger side behind the dash. The RP1226 connector can be used for after-market telematics, ELD, body controls, and PTO controls. There will be multiple bus speeds available K-CAN for 250kbps and S-CAN for 500kbps. The RP1226 provides defined messages and major telematics supplier data for customer use.

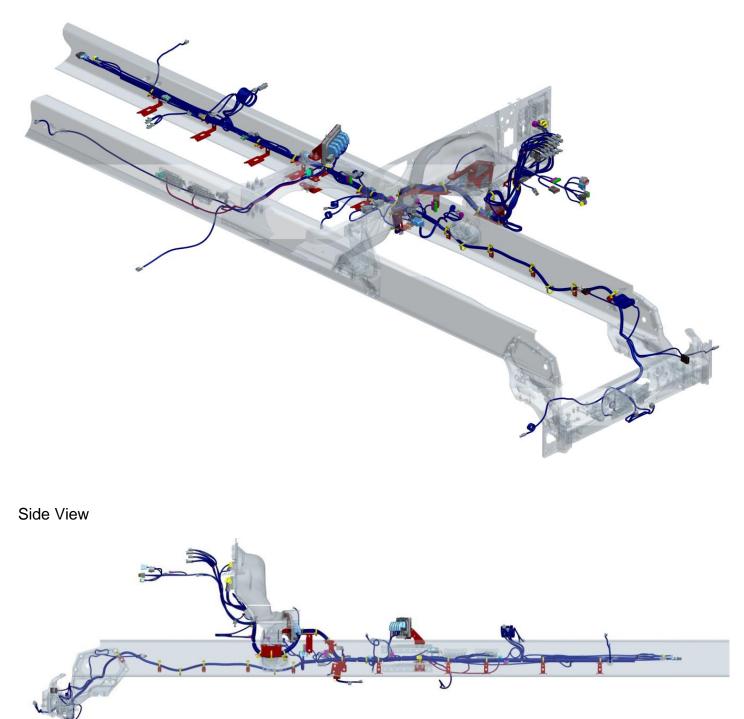




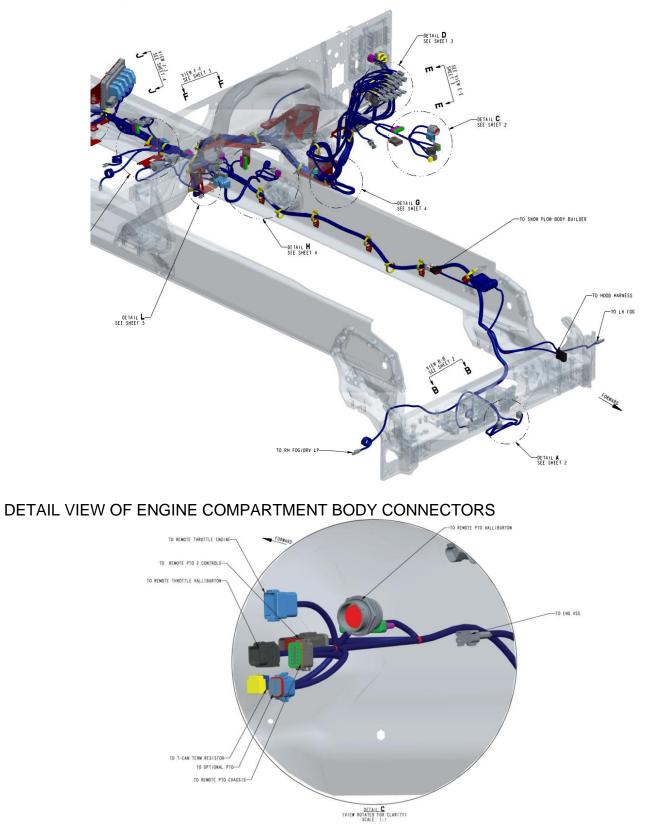
Pin	Description		
1	PROTECTED POWER		
2	J1939 S-CAN (+)		
4	J1939 K-CAN (+)		
7	IGNITION POWER		
8	GROUND		
9	J1939 S-CAN (-)		
11	J1939 K-CAN (-)		

LOCATION DIAGRAMS FOR VARIOUS BODY CONNECTORS ON THE MAIN CHASSIS HARNESS

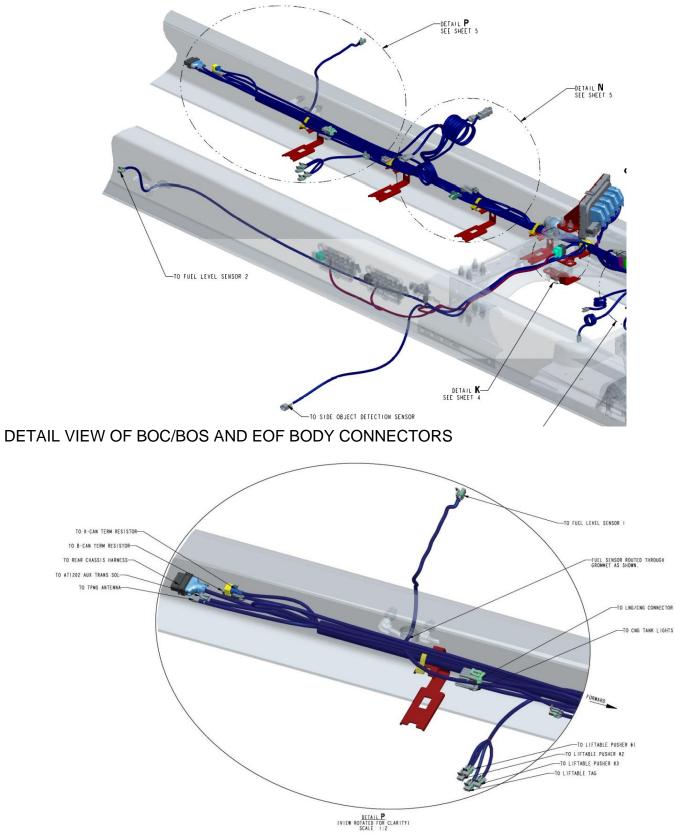
Isometric View



FRONT PORTION VIEW

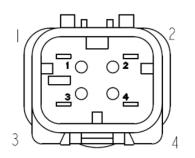


REAR PORTION VIEW



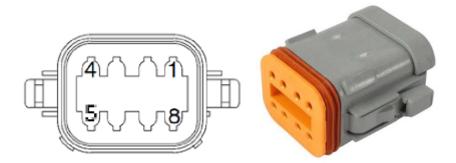
ELECTRIC ENGAGED EQUIPMENT

At the left hand forward cab mount, P198 is available for PTO controls that are electrically engaged via ground.



Pin	Description
1	VEHICLE GROUND
2	#1 PTO ON/OFF
3	PTO PUMP MODE SIGNAL
4	#2 PTO ON/OFF

OPTIONAL 8 PIN PTO INPUT CONNECTOR



Pin	Description
1	12V IGNITION SIGNAL
2	PTO INTERLOCK INPUT (Active Low)
3	REMOTE PTO PRESET 3 (Active High)
4	REMOTE PTO PRESET 2 (Active High)
5	REMOTE PTO PRESET 1 (Active High)
6	REMOTE PTO PRESET INCREMENT + (Active High)
7	REMOTE PTO PRESET DECREMENT - (Active High)
8	VEHICLE GROUND

REMOTE THROTTLE AND REMOTE PTO CONTROLS

PACCAR MX Engines

Chassis must be ordered with the appropriate option to have a 12 pin connector on the chassis harness. All signals will feed into the Chassis Modules.

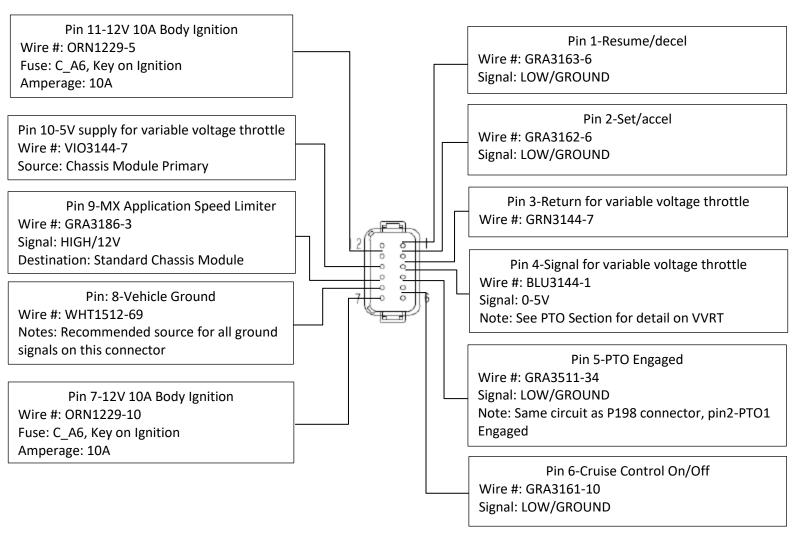
Wiring Function Description:

Connect pin 5 and pin 6 to pin 8 to activate PTO Mode Control (PMC) and Enable PTO Speed Control (PSC). WARNING: DO NOT install a permanent jumper wire between Pins 5 and 6.

- "Bump up" Engine Speed: Connect pins 2 to pin 8 momentarily
- "Accelerate" Engine Speed: Connect pins 2 to pin 8 until desired RPM is reached then disconnect
- "Bump down" Engine Speed: Connect pin 1 to pin 8 momentarily
- "Decelerate" Engine Speed: Connect pins 1 to pin 8 until desired RPM is reached then disconnect
- "0-5v Variable Voltage Remote Throttle": See PTO section

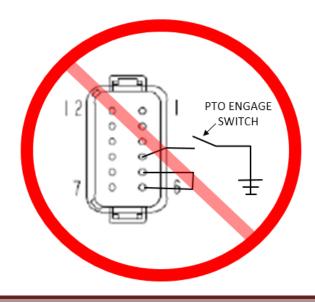


ELECTRICAL – 579 FAMILY

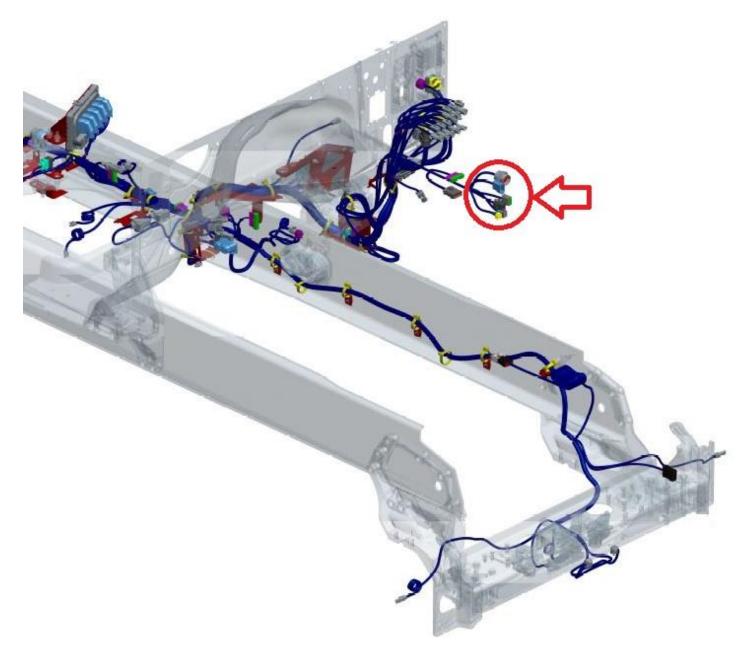


WARNING!

DO NOT install a permanent jumper wire between pins 5 and 6. May cause unexpected vehicle behavior.



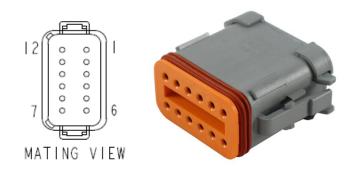
MX-11 and MX-13 Connector Location



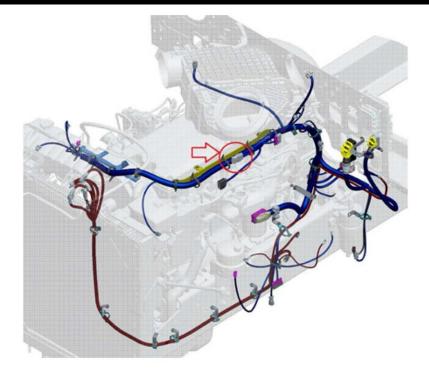
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Cummins Engines 12 Pin Connector

Chassis must be ordered with the appropriate option to have a 12 pin connector on the engine harness. The Body IGN signal was moved off the engine harness connector, so for Cummins, the Chassis Harness will include the PTO layer to insert the Body IGN signal back into the 12-way connector. Signals that feed directly to the engine ECM typically will be active low signals. Connect pins 3 and 5 for simple PTO ON/OFF signal. For Remote throttle bump, you must connect pins 3 & 6. Having a momentary switch to signal ground on pins 2 and 1 will then increase/decrease engine speed. Engine speed will depend on how engine is programmed. Unless otherwise specified, engine is set by default for incremental speed increase. Full remote throttle control can be achieved with a twisted triple to pin 4, 10, and 11.



Pin	Description
1	INPUT FOR REMOTE PTO RESUME (Active Low)
2	INPUT FOR REMOTE PTO SET (Active Low)
3	SWITCH RETURN
4	INPUT FOR REMOTE THROTTLE SENSOR CIRCUIT (TWISTED TRIPLE)
5	PTO ENGAGED SIGNAL (LOW = ENGAGED)
6	CRUISE ON/OFF (Active Low)
7	+12V 10A BODY IGN FUSE C_A6
8	VEHICLE GROUND
9	TORQUE LIMIT INPUT (Active Low)
10	PWR SUPPLY +5V(TWISTED TRIPLE)
11	ANALOG RETURN (TWISTED TRIPLE)
12	REMOTE ACCELERATOR ENABLE



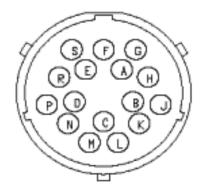
X15 Connection location

DUAL STATION CONTROLS

When equipped, dual station controls allow extra controls from a remote station outside of the cab. The option will either include a 16-way connector, or a 23-way connector. When the in-cab PTO control switch is switched to the "on" position with the park brake applied, the engine will turn off unless the dual station remote run input is properly powered via the 16 or 23-way connector. To power the remote run input, terminal X of the 23-way connector or terminal L of the 16-way connector will be powered with a 12V+ input which will power terminal 87 of the remote run relay. To operate the remote start input, terminal F of the 23-way connector will be powered with a 12V+ input which a 12V+ input which will power terminal 85 of the remote run relay and terminal 85 of the remote start relay.

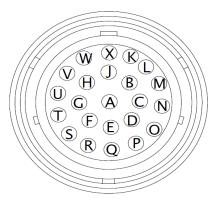
Following is a list of pin descriptions, and the required input or supplied output signal type for both the 23-way and the 16way connectors for both PACCAR MX and Cummins engines. Also following are examples of wiring connections for common items used.

PACCAR MX ENGINE 16 PIN



Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
			External Regen Relay, Controlled by Pin C7 of
A	External Regeneration Notification	Output, Active High	Optional Chassis Module
В	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A Remote Run Relay
С	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay.
D	Remote Throttle Sensor Supply	Output, 5V (+) Supply	Pin E2 of Standard Chassis Module
Е	Remote Throttle Position	Input Variable 0-5V	Pin A18 of Standard Chassis Module
F	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Pin E1 of Standard Chassis Module
G	DEF Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
Н	Regeneration Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
J	tachometer (+)	Tachometer Output (+)	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on P669 Pin 1
к	tachometer (-)	Tachometer Output (-)	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on P669 Pin 2
			Pin 87 Remote Run relay, supplies Pin 63 Engine
L	Remote ECM Power Engine Run	Input 12V (+)	ECM When Relay Active.
М	Engine oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J668
Ν	NOT USED	NOT USED	
Р	Water Temp	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J667
R	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin C42 of VECU
S	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin C43 of VECU

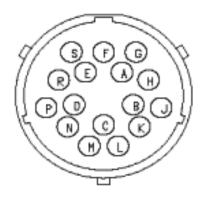
PACCAR MX ENGINE 23 PIN CONNECTOR



Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
А	12 VDC IGN Power	Output 12V (+)	Tied To Pin L of 23 Way Conn. Dash PDC Fuse A6. 10A Fused
В	City Horn	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Horn Relay
С	Check Engine Lamp	Output Active Low	Pin J2-60 of Engine ECM
D	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay
Е	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Standard Chassis Module Pin E1
F	Remote Enable	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Remote Start Relay. Pin 85 of Remote Run Relay
G	Remote Resume	Input Active Ground	Pin A6 of Standard Chassis Module
Н	Remote Set	Input Active Ground	Pin A5 of Standard Chassis Module
J	Remote Throttle Position	Input, Variable 0-5V	Pin A18 of Standard Chassis Module
К	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A Remote Run relay
L	12 VDC IGN Power	Output 12V (+)	Tied To Pin A of 23 Way Connector. Dash PDC Fuse A6. 10A Fused
М	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin C43 of VECU
Ν	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin C42 of VECU
0	Common Return (General)	Common Ground	Firewall Ground
Р	Engine Oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J668
		Input, Active low - 567 only	Pin A9 of Standard Chassis Module - 567 only
Q	Remote PTO ON/OFF	Input 12V(+) - Legacy	Pin 21 on engine ECM on Legacy
R	DEF Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
S	Regeneration Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
т	External Regeneration Notif	Output, Active High	External Regen Relay, Controlled by Pin C7 of Optional Chassis Module
U	Common Return (Switch)	Common Switch Ground	Firewall Ground
V	Cruise On/Off	Input Active Low	Pin A8 of Standard Chassis Module
W	Remote Throttle Sensor	Output, 5V (+)	Pin E2 of Standard Chassis Module
х	Remote ECM Power Engine	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 Remote Run relay

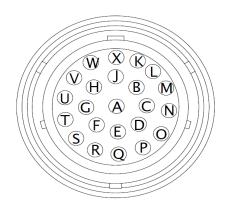
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CUMMINS ENGINE 16 PIN CONNECTOR



Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
А	External Regeneration Notification	Output, Active	Pin C7 From Chassis Module
В	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A of Remote Run Relay
С	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay.
D	Remote Throttle Sensor Supply	Output, 5V (+) Supply	Pin 8 Engine ECM
Е	Remote Throttle Position	Input Variable 0-5V	Pin 63 of Engine ECM
F	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Pin 32 of Engine ECM
G	DEF Lamp Return	Output Active Low	Pin 2 of Engine ECM
Н	Regeneration Lamp Return	Output Active Low	Pin 23 of Engine ECM.
J	tachometer (+)	Tachometer Output (+)	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on P669 Pin 1
К	tachometer (-)	Tachometer Output (-)	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on P669 Pin 2
L	Remote ECM Power Engine Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Run Relay
М	Engine oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on J668
Ν	NOT USED	NOT USED	
Р	Water Temp	Output	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on J667
R	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin 42 of VECU C
S	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin 43 of VECU C

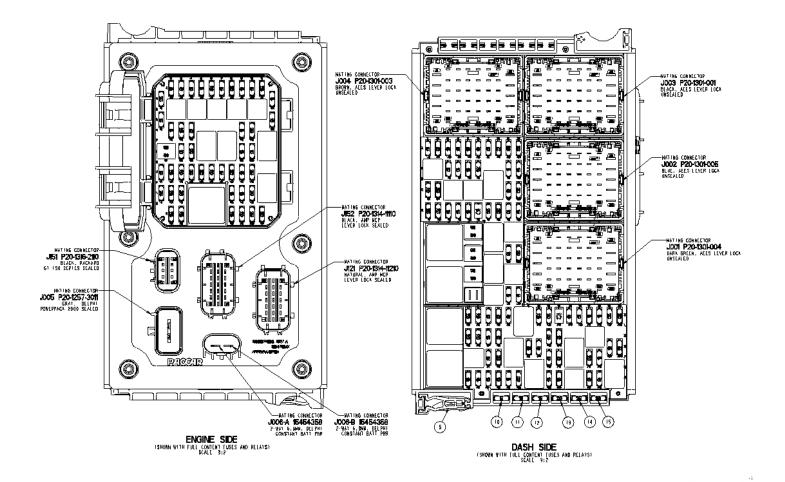
CUMMINS ENGINE 23 PIN CONNECTOR



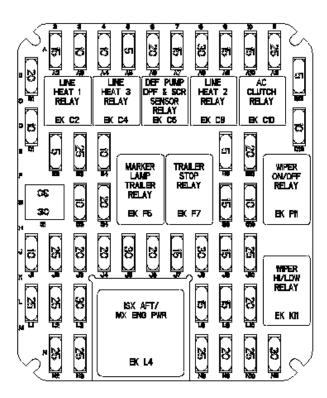
Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
			Tied To Pin L of 23-Way Connector. Cab PDC Fuse A9 10A
А	IGN (Switch) Power	Output 12V (+)	Fused
В	City Horn	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Horn Relay
С	Check Engine Lamp	Output Active Low	Pin 72 of Engine ECM
D	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay.
Е	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Pin 32 of Engine ECM
F	Remote Enable	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Remote Start Relay. Pin 85 of Remote Run Relay
G	Remote Resume	Input Active Ground	Pin 19 of Engine ECM
Н	Remote Set	Input Active Ground	Pin 12 of Engine ECM
J	Remote Throttle Position	Input, Variable 0-5V	Pin 63 of Engine ECM
К	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A of Remote Run Relay
			Tied To Pin A of 23-Way Connector. Cab PDC Fuse A9 10A
L	IGN (Switch) Power	Output 12V (+)	Fused
Μ	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin 43 of VECU C
Ν	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin 42 of VECU C
0	Common Return (General)	Common Ground	Pin 57 of Engine ECM
Р	Engine Oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J668
			Pin 94 Engine ECM. Pin 85 of Eaton PTO Relay. Pin 85 of PTO
Q	Remote PTO ON/OFF	Input, Active Low	Hour Meter Relay
R	DEF Lamp Return	Output, Active Low	Pin 2 of Engine ECM
S	Regeneration Lamp Return	Output, Active Low	Pin 23 of Engine ECM.
Т	External Regeneration Notification	Output, Active	Pin C7 of Chassis Module
U	Common Return (Switch)	Common Switch Ground	Pin 62 of Engine ECM
V	Torque Limit Switch	Input Ground	Pin 93 Engine ECM
W	Remote Throttle Sensor Supply (+5V)	Output 5V (+)	Pin 8 Engine ECM
Х	Remote ECM Power Engine Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 Remote Run relay

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POWER DISTRIBUTION CENTER

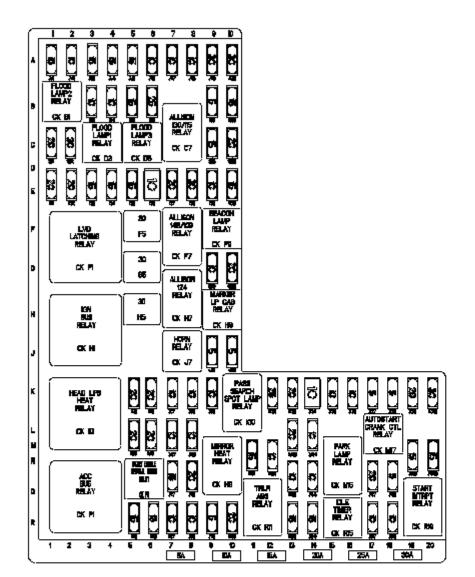


Engine Side Fuse Box Full Content Population



FUSE	FUSE	TRACE Rating	DESCRIPTION		
A2	15A	20A	LINE HEAT I (PRESSURE) -PWR		
AB	I DA	1 O A	ALL I SON/AUTO/ULTRASHIFT		
A4	I DA	1 D.A	CHASSIS MODULE		
A5	5A	5A	LINE HEAT 3 (SUCTION)		
A6	20A	20A	HDLP LH HI/BRAKE		
A7	15A	1.5A	DEF PUMP/DPF/SCR		
A8	30A	30A	CAB ABS		
A9	15A	1 5 A	LINE HEAT 2 (BACKFLOW) -PWR		
01A	15A	1 5A	AUX TRAN/LIFT PUMP		
All	25A	25A	WIPER MOTOR		
81	2DA	20A	EXT REGEN / SPARE IGN		
812	5A	5A	HVAC HEAD PWR / DOOR AJAR		
ßI	I DA	1 O A	ACC RADAR/TPMS		
B12	1 D.A	1 DA	AC CLUTCH RELAY - PWR		
E2	ZA	5A	MX ENG ECU WAKE (ENG SD)		
E S	25A	25A	OCM F6		
E4	10A	1 DA	MUX SOL BANK 2		
E 9	5A	1.5A	MX LPC/CUM ICM PWR		
EIO	20A	20A	CCV PWR - 20A BATT		
61	90A JCASE	30A JCASE	HVAC BLDC MOTOR		
63	I DA	1 Q A	MUX SOL BNK I		
64	20A	20A	OCM F4		
69	15A	1 5A	ISX AFT / MX ENGINE PWR		
610	I DA	1 Q.A	VECU BATT PWR I		
]]	I D.A	1 Q.A	CAB ABS PWR - LOA IGN		
12	25A	25A	RH HOLP LO/DRL/PRM		
13	A05	20A	LH HDLP LO/DRL/PRK		
J4	20A	20A	SCM F7		
J5	30A	30A	TRER MARKER RELAY-PWR		
J6	20A	20A	OCM F5		
71 1	15A	1 5A	BACKUP LAMP		
J8	30A	30A	TRAILER STOP RELAY-PWR		
18	15A	154	VTG		
110	25A	25A	WIPER ON CTL		
LI	25A	25A	QUALCOMM TRLR TRACKS		
L2	25A	25A	HDLP RH HI/FOG/DRL		
Lŝ	SDA	30A	AUTO TRANS		
18	15A	1.5A	AFT/NOX/VSFD		
L9	15A	1.5A	MX ENG ACC PWR		
L 10	20A	20A	TRICAN/DEF CTL/DOSER		
N2	25A	25A	3CM F5		
N B	25A	25A	SCM F6		
N8	25A	25A	FRAME FUEL HEATER		
N 9	20A	20A	MX ENGINE PWR I		
NIO	25A	25A	MX ECM		
NII	3DA	30A	MX PC12/CUM ECM		

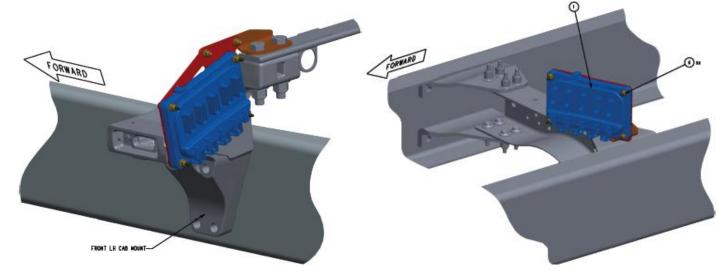
Dash Side Fuse Box Full Content Population



TUSE		TRACE	DESCRIPTION
<u></u>	154	PATING 154	FLOOD LAWP 2
<u></u>	156	204	SPOT LANP
A3	154	154	FLDCD LANP
M	154	154	FLOOD LAWP 3
15	154	154	FLOOD BLACON PVR
Ab	104	104	BCC1 IGN
AT.	104	204	PP1726 IGH
A9	104	204	PP1726 8411
A9	304	304	SLEEPER POC I
A10	3DA	ADE	SLEEPER POC 7
85	104	104	GAUGE CLUSTER
Bł	104	104	YECH BATT PMR 2
85	158	158	SPARE BATT 4
Bi	25A	254	PACCAP ANT/SPAPE BATT
89	54	54	USW/SWAP1WHEEL
B10	154	158	SPARE BATT 5
¢1	80A	20A	ORIVE CAN BATT PAR
C2	504	408	SPARE AGG 7
-0	15	155	CB/RADIO POMER
C 10	204	204	OCM FI
[]	80A	20A	ORIVE CAN IGN PAR
[5	405	204	CANERA HIPPORS BATT PMR
[]	티퉜	154	SPARE LYD 2
- 14	154	154	POMER PORT I
[}	154	154	POMER PORT 2
[]	401	105	CAB DONE LP +
D.	204	204	SPARE LVD I
[4	304	- HDA	RADIO AMPLIFIER
L)	164	10A	BUAL CONF-BATT
E 10	154	155	OCM F2
[5	384 11472	3W 4/2	RH DOOR WOD
65	THE REPORT	34 J.M.	SLEEPER POG 3
63	164	104	LOAS
610	504	204	TELEMATIKS
HŞ	384 1662	3H 7/2	LH DOOR WOD
1	54	58	DIAGNOSTIC POWER
110	54	58	YECU LYD Y SENSE
k5	204	201	LH HEADLAWP HEATER
N.B.	804	204	SPARE BATT 2
N)	164	10k	HORN PELAY - PYP
N.	104	105	CAB WARKER PAR I
K9	101	101	HADLE' BATT PVR
K 19	254	25A	WX ON EWS FUEL HT
k Hg	764	214	SPARE IGN I
k.14	104	104	ETRAC VALVE 4
k15	104	104	VECU STOP LAMP SW
k.14	104	10A	PARK LANP CAS PAP I
ki?	54	5/	YECU / DIGITAL DISPLAY IGN PMP
k 18	54	58	RH STALK SHIFTER
k H	204	204	DCM F3
N.20	4964	104	IPALLER HOI LINE
¥5	21/	204	PH HEADLAWP HEATLP
<u>Nb</u>	204	201	SPARE BATT 3
#/ ##	104	104	SPLICE FEED IGH PH HEATED SEAT
<u> </u>		204	SPARE 16N 2
#14 #14	204	2044	
HII	154	154	STEN LANP SN Ph Mippop Heat
H12	104	104	LA NEATED SEAT
N19	154	154	LH WIRROR HEAT
H20	154	104	PARK LAWP TRUE MAR
#C9 #5	154	154	DIGITAL NIPROPS BACKUP
16	154	154	DIGITAL VIPRORS DRUKUP
P/	154	154	AIR DRILR
P8	204	204	LED FOG/DR COMEO LIS
PIN	164	104	6AUGE CLUSTER
P14	104	104	DIGITAL DISPLAY BATT PVR 2
719	204	204	SPARE BATT I
PIA	54	5/	HYAG HEAD AGG
P/	401	105	SPARE ACC 6
R4	104	104	REMOTE DIA6
 R1	54	5/	YEEU ACC PMR
P10	204	704	SPARE AGG I
PIN	154	155	SPARE ALL SN 3.465
RIA	151	154	SPARE ACC SN 142
	IM	10A	ISPARE ACC 4
R17 Pla	104	104	SPARE AGG 4 PADTO YANE UP

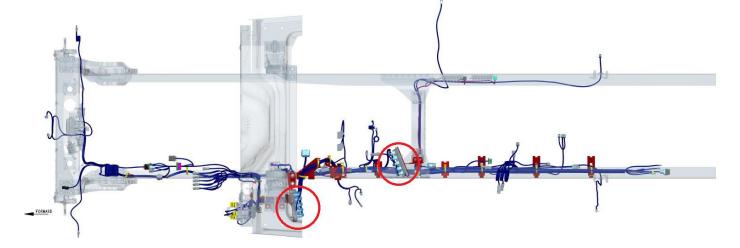
CHASSIS MODULE

There will be two standard chassis modules with one primary chassis module on all trucks and a secondary for optional content. The primary chassis module will be mounted under the cab on the left hand side of the over-bell mounting bracket. The secondary optional chassis module will be located above the rail on the left hand side on the back of cab crossmember. There are hardware and software based protections to prevent damage. The standard chassis modules will generate and store faults to free up space for the VECU. The standard chassis module can be diagnosed through DAVIE service tool.



Chassis Module Locations

Plan View of Chassis Module Locations



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CHASSIS MODULE FUNCTION DESIGNATION

Primary Chassis Module

- Exterior Lighting: Headlamps, Park/Tail, Turn, Brake, DRL, Reverse etc.
- Axle Temperature Sensor Inputs Front Rear and Rear
- Ammeter Sensor Input
- Secondary Kingpin Release Solenoid Control
- Primary/Secondary Fuel Level Sensors
- Lift Axle Air Solenoid Controls 1st, 2nd
- Primary Transmission Neutral Position Switch
- Remote PTO/Throttle Control Inputs
- J-CAN Multiplexed EOA Solenoid Bank Control
- Fuel Filter Gauges
- Main Transmission Oil Temp
- PTO 1 Activation

Secondary Chassis Module

- External Notification of DPF Regeneration
- AT1202 Aux Trans Neutral Switch
- Axle Temperature Gauges Center Rear
- Lift Axle Air Solenoid Controls 3rd , Tag (Rocker Panel Controls)
- NAMCO/FABCO Splitshaft PTO/Transfer Case Sensors
- Aux Transmission Temperature Sensor
- Split Shaft PTO Temperature Sensor
- Fuel Temp Sensor (Auto Start)
- Chicken/Panel Lamps, Snow Plow Lamp
- ISO 3731 Spare Outputs
- B-CAN
- Auto Start/Stop Hood Tilt Switch
- City Horn
- PTO 2, 3, & 4 Activation

FUSE GROUPS

PRIMARY CHASSIS MODULE

Fuse Group Function		
	Electric Over Air Solenoid Kingpin Release	
F1	Main Beam (aka High Beam) - LH	
	Tractor Direction Indication and Hazard Lights - RH Rear (Brake Lamps Also)	
	Tractor Direction Indication/Hazard/DRL Lights - LH Front	
FO	Front Tractor Position lights (Park Lamps)	
F2	Tractor Direction Indication Hazard Side Turn Indicator LH Front	
	Dipped Beam (aka Low Beam) - LH	
	Lift Axle #2 Solenoid	
	Daytime Running Lights (DRL) Peterbilt - LH	
F3	Tractor Direction Indication/Hazard/DRL Lights - RH Front	
	Tractor Direction Indication Hazard Side Turn Indicator RH Front	
	Dipped Beam (aka Low Beam) - RH	
	Daytime Running Lights (DRL) Peterbilt - RH	
F4	Main Beam (aka High Beam) - RH	
	Fog/Driving Lights (Front) 1st Set	
F5	Reverse Warning (aka Backup Alarm)	
гэ	(Rear) Direction Indication and Hazard Lights - LH Trailer	
	Rear Tractor Position lights (Park Lamps)	
F6	Reverse Lamps	
	Tractor Direction Indication and Hazard Lights LH Rear (Brake Lamps Also)	
	LVD Bipolar Output 1	
F7	LVD Bipolar Output 2	
F <i>1</i>	Lift Axle #1 Solenoid	
	(Rear) Direction Indication and Hazard Lights - RH Trailer	

SECONDARY CHASSIS MODULE

Fuse Group	Function
F1	Work Lights 1st Set (Frame mounted Flood Light Options without pass-through grommet)
F2	Aftertreatment External Notification
F2	Sky/Auxiliary lights
F3	Snowplow Lamps OR Dual Station
F 4	Lift Axle #3 Solenoid
F4	Trailer Options - ISO 3731/Spare OR Additional 4/6/7-Way Trailer Connections OR Berg Box
FE	Lift Axle #4 (Tag) Solenoid
F5	Trailer Options - ISO 3731/Spare OR Additional 4/6/7-Way Trailer Connections OR Berg Box
F.C.	Trailer Options - Trailer Dump Gate Coiled BOC OR Configurable Output
F6	Trailer Options - ISO 3731/Spare OR Additional 4/6/7-Way Trailer Connections OR Berg Box

VECU

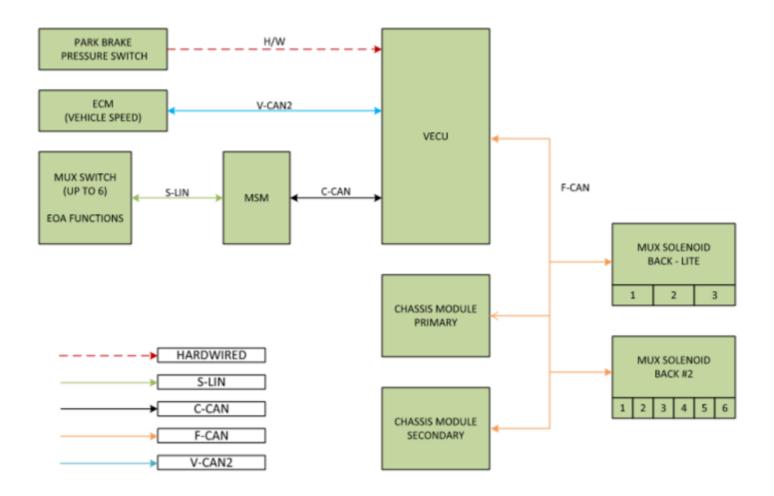
F1 Peterbilt Driving Lights Inside/Outside Air Filter Control Starter Interrupt / Start Enable Relay Control Mirror Heat Relay Cab Dome Lamp Sleeper Dome Lamp Trailer Marker/Clearance Lamps Supply KL-30 Recirculating Header Fan - Low Speed Trailer Hotline Relay Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 2 Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1 Passenger Spot Lamp Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer Job Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control <th>Fuse Group</th> <th>Function</th>	Fuse Group	Function
F1 Starter Interrupt / Start Enable Relay Control Mirror Heat Relay Cab Dome Lamp Sleeper Dome Lamp Trailer Marker/Clearance Lamps Supply KL-30 Recirculating Header Fan - Low Speed Trailer Hotline Relay Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 2 Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1 Passenger Spot Lamp Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer/Cab Park Lamps Trailer/Cab Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting Dash PWM Backlighting		Peterbilt Driving Lights
F1Mirror Heat Relay Cab Dome Lamp Sleeper Dome Lamp Trailer Marker/Clearance Lamps Supply KL-30Recirculating Header Fan - Low Speed Trailer Hotline Relay Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 2 Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1 Passenger Spot Lamp Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer/Cab Park LampsF2F2F2Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps HeaterF3Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsF3Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5VF3Dash PWM Backlighting		Inside/Outside Air Filter Control
F1Cab Dome LampSleeper Dome LampTrailer Marker/Clearance LampsSupply KL-30Recirculating Header Fan - Low SpeedTrailer Hotline RelayWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 2Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System - Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Starter Interrupt / Start Enable Relay Control
F2 Cab Dome Lamp Sleeper Dome Lamp Trailer Marker/Clearance Lamps Supply KL-30 Recirculating Header Fan - Low Speed Trailer Hotline Relay Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 2 Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1 Passenger Spot Lamp Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer John Amps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Mirror Heat Relay
Trailer Marker/Clearance LampsSupply KL-30Recirculating Header Fan - Low SpeedTrailer Hotline RelayWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 2Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting	F1	Cab Dome Lamp
Supply KL-30Recirculating Header Fan - Low SpeedTrailer Hotline RelayWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 2Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Sleeper Dome Lamp
F3 Recirculating Header Fan - Low Speed Trailer Hotline Relay Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 2 Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1 Passenger Spot Lamp Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer/Cab Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Trailer Marker/Clearance Lamps
Trailer Hotline RelayWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 2Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Supply KL-30
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Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Trailer Hotline Relay
Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2 Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1 Passenger Spot Lamp Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer Brake Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 2
Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 3
Passenger Spot LampWork Lights (Flood Lamps) 1Beacon/StrobeTrailer Brake LampsTrailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 2
F2 Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer/Cab Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps F3 F3 Kocs (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Allison MTD PTO Controls - PTO 1
F2 Beacon/Strobe Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer/Cab Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Passenger Spot Lamp
F2 Trailer Brake Lamps Trailer/Cab Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Desh PWM Backlighting		Work Lights (Flood Lamps) 1
F2Trailer/Cab Park LampsRecirculating Header Fan - High SpeedDigital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)Start SignalRight Hand SteerLED Headlamps HeaterPTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO TelltaleFootwell LampSupply KL-30Sensor Supply 5VCab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay OutputWasher Pump ControlAuxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel LampsMCS (Power)Windshield Wiper ControlSupply KL-30Dash PWM Backlighting		Beacon/Strobe
Frailer/Cab Park Lamps Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting	50	Trailer Brake Lamps
Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M) Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting	F2	Trailer/Cab Park Lamps
Start Signal Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Recirculating Header Fan - High Speed
Right Hand Steer LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Digital Vision System – Mirrors (DVS-M)
LED Headlamps Heater PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Start Signal
PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Right Hand Steer
Footwell Lamp Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		LED Headlamps Heater
Supply KL-30 Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		PTO Engaged Output for PTO Hour Meter and PTO Telltale
Sensor Supply 5V Sensor Supply 5V Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Footwell Lamp
F3 Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Supply KL-30
F3 Washer Pump Control Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Sensor Supply 5V
F3 Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Cab Marker/Clearance Lamps Relay Output
F3 MCS (Power) Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting		Washer Pump Control
Windshield Wiper Control Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting	50	Auxiliary Lamps/ Chicken Panel Lamps
Supply KL-30 Dash PWM Backlighting	F3	MCS (Power)
Dash PWM Backlighting		Windshield Wiper Control
		Supply KL-30
		Dash PWM Backlighting
F4 Dash Illumination 2	F4	Dash Illumination 2
Ignition Timer Relay Control		Ignition Timer Relay Control

ELECTRIC OVER AIR SOLENOIDS

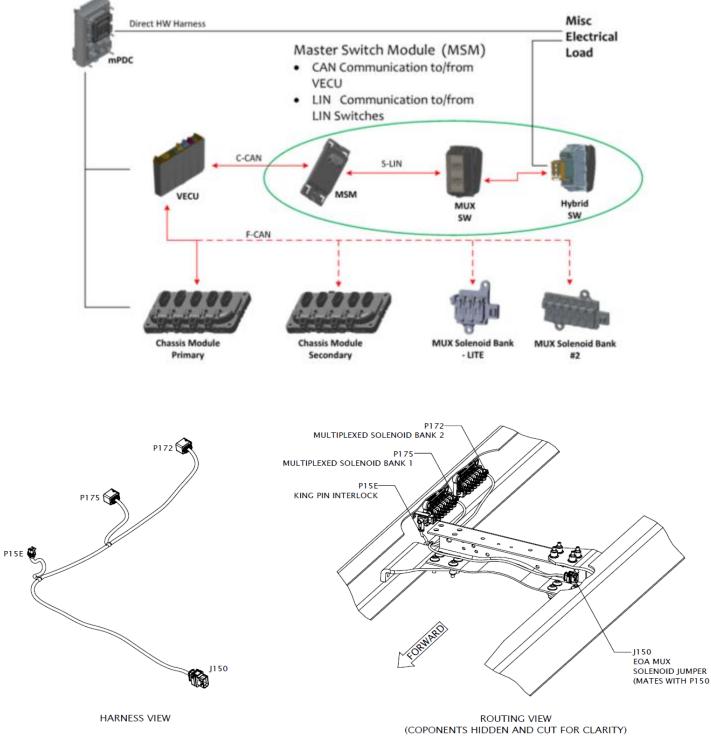
Air solenoids are devices that translate the electrical signal into physical functions that controls the air pressure in various circuits. The air solenoids are mounted to a bracket outside the cab. The solenoids are designed to stack on each other so that they share a common air supply which reduces the amount of air lines on the vehicle.

The aftermarket installer/final vehicle manufacturer needs to decide what type of valve to install and ensure that the documentation to the operator provides them with enough understanding of how the customized switches work.

SOLENOID BANK DIAGRAM

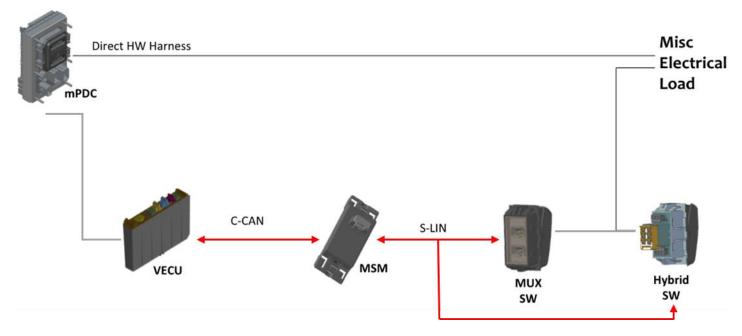


Overview Layout



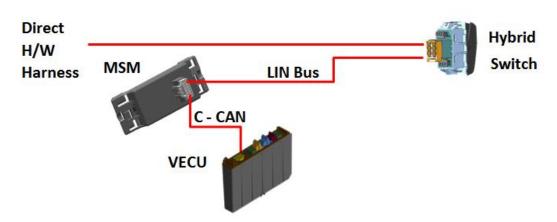
SWITCHES

Overview Layout



Multiplexing = shorter wire bundles, improved diagnostics, and greater driver feedback. Safety critical switches use hybrid switch with hardwire for redundancy. The switches are less expensive with fewer wires behind the dash and on the chassis. The switches are self-diagnosable to improve troubleshooting with DAVIE. Master Switch Module (MSM) LIN Communication to/from Switches

CAN Communication to/from VECU

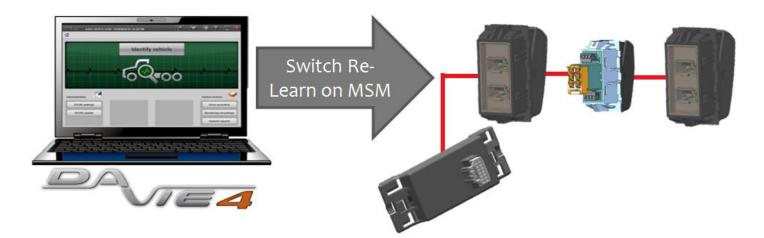


SPARE SWITCHES

Spare switches offer customers and body builders a convenient way to control power and air to various sources, like a body or trailer. They should be flexible and easily configurable to meet the vast and unique needs of body builders.

7

SWITCH RELEARN PROCESS



Switch replacement installation instructions:

- 1. Turn off the engine and all switches
- 2. Remove dash panel
- 3. Unplug LIN jumpers from the original existing switch
- 4. Remove original switch
- 5. Replace the old switch with the new switch
- 6. Reconnect LIN jumpers into the replacement switch
- 7. Reinstall the dash panel
- 8. Open the DAVIE4 application and connect to the truck and identify the vehicle
- 9. Select the "Repair Support" tab.
- 10. Select the "Driver Environment" tab
- 11. Select the "Learn Dash Switches"
- 12. When prompted by DAVIE Cycle the key on and then off
- 13. Run "Quick Check"
- 14. Clear Inactive DTCs (Diagnostics trouble code) from MSM
- 15. Finished

New switch installation instructions:

- 1. Turn off the engine and put all switches into the off position
- 2. Remove the dash panels
- 3. Remove the switch blank
- 4. Add the new switch into the dash panel
- Connect the LIN jumper between the last open switch to the newly installed switch a. Part Number S92-1127-0125
- 6. Reinstall the dash panel
- 7. Open the DAVIE4 application and connect to the truck and identify the vehicle
- 8. Select the "Repair Support" tab.
- 9. Select the "Driver Environment" tab
- 10. Select the "Learn Dash Switches"
- 11. Cycle the key on and then off
- 12. Run "Quick Check"
- 13. Clear Inactive DTCs (Diagnostics trouble code) on the MSM
- 14. Finished

DAVIE Switch Relearn Screen View

Co-> Repair support	
Test procedures	Search
Power source	
Transmission	
Suspension and axles	
Steering	
Deceleration	
Driver assistance	
▶ Lighting	
Driver environment	
Learn dash switches	
Electrical power and air supply	
Body building and exterior parts	
Connectivity	

Switch Location

Switches on the same LIN bus can be reordered in any configuration without the need to run a relearn process with DAVIE4. Switches that are swapped across LIN busses will need to be relearned with DAVIE4. LIN bus 1 consists of all the switches on the D panel and B panel. LIN bus 2 consists of all the switches on the C panels.

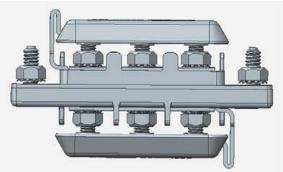
Dash layout



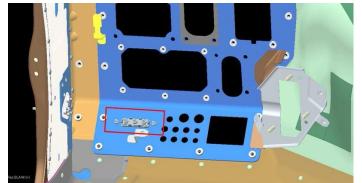
GROUNDING

Grounding any post-OEM component/device/apparatus/etc. to the metal cab structure or frame is not acceptable. Failure to properly ground add-on components can result in vehicle damage and possibly bodily injury.

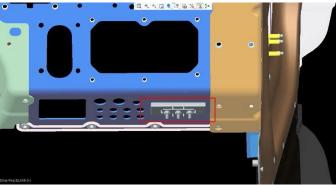
Ground all post-OEM component/device/apparatus/etc. with combined current draw of less than 30A to the firewall ground buss bar with appropriately sized wire/cable for the load required.



Grounding Buss Bar Design



Grounding Point - Cab Interior Behind Driver's Side Kick Panel

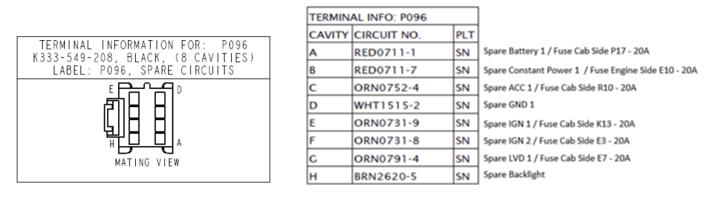


Grounding Point - Cab Exterior LH Side of Firewall

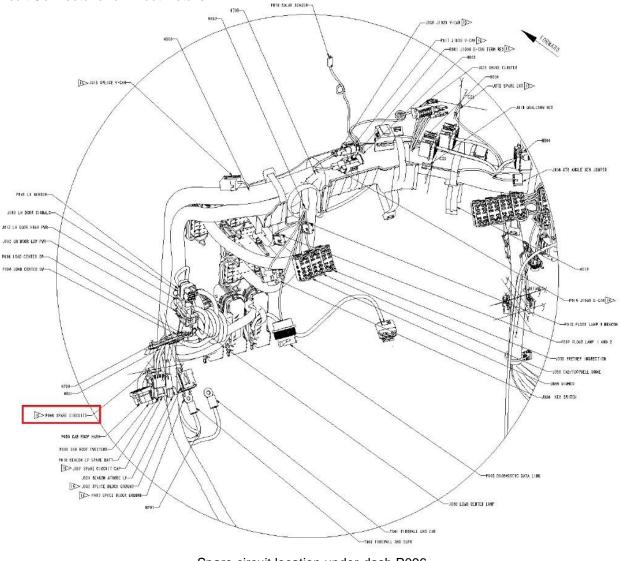
Post OEM components/devices/apparatus/etc. with combined current draw in excess of 30A, ground must be attained from vehicle batteries directly with appropriately sized wire/cable for the load required.

SPARE POWER

Spare power connector P096 is located on lower left side of dash behind key switch or kick panel. The mating harness is available from PACCAR parts with pre-labeled pigtails, P92-8916-000000001. Any spare power requiring more than 20 amps must go directly to the battery box, not this spare circuit.



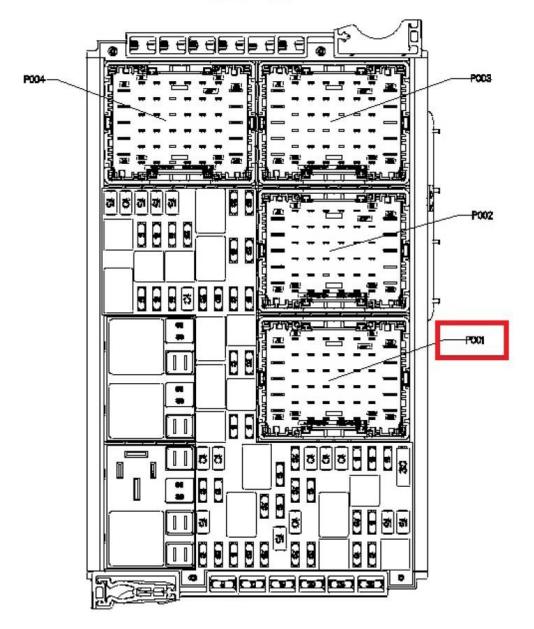
Spare Circuit Connector and Pinout Details



Spare circuit location under-dash P096

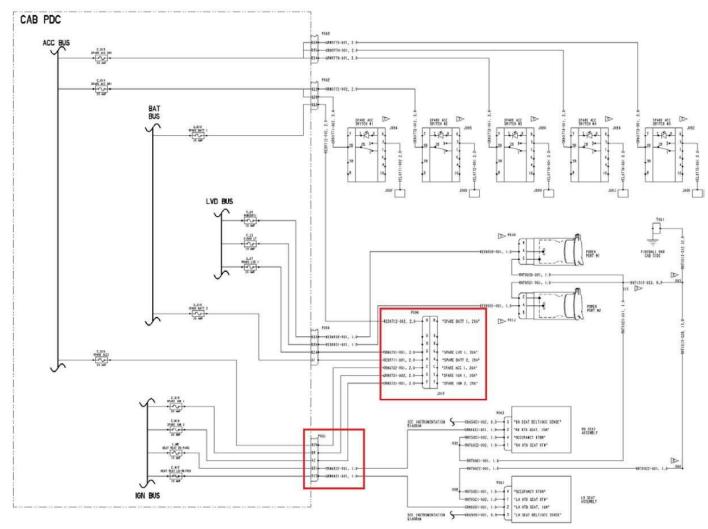
7

DASH SIDE



Spare circuit location on Power Distribution Center (Dash-Side, P001)

ELECTRICAL – 579 FAMILY



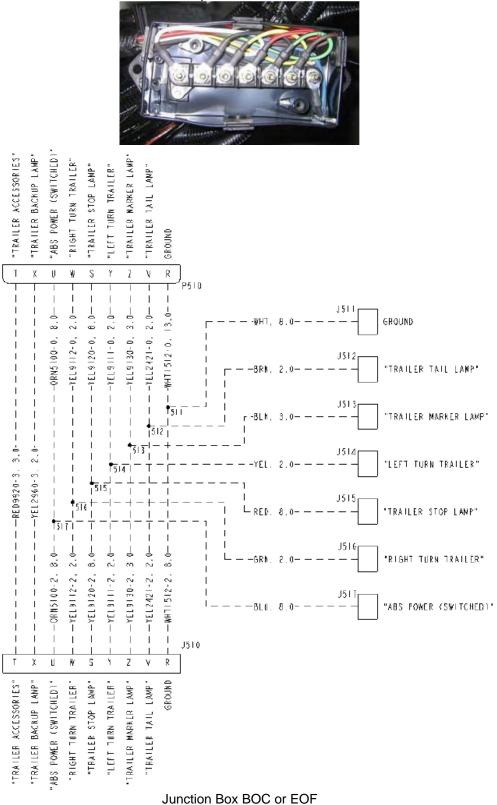
Spare circuit diagram (P001 and P096)

7-35

7

JUNCTION BOX

The junction box provides access to lighting signals. The standard wiring for this code is as follows: Park terminal, marker lamp, stop, ground, turn RH, turn LH & a trailer abs line. Trailer hot line is fused for 25 Amps. Wiring of the junction box contains same circuits that are included in a J560 receptacle.



TRANSMISSION BACK UP SIGNALS

The back-up signal can be accessed from pin D of the 6-way tail light connector located at the end of frame. The tail light connector is a 6-way connector located in the chassis harness at the end of frame. It will either be connected to a tail light, a jumper harness, or tied up in the rail if no tail lights are provided.

 ~	PIN	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
-	Α	Park Lamp
0	B	Left Turn/Stop Lamp
	С	Right Turn/Stop Lamp
	D	Backup Lamp
	Е	Aux Chassis
 <u></u>	F	Ground

Mating Connector: Packard PN 12020786

SNOW PLOW LIGHTING

When the optional switch and wiring for snow plow lights are ordered, the truck will include a switch on the dash to control the snow plow lights and a body builder connection at the front of the chassis.

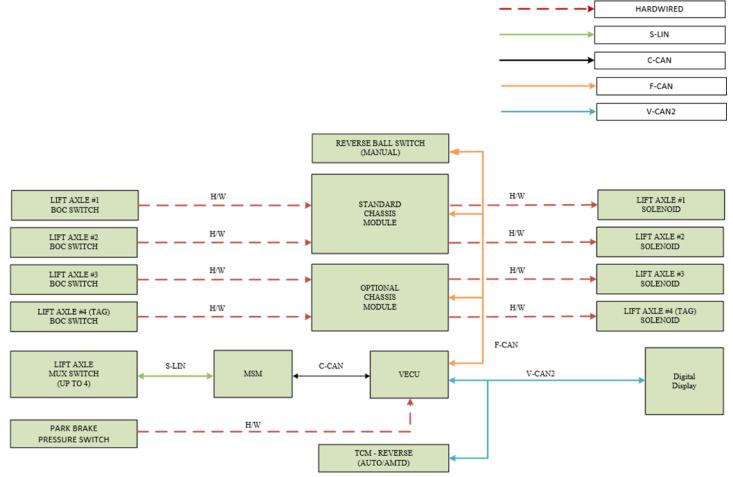


Pin	Description
1	LOW BEAM LH
2	LOW BEAM RH
3	HIGH BEAM LH
4	HIGH BEAM LH
5	TURN INDICATOR LH
6	TURN INDICATOR RH
7	MARKER LAMPS
8	NOT USED
9	SNOWPLOW GROUND
10	SNOWPLOW GROUND
11	TURN INDICATOR, LH DRL
12	TURN INDICATOR, RH DRL

LIFT AXLES (PUSHERS & TAG)

All truck lift axles (pushers and tag) are direct wire Electric-Only. The wiring comes from the Primary Chassis Module or Secondary Chassis Module and goes direct to the axle mounted solenoid. This is not from the EoA Solenoid Bank. The activation signal comes from either a dash mounted MUX switch or a hardwired switch that is mounted outside of the cab. There are a total of four lift axle controls available; 3 pushers and 1 tag axle, or 4 pushers and no tag. These are controlled with separate switches by default, but it is possible to have a single switch control all axles if they are the same type. The customer can order the following configurations; steerable, non-steerable, with auto-reverse, and with park brake interlock. A lift axle comes with a control switch (single or separate), a gauge, and a regulator valve.

Lift Axle Diagram



Truck Lift Axle Logic

Lift Axle Type	Raise Condition Logic	Lower Condition Logic
	- Lift Switch is Inactive OR	- Lift Switch is Active AND
Steerable Lift Axle w/o Auto-Reverse	 Park Brake Active OR 	 Park Brake Inactive AND
	- Trans in Reverse	 Trans Not in Reverse
Steerable Lift Axle with Auto-Reverse	 Lift Switch is Inactive OR 	- Lift Switch is Active AND
OR	 Park Brake Active 	- Park Brake Inactive
Non-Steerable Lift Axle w/o Park Brake		
Non-Steerable Lift Axle with Park Brake	- Lift Switch is Inactive AND	- Lift Switch is Active OR
	- Park Brake Inactive	- Park Brake Active

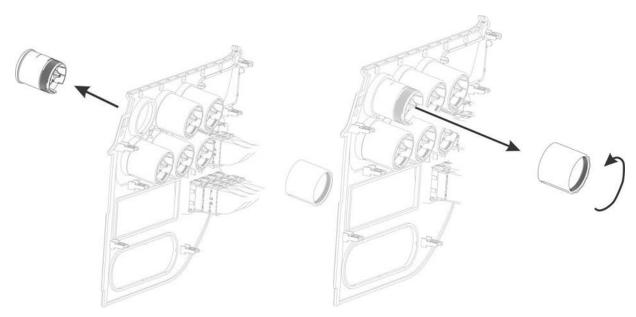
Trailer lift axles can be either EoA or Electric-Only type. There are a total of two available EoA trailer lift axle controls using latching solenoids. If one axle is ordered, the customer will receive a switch labeled "Trailer Lift Axle". If two axles are ordered the customer can have a single switch that controls both axles or two switches. If two switches are present they are labeled "Forward Trailer Lift Axle" and "Rear Trailer Lift Axle".

DIGITAL DISPLAY



GAUGES

Gauges and switches are fastened directly to the panel. Once the panel is free, the gauge or switch can be installed. Gauges are held by a screwed on collar while switches have a plastic tab.



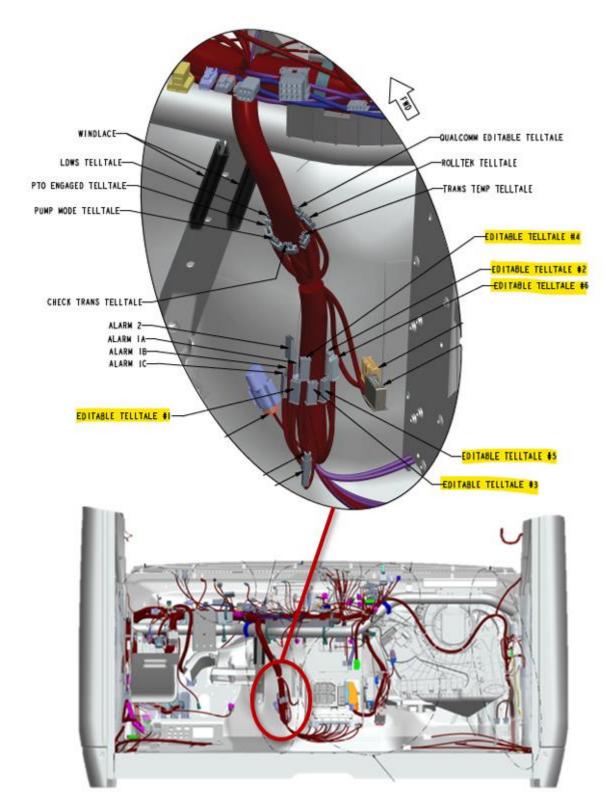
Optional gauges may be installed and connected to the Digital Display via a jumper harness.

TELLTALE ICONS

Custom Telltales will no longer be available with a physical card inserted into the dash cluster. Instead, the body builder telltales will populate on the digital portion of the display from a limited list and can be reconfigured using PVP at your local Peterbilt dealership. The location of the telltale will be dependent on the configuration of the vehicle and what other telltales are present on the digital display.



TELLTALE CONNECTOR LOCATIONS



SECTION 7b ELECTRICAL 389 Family

INTRODUCTION

This section is written to provide information to the body builder when installing equipment into vehicles built with multiplexed instrumentation. The technology presented by VECU level instrumentation integrates J-1939 CAN data communications between controllers and equipment on the vehicle. This section is intended to address how to work in aftermarket equipment while still maintaining full functionality of the OEM vehicle.

These topics apply to 1.9M chassis built with a Vehicle Electronic Control Unit (VECU). The electrical architecture for these trucks will be named VMUX which replaces NAMUX3. This system integrates a parallel control unit to manage outbound messages via a faster baud rate 500kbps and FCAN signals for the chassis module(s). Since the F-CAN has moved to the VECU, the VCAN is divided into VCAN1 and VCAN2. The second CAN is dedicated to OBD communication.

The most important advancement of electrical instrumentation is the implementation of the VECU controller. While it is still possible to wire completely outside of the VECU system, utilizing the VECU functions will make a cleaner installation and will maintain OEM functionality. VECU expands controls to air operated devices by receiving input from dash switches, remote (aftermarket) switches, sensors mounted to the aftermarket equipment and other vehicle parameters (engine speed, transmission status etc.) With the proper programming, the VECU will then process the inputs and will create a J-1939 Data instruction, which is communicated to another controller outside the cab called the Chassis Module. This chassis module receives the instruction and communicates the information to the air solenoid bank. Then 12V power will open the solenoid and supply air pressure the specified air circuit. The chassis module can also supply voltage to other systems on the chassis.

Acronym	Definition
ABS	Antilock Braking System
CAN	Controller Area Network
DTC	Diagnostics Trouble Code
ECM	Engine Control Module
ECU	Electrical Control Unit
EOA	Electric Over Air
EOH	Electric Over Hydraulic
J-1939	SAE CAN Communication Standard
LIN	Local Interconnect Network
MCM	Mirror Control Module
MPDC	Main Power Distribution Center
MSB	Master Solenoid Bank
MSM	Master Switch Module
MUX	Multiplex Switch
OBD	On Board Diagnostics
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacture
PCC	Predictive Cruise Control
PDC	Power Distribution Center
PGN	Parameter Group Number
РТО	Power Take Off
RP1226	TMS Messaging Standard
SPN	Suspect Parameter Number
ТСМ	Transmission Control Module
VECU	Vehicle Electrical Control Unit

ELECTRICAL ACRONYM LIBRARY

ELECTRICAL WIRING CIRCUIT CODES

The wire system uses 10 different colors and only one striped wire color. Each wire has a minimum of seven characters, with the first three characters as the wire color. The remaining four characters are related to the wire services. The colors determine the circuits function as follows:

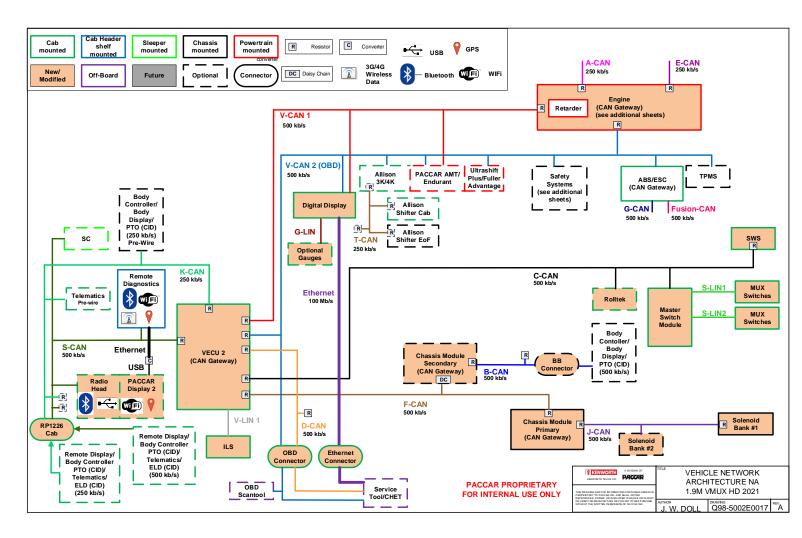
PACCAR Electrical Circuit Code			
Insulation Color	Color Code	Electrical Function	
Red w/ white stripe	R/WXXXXX	Direct battery power	
Red	REDXXXX	Protected battery power	
Orange	ORNXXXX	Ignition, Accessory, Low Voltage Disconnect, StartPower	
Yellow	YELXXXX	Activated Power	
White	WHTXXXX	Ground	
Black	BLKXXXX	Load Retun	
Gray	GRAXXXX	Control	
Brown	BRNXXXX	Indicator Illumination Backlit Illumination	
Violet	VIOXXXX	Reference Voltage or +5VDC or Sensor Power	
Light Blue	BLUXXXX	Sensor Signal	
Light Green	GRNXXXX	Sensor common or Sensor Ground	

ELECTRICAL	WIRE	CIRCUIT	CODE	TABLES
		01110011		

	Number		Category
XXX0000	through	XXX0999	General
XXX1000	through	XXX1999	Power Supply
XXX2000	through	XXX2999	Lighting
XXX3000	through	XXX3999	Powertrain
XXX4000	through	XXX4999	Instrumentation
XXX5000	through	XXX5999	Safety systems
XXX6000	through	XXX6999	Convenience, Security
XXX7000	through	XXX7999	HVAC
XXX8000	through	XXX8999	Undefined
XXX9000	through	XXX99999	Trailer/Body Connections

MULTIPLEX SYSTEM

The VECU electrical architecture uses a multiplexing system. Multiplexing can be defined as the process of sending multiple digital signals on the same-shared medium at the same time. These signals are introduced into the multiplexing system through data connection points, which are defined by J1939 backbone.



CAN BUS SYSTEM OVERVIEW

CAN BUS SPEEDS AND CIRCUIT DESIGNATION

J1939-14 (500KBPS):

B-CAN – 0813 Body Builder C-CAN – 0821 Cab D-CAN – 0822 Diagnostics F-CAN – 0819 Frame G-CAN – 0825 Bendix ACB Antenna S-CAN – 0827 Radio and PACCAR Display V-CAN1 – 0812 Vehicle1 V-CAN2 – 0823 Vehicle2

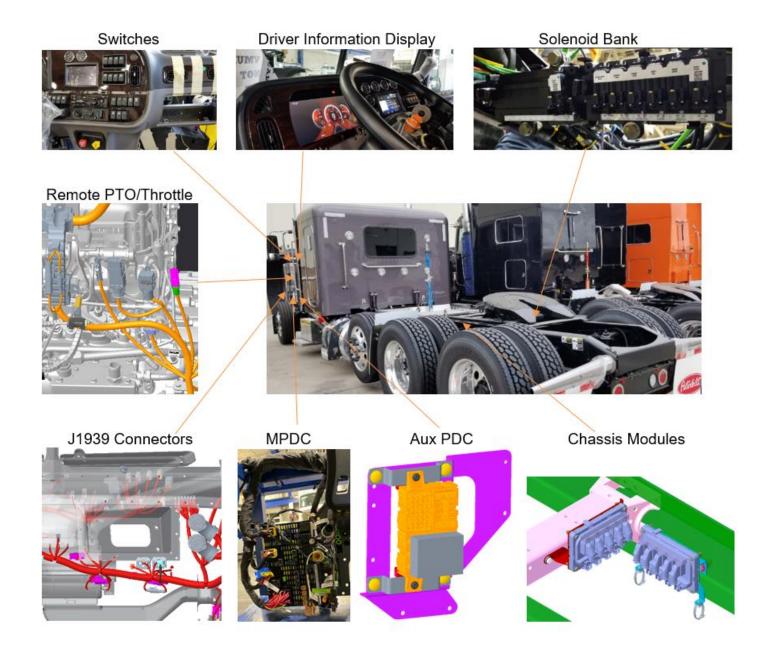
J1939-15 (250KBPS):

T-CAN – 0828 Transmission

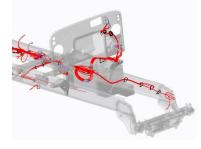
K-CAN – 0829 Telematics and Remote PTO

ELECTRICAL COMPONENT OVERVIEW

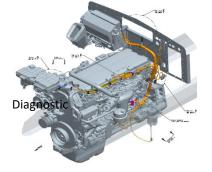
OVERVIEW DIAGRAM OF ELECTRICAL COMPONENT LOCATIONS



ELECTRICAL HARNESS OVERVIEW



MAIN CHASSIS HARNESS 1) Connections to Rear Chassis Harness 2) Connections to Firewall Bulkhead 3) Connections to Chassis Module 4) Connection to Solenoid Bank Harness 5) Connection to Hood Harness 6) Connection to MPDC 7) Connection to Firewall harness 8) Connection to Lift axle harness 9) Connection to Trailer harness



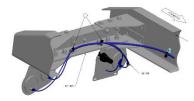
ENGINE HARNESS

- 1) Connections to Main Chassis Harness
- 2) Connections to Firewall Bulkhead
- 3) Connections to Starter
- 4) Connections to Aftertreatment Harness
- 5) Connection to Turn Signal Lamps
- 6) Connection to Main cab
- 7) Connection to MPDC
- 8) Connection to PTO and Dual station
- 9) Connection to AFT Harness





3) Connection to Cab Roof Harness



REAR CHASSIS HARNESS

- 1) Connections to Chassis Harness
- 2) Connections to Tail light
- 3) Connections to Rear axle harness



CAB ROOF HARNESS

- 1) Connections to Main Cab IP Harness
- 2) Connection to Antennas, Radio
- 3) Connection to Roof Lighting
- 4) Connection to Sleeper Harness
- 5) Connection to Remote

6) Connections to LDWS

7) Connection to Rolltek Seat

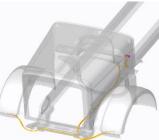


MAIN CAB IP HARNESS

- 1) Connections to MPDC and Aux PDC
- 2) Connection to ABS Harness and ECU
- 3) Connections to VECU
- 4) Connections to EOAS Harness
- 5) Connection to Instrument Panel
- 6) Connections to Allison TCM
- 7) Connection to Cab Roof Harness
- 8) Connection to Engine Harness
- 9) Connection to Footlight

10) Connection to Mirror Harness

11) Connections to Door Harness



- HOOD CHASSIS HARNESS
- 1) Connections to Main Chassis Harness 2) Connections to Head Lights

SLEEPER HARNESS 1) Connection to Audio

2) Connection to Sleeper PDC

4) Connection to Lighting5) Connection to Aux

12) Connection to Main Chassis Harness

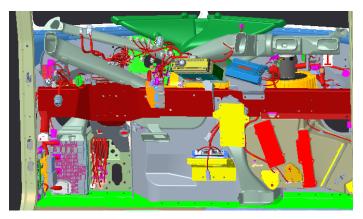
7

Heater

IN CAB CAN BASED MESSAGING CONNECTOR

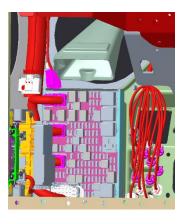
RP1226 CONNECTOR

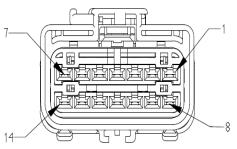
There are two RP1226 connectors, one located near MPDC on the left hand side of the steering wheel behind the dash and second connector behind B panel. The second RP1226 connector located behind B panel is F/O and can be used for after-market telematics, ELD, body controls, and PTO controls. There will be multiple bus speeds available K-CAN for 250kbps and S-CAN for 500 kbps. The RP1226 provides defined messages and major telematics supplier data for customer use.





Pin	Description
1	PROTECTED POWER
2	J1939 S-CAN (+)
4	J1939 K-CAN (+)
7	IGNITION POWER
8	GROUND
9	J1939 S-CAN (-)
11	J1939 K-CAN (-)



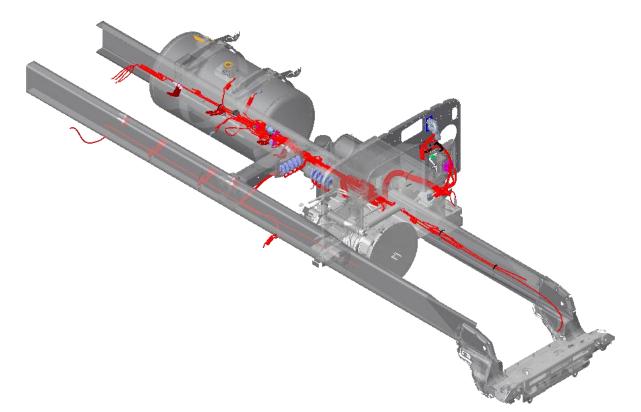




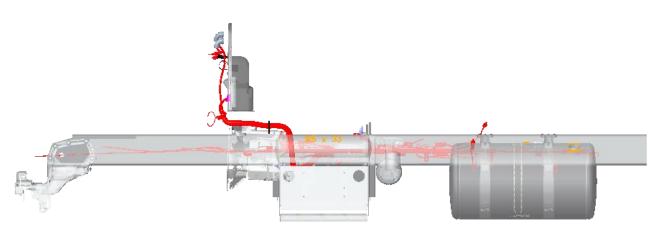
BODY CONNECTION POINTS

LOCATION DIAGRAMS FOR VARIOUS BODY CONNECTORS ON THE MAIN CHASSIS HARNESS

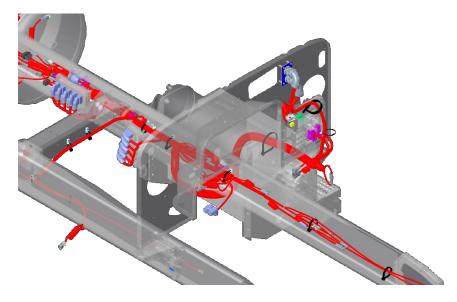
Isometric View



Side View



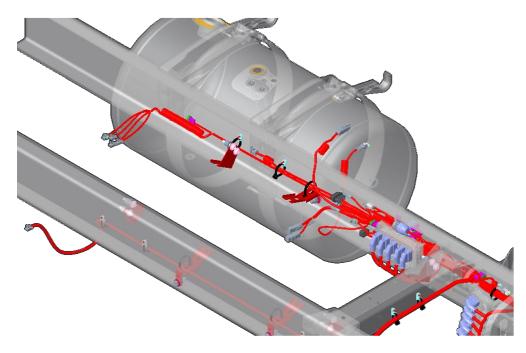
Front View



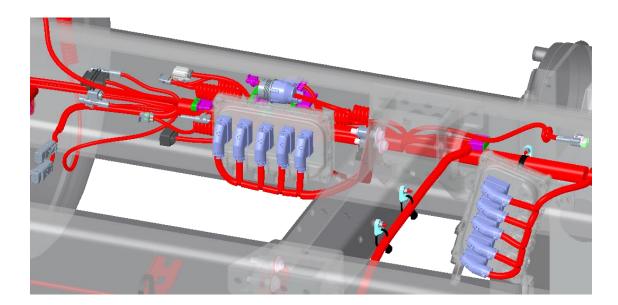
Detail View of Engine Compartment Body Connectors



BOC View

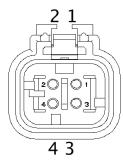


Detail View of BOC/BOS and EOF Body Connectors



ELECTRIC ENGAGED EQUIPMENT

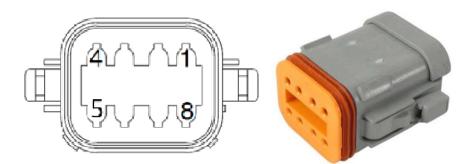
At the left hand BOC, P096 is available in chassis harness for PTO controls that are electrically engaged via ground.



Pin	Description	
1	EHICLE GROUND	
2	#1 PTO ON/OFF	
3	PTO PUMP MODE SIGNAL	
4	#2 PTO ON/OFF	

OPTIONAL 8 PIN PTO INPUT CONNECTOR

Optional PTO connector P012 is present in engine harness.



Pin	Description	
1	12V IGNITION SIGNAL	
2	PTO INTERLOCK INPUT (Active Low)	
3	REMOTE PTO PRESET 3 (Active High)	
4	REMOTE PTO PRESET 2 (Active High)	
5	REMOTE PTO PRESET 1 (Active High)	
6	REMOTE PTO PRESET INCREMENT + (Active High)	
7	REMOTE PTO PRESET DECREMENT - (Active High)	
8	VEHICLE GROUND	

REMOTE THROTTLE AND REMOTE PTO CONTROLS

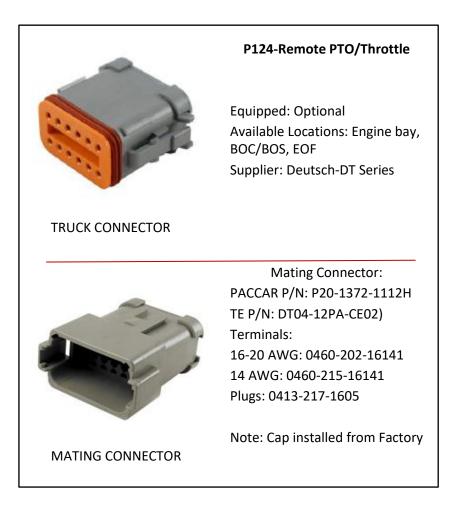
PACCAR MX Engines

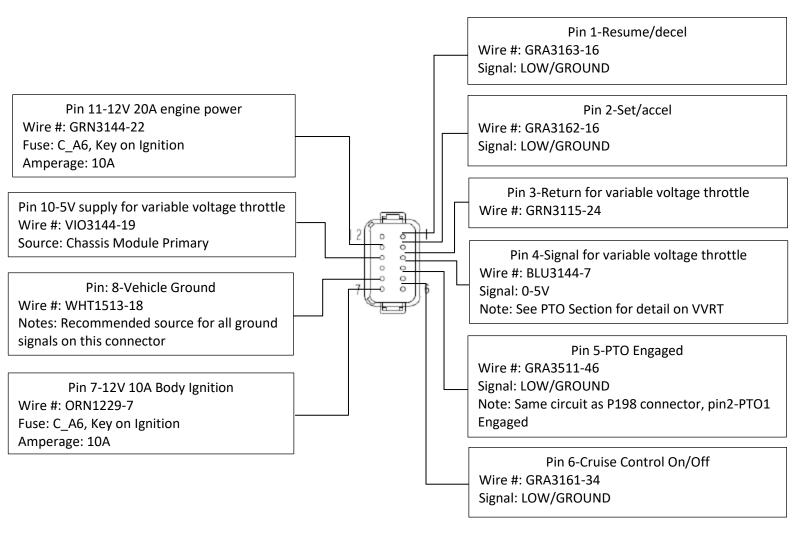
Chassis must be ordered with the appropriate option to have a 12-pin connector on the engine harness. All signals will feed into the Chassis Modules through Engine/Chassis interface connector.

Wiring Function Description:

Connect pin 5 and pin 6 to pin 8 to activate PTO Mode Control (PMC) and Enable PTO Speed Control (PSC). WARNING: DO NOT install a permanent jumper wire between Pins 5 and 6.

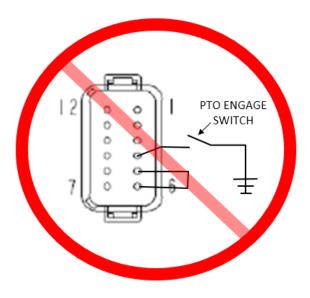
- "Bump up" Engine Speed: Connect pins 2 to pin 8 momentarily
- "Accelerate" Engine Speed: Connect pins 2 to pin 8 until desired RPM is reached then disconnect
- "Bump down" Engine Speed: Connect pin 1 to pin 8 momentarily
- "Decelerate" Engine Speed: Connect pins 1 to pin 8 until desired RPM is reached then disconnect
- "0-5v Variable Voltage Remote Throttle": See PTO section



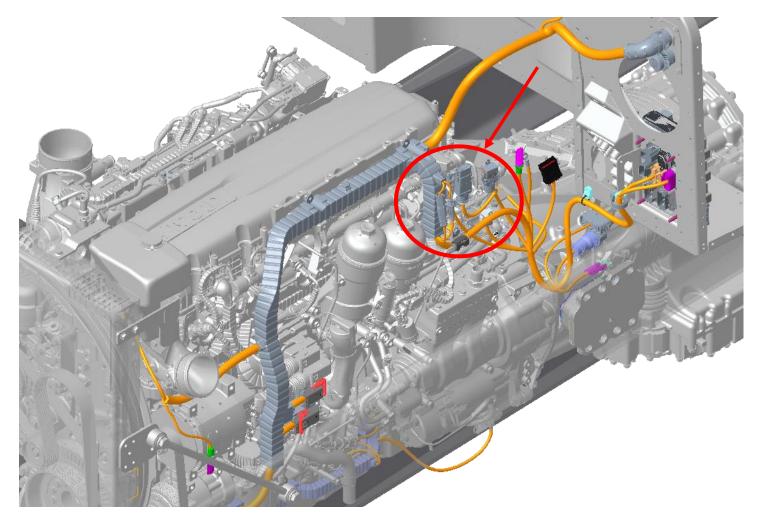


WARNING!

DO NOT install a permanent jumper wire between pins 5 and 6. May cause unexpected vehicle behavior.

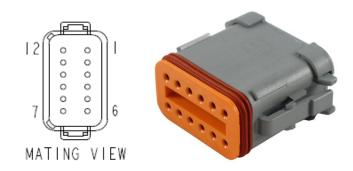


MX-11 and MX-13 Connector Location



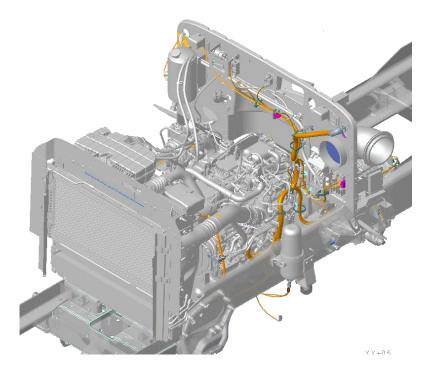
Cummins Engines 12 Pin Connector

Chassis must be ordered with the appropriate option to have a 12-pin connector on the engine harness. The Body IGN signal was moved off the engine harness connector, so for Cummins, the Chassis Harness will include the PTO layer to insert the Body IGN signal back into the 12-way connector. Signals that feed directly to the engine ECM typically will be active low signals. Connect pins 3 and 5 for simple PTO ON/OFF signal. For remote throttle bump, you must connect pins 3 & 6. Having a momentary switch to signal ground on pins 2 and 1 will then increase/decrease engine speed. Engine speed will depend on how engine is programmed. Unless otherwise specified, engine is set by default for incremental speed increase. Full remote throttle control can be achieved with a twisted triple to pin 4, 10, and 11.

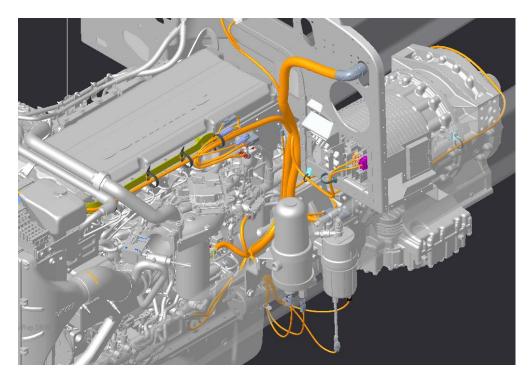


Pin	Description
1	CRUISE RESUME/DECELERATE
2	CRUISE SET/ACCELERATE
3	COMMON #1 (SWITCH)
4	REMOTE THROTTLE SIGNAL INPUT
5	PTO ON/OFF
6	CC/PTO ON/OFF SWITCH
7	IGN PWR
8	ENGINE GND
9	TORQUE LIMIT SWITCH
10	5V SUPPLY
11	COMMON #3 (SENSOR)
12	REMOTE THROTTLE ENABLE

PX9 Connection Location



X15 Connection Location



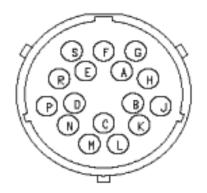
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DUAL STATION CONTROLS

When equipped, dual station controls allow extra controls from a remote station outside of the cab. The option will either include a 16-way connector, or a 23-way connector. When the in-cab PTO control switch is switched to the "on" position with the park brake applied, the engine will turn off unless the dual station remote run input is properly powered via the 16 or 23-way connector. To power the remote run input, terminal X of the 23-way connector or terminal L of the 16-way connector will be powered with a 12V+ input which will power terminal 87 of the remote run relay. To operate the remote start input, terminal F of the 23-way connector will be powered with a 12V+ input which a 12V+ input which will power terminal 85 of the remote run relay and terminal 85 of the remote start relay.

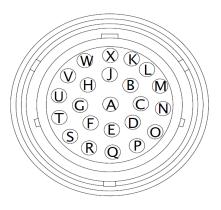
Following is a list of pin descriptions, and the required input or supplied output signal type for both the 23-way and the 16way connectors for both PACCAR MX and Cummins engines. Also following are examples of wiring connections for common items used.

PACCAR MX ENGINE 16 PIN



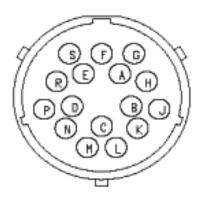
Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
			External Regen Relay, Controlled by Pin C7 of
Α	External Regeneration Notification	Output, Active High	Optional Chassis Module
В	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A Remote Run Relay
С	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay.
D	Remote Throttle Sensor Supply	Output, 5V (+) Supply	Pin E2 of Standard Chassis Module
Е	Remote Throttle Position	Input Variable 0-5V	Pin A18 of Standard Chassis Module
F	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Pin E1 of Standard Chassis Module
G	DEF Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
н	Regeneration Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
J	tachometer (+)	Tachometer Output (+)	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on P669 Pin 1
К	tachometer (-)	Tachometer Output (-)	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on P669 Pin 2
L	Remote ECM Power Engine Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 Remote Run relay, supplies Pin 63 Engine ECM When Relay Active.
М	Engine oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J668
Ν	NOT USED	NOT USED	
Р	Water Temp	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J667
R	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin C42 of VECU
S	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin C43 of VECU

PACCAR MX ENGINE 23 PIN CONNECTOR



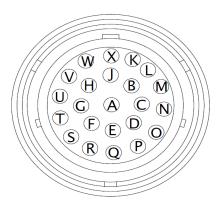
Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
А	12 VDC IGN Power	Output 12V (+)	Tied To Pin L of 23 Way Conn. Dash PDC Fuse A6. 10A Fused
В	City Horn	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Horn Relay
С	Check Engine Lamp	Output Active Low	Pin J2-60 of Engine ECM
D	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay
Е	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Standard Chassis Module Pin E1
F	Remote Enable	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Remote Start Relay. Pin 85 of Remote Run Relay
G	Remote Resume	Input Active Ground	Pin A6 of Standard Chassis Module
Н	Remote Set	Input Active Ground	Pin A5 of Standard Chassis Module
J	Remote Throttle Position	Input, Variable 0-5V	Pin A18 of Standard Chassis Module
К	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A Remote Run relay
L	12 VDC IGN Power	Output 12V (+)	Tied To Pin A of 23 Way Connector. Dash PDC Fuse A6. 10A Fused
М	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin C43 of VECU
Ν	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin C42 of VECU
0	Common Return (General)	Common Ground	Firewall Ground
Р	Engine Oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied sensor, Input on J668
		Input, Active low - 567 only	Pin A9 of Standard Chassis Module - 567 only
Q	Remote PTO ON/OFF	Input 12V(+) - Legacy	Pin 21 on engine ECM on Legacy
R	DEF Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
S	Regeneration Lamp Return	Not Used, Cummins ONLY	
т	External Regeneration Notif	Output, Active High	External Regen Relay, Controlled by Pin C7 of Optional Chassis Module
U	Common Return (Switch)	Common Switch Ground	Firewall Ground
V	Cruise On/Off	Input Active Low	Pin A8 of Standard Chassis Module
W	Remote Throttle Sensor	Output, 5V (+)	Pin E2 of Standard Chassis Module
х	Remote ECM Power Engine	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 Remote Run relay

CUMMINS ENGINE 16 PIN CONNECTOR



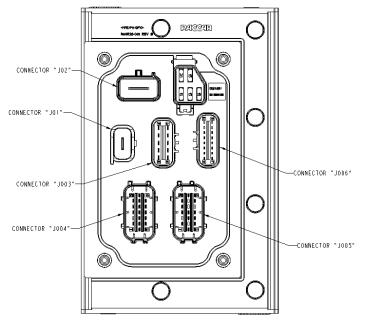
Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source
Α	External Regeneration Notification	Output, Active	Pin C7 From Chassis Module
В	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A of Remote Run Relay
С	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay
D	Remote Throttle Sensor Supply	Output, 5V (+) Supply	Pin 8 Engine ECM
Е	Remote Throttle Position	Input Variable 0-5V	Pin 63 of Engine ECM
F	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Pin 32 of Engine ECM
G	DEF Lamp Return	Output Active Low	Pin 2 of Engine ECM
Н	Regeneration Lamp Return	Output Active Low	Pin 23 of Engine ECM.
J	Tachometer (+)	Tachometer Output (+)	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on P669 Pin 1
К	Tachometer (-)	Tachometer Output (-)	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on P669 Pin 2
L	Remote ECM Power Engine Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Run Relay
Μ	Engine Oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on J668
Ν	NOT USED	NOT USED	
Р	Water Temp	Output	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on J667
R	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin 42 of VECU C
S	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-)	Pin 43 of VECU C

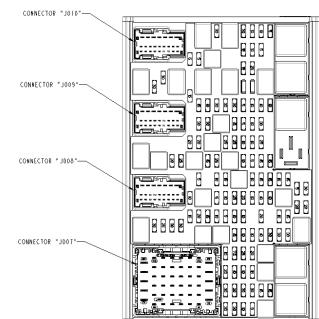
CUMMINS ENGINE 23 PIN CONNECTOR



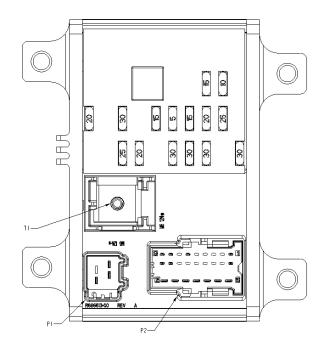
Pin	Description	Input/Output	Destination/Source	
	ICNI (Switch) Dower	Output $12V(1)$	Tied To Pin L of 23-Way Connector. Cab PDC Fuse A9	
А	IGN (Switch) Power	Output 12V (+)	10A Fused	
В	City Horn	Input 12V (+)	Pin 85 of Horn Relay	
С	Check Engine Lamp	Output Active Low	Pin 72 of Engine ECM	
D	Remote Start	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 of Remote Start Relay	
Е	Remote Throttle Return	Analog Sensor Ground	Pin 32 of Engine ECM	
г	Remote Enable	1 mut $12 V (1)$	Pin 85 of Remote Start Relay. Pin 85 of Remote Run	
F	Remote Enable	Input 12V (+)	Relay	
G	Remote Resume	Input Active Ground	Pin 19 of Engine ECM	
Н	Remote Set	Input Active Ground	Pin 12 of Engine ECM	
J	Remote Throttle Position	Input, Variable 0-5V	Pin 63 of Engine ECM	
К	Remote Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87A of Remote Run Relay	
	IGN (Switch) Power	Output 12V (+)	Tied To Pin A of 23-Way Connector. Cab PDC Fuse A9	
L	IGN (Switch) Power	Output 12v (+)	10A Fused	
М	J1939 K-CAN (-)	K-CAN (-) Pin 43 of VECU C		
Ν	J1939 K-CAN (+)	K-CAN (+)	Pin 42 of VECU C	
0	Common Return (General)	Common Ground	Pin 57 of Engine ECM	
Р	Engine Oil Pressure	Output	Body Builder Supplied Sensor, Input on J668	
0	Remote PTO ON/OFF	Innut Active Low	Pin 94 Engine ECM. Pin 85 of Eaton PTO Relay. Pin 85	
Q	Remote PTO ON/OFF	Input, Active Low	of PTO Hour Meter Relay	
R	DEF Lamp Return	Output, Active Low	Pin 2 of Engine ECM	
S	Regeneration Lamp Return	Output, Active Low	Pin 23 of Engine ECM	
Т	External Regeneration Notification	Output, Active	Pin C7 of Chassis Module	
U	Common Return (Switch)	Common Switch Ground	Pin 62 of Engine ECM	
V	Torque Limit Switch	Input Ground	Pin 93 Engine ECM	
W	Remote Throttle Sensor Supply (+5V)	Output 5V (+)	Pin 8 Engine ECM	
Х	Remote ECM Power Engine Run	Input 12V (+)	Pin 87 Remote Run relay	

MAIN POWER DISTRIBUTION CENTER





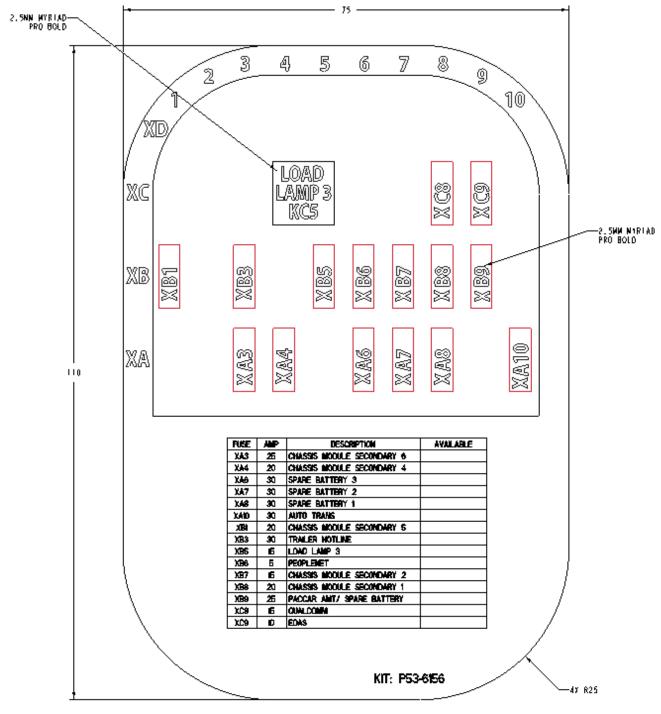
AUX POWER DISTRIBUTION CENTER







Dash Side Aux Fuse Box Full Content Population



Engine Side Fuse Box Full Content Population

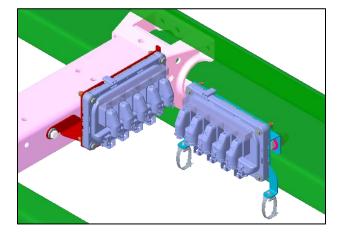
FUSE	AMP	DESCRIPTION		
A1	25	MX ENGINE POWER 1		
A2	15	ENGINE ACCESSORY POWER		
B1	15	MX ENGINE POWER 2		
B2	15	MX ENGINE POWER 3 / VTG		
B3	15	AFT POWER		

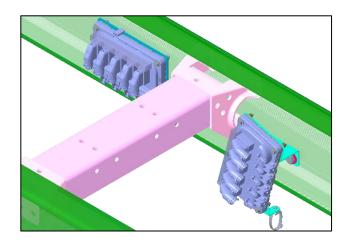
CHASSIS MODULE

The standard chassis modules are replacing the legacy NAMUX3.5 chassis node. The standard chassis modules are a slave I/O driver controlled by the VECU. The standard chassis modules have an expanded functionality and option platform growth in comparison to the chassis node. There is hardware and software based protections to prevent damage. The standard chassis modules will generate and store faults to free up space for the VECU. The standard chassis module can be diagnosed through DAVIE service tool.

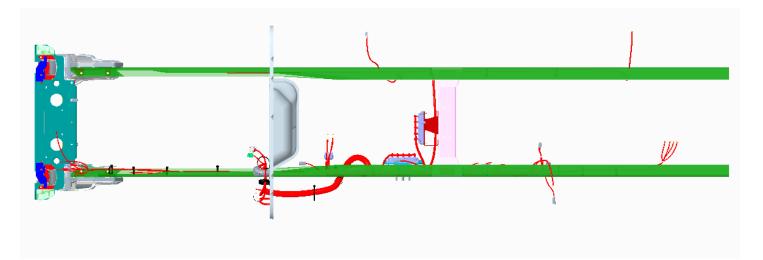
There will be two standard chassis modules with one primary chassis module on all trucks and a secondary for optional content. The primary chassis module will be mounted on the left hand side on the rail and secondary chassis module will be mounted on BOC crossmember or left hand frame rail as per requirement.

Chassis Module Locations





Plan View of Chassis Module Locations



CHASSIS MODULE FUNCTION DESIGNATION

Primary Chassis Module

- Exterior Lighting: Headlamps, Park/Tail, Turn, Brake, DRL, Reverse etc.
- Axle Temperature Sensor Inputs Front Rear and Rear
- Ammeter Sensor Input
- Secondary Kingpin Release Solenoid Control
- Primary/Secondary Fuel Level Sensors
- Lift Axle Air Solenoid Controls 1st, 2nd
- Primary Transmission Neutral Position Switch
- Remote PTO/Throttle Control Inputs
- J-CAN Multiplexed EOA Solenoid Bank Control
- Fuel Filter Gauges
- Main Transmission Oil Temp
- Diff Lock for Rear Axle

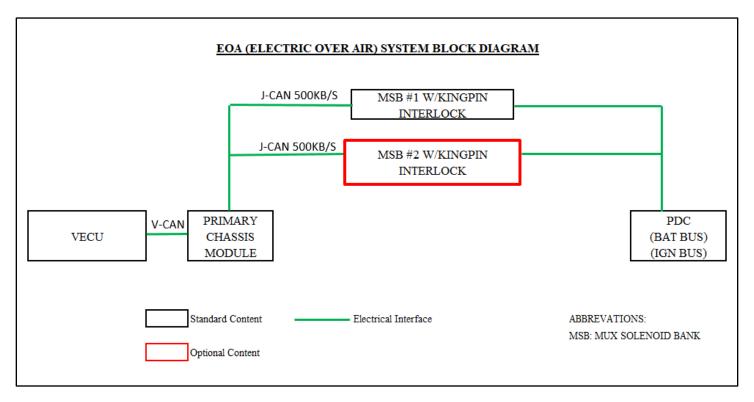
Secondary Chassis Module

- AT1202 Aux Trans Neutral Switch
- Axle Temperature Gauges Center Rear
- Lift Axle Air Solenoid Controls 3rd , Tag (Rocker Panel Controls)
- NAMCO Split shaft PTO/Transfer Case Sensors
- Aux Transmission Temperature Sensor
- Split Shaft PTO Temperature Sensor
- ISO 3731 Spare Outputs
- Transfer Case Temp Sensor

ELECTRIC OVER AIR SOLENOIDS

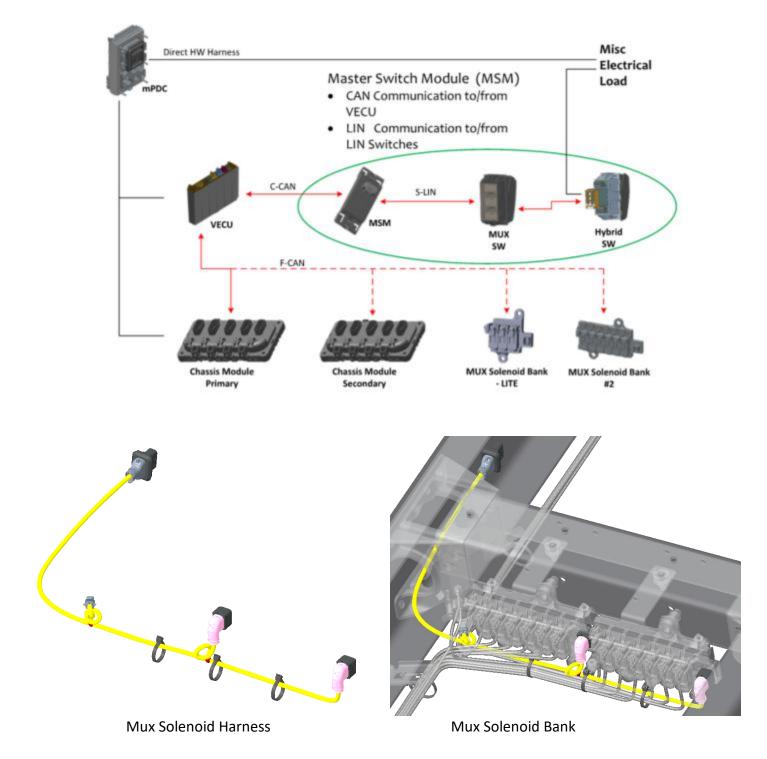
Air solenoids are devices that translate the electrical signal into physical functions that control the air pressure in various circuits. The air solenoids are mounted to a bracket outside the cab. The solenoids are designed to stack on each other so that they share a common air supply, which reduces the amount of airlines on the vehicle.

The aftermarket installer/final vehicle manufacturer needs to decide what type of valve to install and ensure that the documentation to the operator provides them with enough understanding of how the customized switches work.



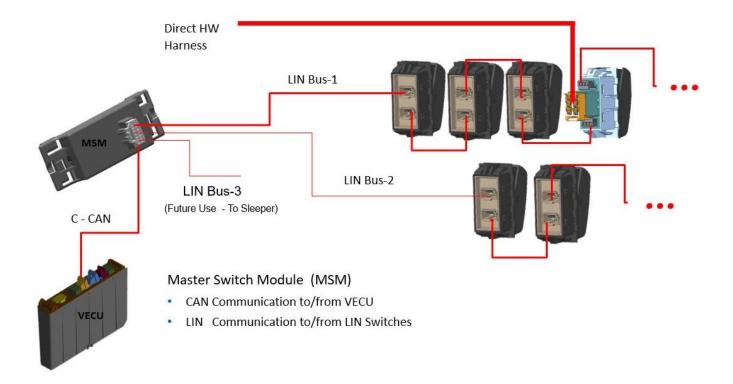
SOLENOID BANK DIAGRAM

OVERVIEW LAYOUT



SWITCHES

OVERVIEW LAYOUT

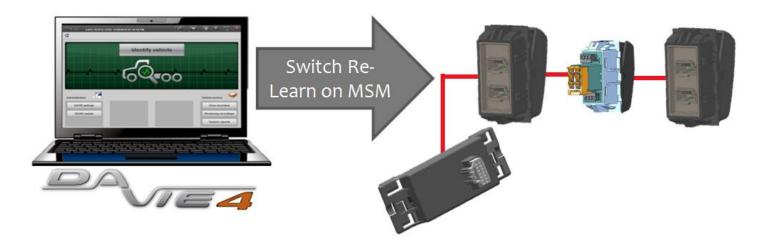


Multiplexing – shorter wire bundles, improved diagnostics, and greater driver feedback. Safety critical switches use hybrid switch with hardwire for redundancy. The switches are less expensive with fewer wires behind the dash and on the chassis. The switches are self-diagnosable to improve troubleshooting with DAVIE. Master Switch Module (MSM) LIN – Communication to/from Switches CAN – Communication to/from VECU

SPARE SWITCHES

Spare switches offer customers and body builders a convenient way to control power and air to various sources, like a body or trailer. They should be flexible and easily configurable to meet the vast and unique needs of body builders.

SWITCH RELEARN PROCESS



Switch replacement installation instructions:

- 1. Turn off the engine and all switches
- 2. Remove dash panel
- 3. Unplug LIN jumpers from the original existing switch
- 4. Remove original switch
- 5. Replace the old switch with the new switch
- 6. Reconnect LIN jumpers into the replacement switch
- 7. Reinstall the dash panel
- 8. Open DAVIE application
- 9. Select the "Repair Support" tab.
- 10. Select the "Driver Environment" tab
- 11. Select the "Learn Dash Switches"
- 12. When prompted by DAVIE Cycle the key on and then off
- 13. Run "Quick Check"
- 14. Clear Inactive DTCs (Diagnostics trouble code) from MSM
- 15. Finished

New switch installation instructions:

- 1. Turn off the engine and put all switches into the off position
- 2. Remove the dash panels
- 3. Remove the switch blank
- 4. Add the new switch into the dash panel
- Connect the LIN jumper between the last open switch to the newly installed switch a. Part Number S92-1127-0125
- 6. Reinstall the dash panel
- 7. Open DAVIE application
- 8. Select the "Repair Support" tab.
- 9. Select the "Driver Environment" tab
- 10. Select the "Learn Dash Switches"
- 11. Cycle the key on and then off
- 12. Run "Quick Check"
- 13. Clear Inactive DTCs (Diagnostics trouble code) on the MSM
- 14. Finished

DAVIE Switch Relearn Screen View

C	
Test procedures	Search
Power source	
Transmission	
Suspension and axles	
Steering	
Deceleration	
Driver assistance	
Lighting	
Driver environment	
Learn dash switches	
Electrical power and air supply	
Body building and exterior parts	
Connectivity	

Switch Location

Switches on the same LIN bus can be reordered in any configuration without the need to run a relearn process with DAVIE tool. Switches that are swapped across LIN busses will need to be relearned with DAVIE. LIN bus 1 consists of all the switches on the D panel and B panel. LIN bus 2 consists of all the switches the C panels.

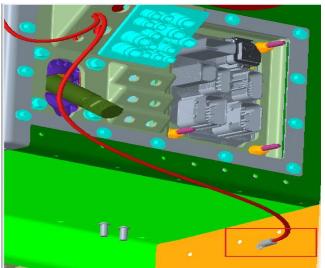
Dash layout



GROUNDING

Grounding any post-OEM component/device/apparatus/etc. to the metal cab structure or frame is not acceptable. Failure to properly ground add-on components can result in vehicle damage and possibly bodily injury.

Ground all post-OEM component/device/apparatus/etc. with combined current draw of less than 30A to the firewall ground buss bar with appropriately sized wire/cable for the load required.



Grounding Point – Below Cab floor LH hand Cab SIL

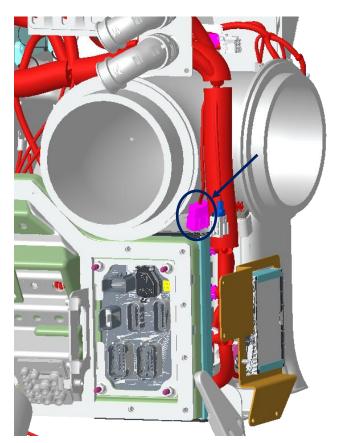
Post OEM components/devices/apparatus/etc. with combined current draw in excess of 30A, ground must be attained from vehicle batteries directly with appropriately sized wire/cable for the load required.

SPARE POWER

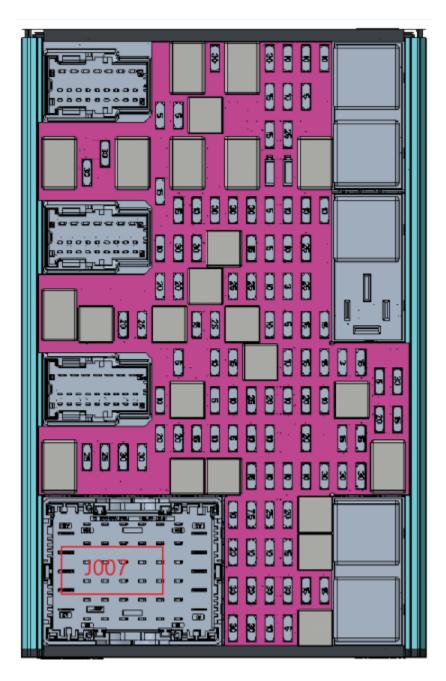
Spare power connector P0172 is located on lower left side of the dash behind A-panel near MPDC. The mating harness is available from PACCAR parts with pre-labeled pigtails. Any spare power requiring more than 20 amps must go directly to the battery box, not this spare circuit.

	Pin	Spare Circuit No.	Designation	Max Rating
P0172	F	ORN0730-4	SPARE LVD IGNITION 6	(30A)
	С	RED0790-1	SPARE LVD BATTERY 3	(30A)
	Е	ORN0730-3	SPARE LVD IGNITION 5	(30A)
	В	RED0790-6	SPARE LVD BATTERY 2	(30A)
AF	D	ORN0730-2	SPARE LVD IGNITION 4	(30A)
	А	RED0790-5	SPARE LVD BATT PWR 1	(30A)

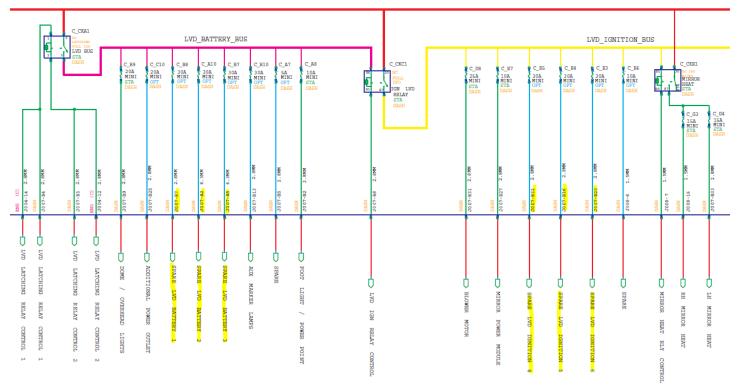
SPARE CIRCUIT CONNECTOR LOCATION



SPARE CIRCUIT LOCATION



Spare circuit location on Power Distribution Center (MPDC- J007)

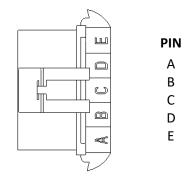


Spare circuit diagram (P0172 and J007)

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TRANSMISSION BACK UP SIGNALS

The back-up signal can be accessed from pin A of the 5-way tail light connector located at the end of frame. The tail light connector is a 5-way connector located in the chassis harness at the end of frame. It will either be connected to a tail light, a jumper harness, or tied up in the rail if no taillights are provided.



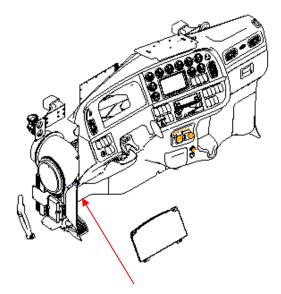
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION BACKUP LAMPS

TAIL LAMPS TURN INDICATORS REAR, LH TURN INDICATORS REAR, RH FIREWALL GND

Mating Connector: Packard PN 12186400

TELLTALE ICONS

Removing the first panel will allow the panel covering the instrument cluster to be removed. Removing the cluster is necessary to install telltale symbols or access other connectors to complete the installation.



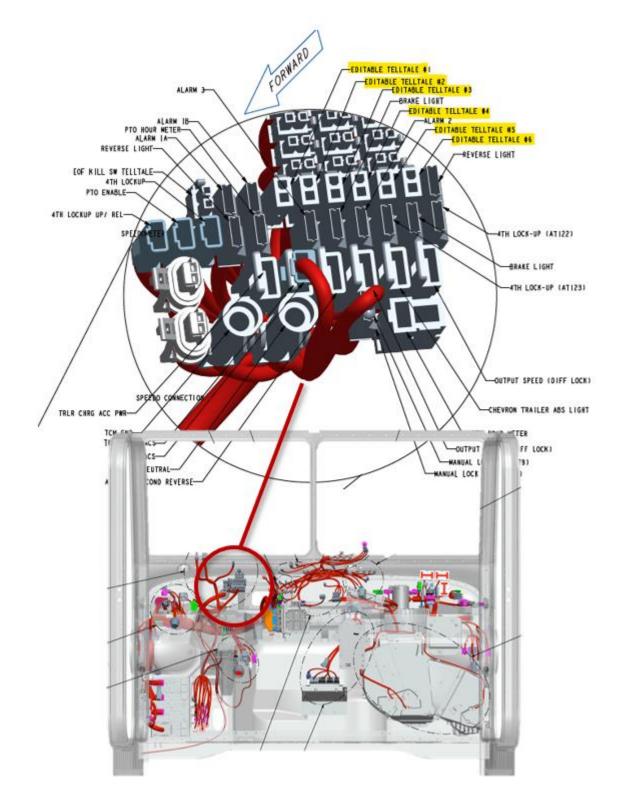
Programming Cable Location

To install new telltales into the instrument cluster, the cluster needs to be programmed. Display cluster programming cable is located near the kick panel. It is accessible by removing the kick panel. The instrument panel trim is removed after removing the panel immediately to the right of the instrument cluster. Then 4 fasteners hold the instrument cluster to the dash structure.



Telltale Installation

TELLTALE CONNECTOR LOCATIONS

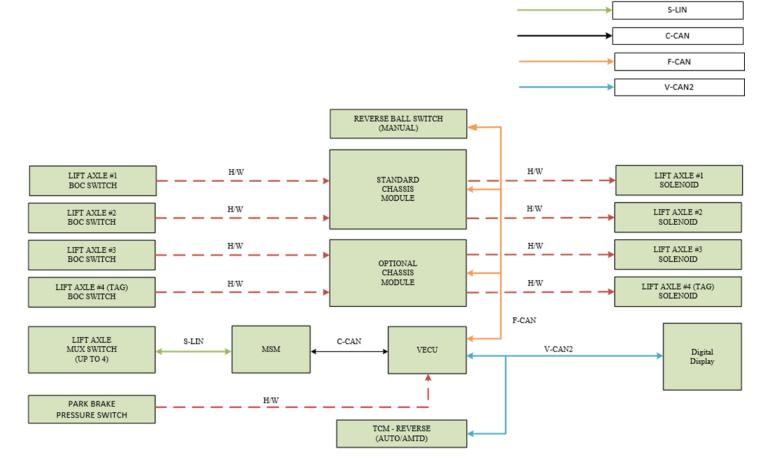


HARDWIRED

LIFT AXLES (PUSHERS & TAG)

All truck lift axles (pushers and tag), are direct wire Electric-Only from the switch to the axle mounted solenoid. This is not from the EoA Solenoid Bank. There are a total of four lift axle controls available; 3 pushers and 1 tag axle. These are controlled with separate switches by default. The customer can order the following configurations; steerable, non-steerable, with auto-reverse, and with park brake interlock. A lift axle comes with a control switch (single or separate), a gauge, and a regulator valve.

LIFT AXLE DIAGRAM



TRUCK LIFT AXLE LOGIC

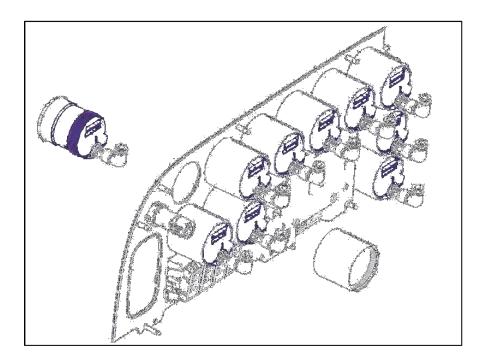
Lift Axle Type	Raise Condition Logic	Lower Condition Logic
Steerable Lift Axle w/o Auto-Reverse	 Lift Switch is Inactive OR Park Brake Active OR 	 Lift Switch is Active AND Park Brake Inactive AND
	- Trans in Reverse	- Trans Not is Reverse
Steerable Lift Axle with Auto-Reverse	- Lift Switch is Inactive OR	- Lift Switch is Active AND
OR	 Park Brake Active 	 Park Brake Inactive AND
Non-Steerable Lift Axle w/o Park Brake		
Non-Steerable Lift Axle with Park Brake	- Lift Switch is Inactive AND	- Lift Switch is Active OR
	 Park Brake Inactive 	- Park Brake Active

TRAILER LIFT AXLE

Trailer lift axles can be either EoA or Electric-Only type. There are a total of two available EoA trailer lift axle controls using latching solenoids. If one axle is ordered, the customer will receive a switch labeled "Trailer Lift Axle". If two axles are ordered the customer can have a single switch that controls both axles or two switches. If two switches are present they are labeled "Forward Trailer Lift Axle" and "Rear Trailer Lift Axle".

GAUGES

Gauges and switches are fastened directly to the panel. Once the panel is free, the gauge or switch can be installed. Gauges are held by a screwed on collar while switches have a plastic tab. Optional gauges may be installed and connected to the VECU via a jumper harness.



COMMON TERMINALS AND PINS FOR BODY BUILDER CONNECTIONS

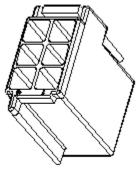
HYBRID SWITCHES - NON WIRED

Mating Connector Number		
P20-1413		
Terminal Number		
20-18 AWG 1-968849-1		
16-14 AWG: 1-968851-1		
11 AWG 1-968853-1		

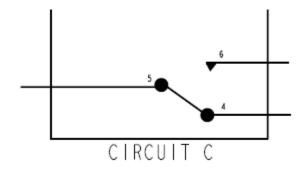
Two Position	
P27-6252-131-01	Spare A
P27-6252-132-01	Spare B
P27-6252-133-01	Spare Ć
P27-6252-134-01	Spare D
P27-6252-135-01	Spare E
P27-6252-136-01	Spare F
P27-6252-137-01	Spare G
P27-6252-138-01	Spare H
P27-6252-139-01	Spare I
P27-6252-140-01	Spare J
P27-6252-141-01	Spare K

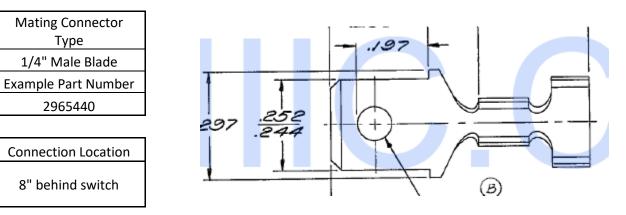
Momentary	
P27-6252-151-01	Spare
P27-6252-152-01	Spare 2
P27-6252-153-01	Spare 3
P27-6252-154-01	Spare 4

Lin Jumpers	
\$92-1127-0350	
\$92-1127-0125	
\$92-1127-1350	
(Last 4 digits are the length in	
mm)	









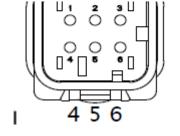
BOC-EOF WIRED SWITCH

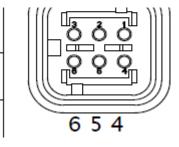
Mating Connector Number	
P20-1236-81069	
Terminal Number	
20-18 AWG	1924463-1
16-14 AWG:	2098250-3
Plug	776364-1
Note: Cap Installed From Factory	

Connection Location Connection at BOC or EOF depending on selected option MATING CONNECTOR

TRUCK HARNESS CONNECTOR

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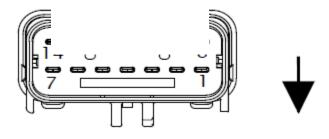


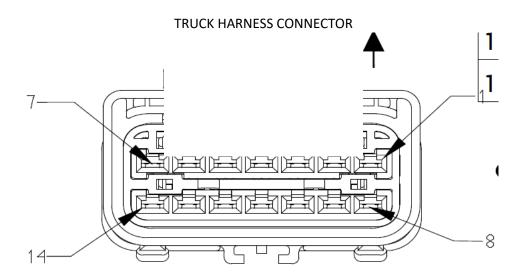
7

RP1226

Mating Connector Number	
P20-6280-22142120	
Terminal Number	
20-18 AWG	54001801
16-14 AWG:	54001401
Plug	54200005
Note: Cap Installed From Factory	

MATING CONNECTOR

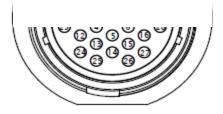




RP170 31-PIN

Mating Connector Number	
P20-6386-3130	
Terminal Number	
18-14 AWG	1060-16-0122
Plug	114017

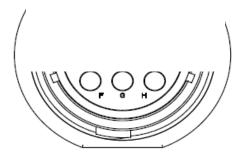
TRUCK HARNESS CONNECTOR



RP170 8-PIN

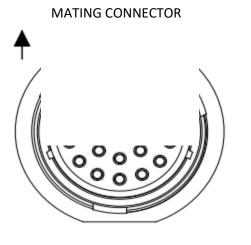
TRUCK HARNESS CONNECTOR

Mating Connector Number	
P20-6386-0810	
Terminal Number	
12-14 AWG	1060-12-0122
Plug	114017



23-PIN

Mating Connector Number	
P20-1134-23-1-0	
Terminal Number	
18-14 AWG	1060-16-0122
Plug	114017
Note: Cap Installed From Factory	





TRUCK HARNESS CONNECTOR

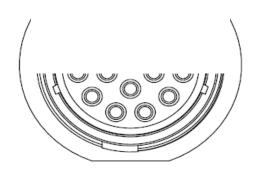
16-PIN

MATING CONNECTOR

TRUCK HARNESS CONNECTOR

Mating Connector Number	
P20-1133-16-3-0	
Terminal Number	
18-14 AWG	1062-16-0122
16-20	1062-16-0622
Plug	114017
Note: Cap Installed From Factory	





12-PIN

Mating Remote							
PTO/Throttle							
Paccar	P20-1372-						
P/N	1112H						
	DT04-12PA-						
TE P/N	CE02						
Т	erminals						
16-20	0460-202-						
AWG	16141						
	0460-215-						
14 AWG	16141						
Plugs	0413-217-1605						
<u> </u>							
Note: Cap Installed From							
	Factory						



TRUCK CONNECTOR

MATING CONNECTOR

Mating Connector: PACCAR P/N: P20-1372-1112H TE P/N: DT04-12PA-CE02) Terminals: 16-20 awg: 0460-202-16141 14 awg : 0460-215-16141 Plugs: 0413-217-1605

P197C-Remote PTO Chassis

Available Locations: Firewall,

Supplier: Deutsch-DT Series

Equipped: Optional

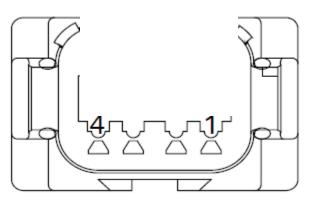
BOC/BOS, EOF

Note: Cap installed from Factory

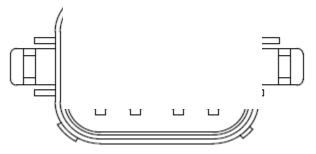
8-PIN

Mating Connector Number						
P20-1372-2108H						
DT06-08SA-CE06						
Termi	Terminal Number					
16-20 AWG	0460-202-16141					
14 AWG	0460-215-16141					
Plugs	0413-217-1605					
	o Installed From Factory					

MATING CONNECTOR



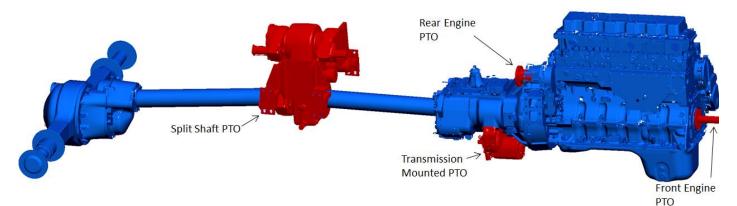
TRUCK HARNESS CONNECTOR



SECTION 8 POWER TAKE-OFF (PTO)

INTRODUCTION

A Power Take Off (PTO) provides a way to divert some or all of the trucks engine power to another component. There are a wide variety of PTO options available.



PTO Acronym Library

Acronym	Definition	Acronym	Definition
ABS	Anti-Lock Braking System	PMC	PTO Mode Control
CAN	Controller Area Network	PSC	PTO Speed Control
CC	Cruise Control	PTO	Power Take Off
DEF	Diesel Exhaust Fluid	PVP	PACCAR Vehicle Pro
DTC	Diagnostics Trouble Code	RP1226	TMS Messaging Standard
ECM	Engine Control Module	SCM	Standard Control Module
ECU	Electrical Control Unit	SCR	Selective Catalyst Reduction
EIST	Engine Idle Shutdown Timer	SPN	Suspect Parameter Number
EOA	Electric Over Air	ТСМ	Transmission Control Module
EOH	Electric Over Hydraulic	TSC1	Torque Speed Control (request)
FIC	Fast Idle Control	VECU	Vehicle Electronic Control Unit
J-1939	SAE CAN Communication Standard		
LIN	Local Interconnect Network		
MSB	Master Solenoid Bank		
MSM	Master Switch Module		
MUX	Multiplex		
OBD	On Board Diagnostics		
OCM	Optional Control Module		
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacture		
PCC	Predictive Cruise Control		
PDC	Power Distribution Center		
PGN	Parameter Group Number		

TRANSMISSION MOUNTED PTO

MANUAL TRANSMISSIONS

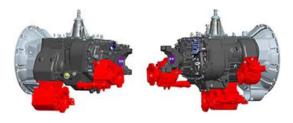
This is the most common type of PTO that is used. On a manual transmission there are two locations for PTO's. On medium duty transmissions there are 6 bolt PTO locations on the right and left. On heavy duty manual transmissions there is a 6 bolt PTO on the right and an 8 bolt PTO on the bottom left. There are also some options for a thru shaft or extended countershaft PTO. On a thru shaft PTO, the counter shaft extends out through the back of the transmission which can be used to power a PTO. When using a thru shaft PTO the vehicle must be spec'd with the correct option as not all transmissions will be set up for use with thru shaft PTO's. For more information go to www.roadranger.com and enter "PTO Installation Guide" in the search bar in the upper right corner.



MD Manual Transmission



HD Manual Transmission - RT Vocational



HD Manual Transmission - Fuller Advantage



MD Automated



HD Manual Transmission - RT



HD Manual Transmission – RT Performance



HD Manual Transmission – FR Series



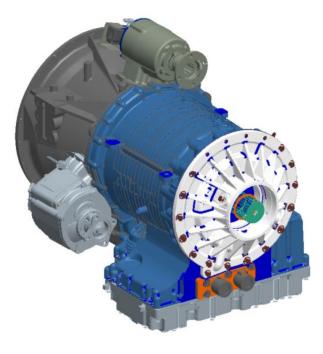
HD Automated – Ultrashift Plus – VCS and VMS

8

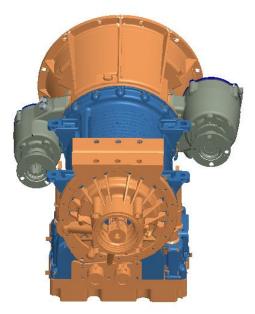
AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSIONS

On Allison transmissions there are two locations for PTO's. The Allison 4000 series has PTO locations at 1 and 8 o'clock viewed from the back of the transmission. The 4000HS transmissions do not have any PTO locations. The 3000 series Allison transmissions have PTO locations at 4 and 8 o'clock. For more information on using PTO's with an Allison transmission go to www.allisontransmission.com and refer to the "Rugged Duty Series Brochure" and "PTO Request Flyer" which is available in a 1000/2000 version and a 3000/4000 version.

Some PTO configurations will have clearance issues with other components on the truck. With manual transmissions, a 6bolt PTO on the right will typically clear most components when the DPF/SCR are under the cab. This is also true when 30 and 45 degree adapters are used. On Allison 4000 series transmissions, most PTO's will fit in the 1 o'clock position without interfering with the cab. If a wet kit is used here, the dipstick housing will most likely need to be modified as it runs over the top of the transmission to the driver side of the vehicle. The PTO in the 8 o'clock position is typically ok. There are some scenarios where the PTO will be very close to or could interfere with the rear spring shackle on the front suspension. This problem can occur on vehicles with a set-back front axle and the problem is amplified on the short hood models.



Allison 4000 Series



Allison 3000 Series

AUTOMATED TRANSMISSIONS

PACCAR 12 Speed and Endurant Transmission

The automated transmission is ideal for highway fleets interested in a light-weight fuel efficient transmission. The transmission also offers broad torque coverage of 1450 to 1850 lb-ft without the use of an oil cooler. The Transmission requires a different type of PTO, previous PTO models are not compatible. Contact PTO manufacturer to verify the correct PTO for the automated transmission. Failure to use the correct PTO results in transmission damage. PTO Capabilities are 8-bolt, bottom-mount, 95 HP available while stationary and at low speeds in gears 2, 4, and R2.



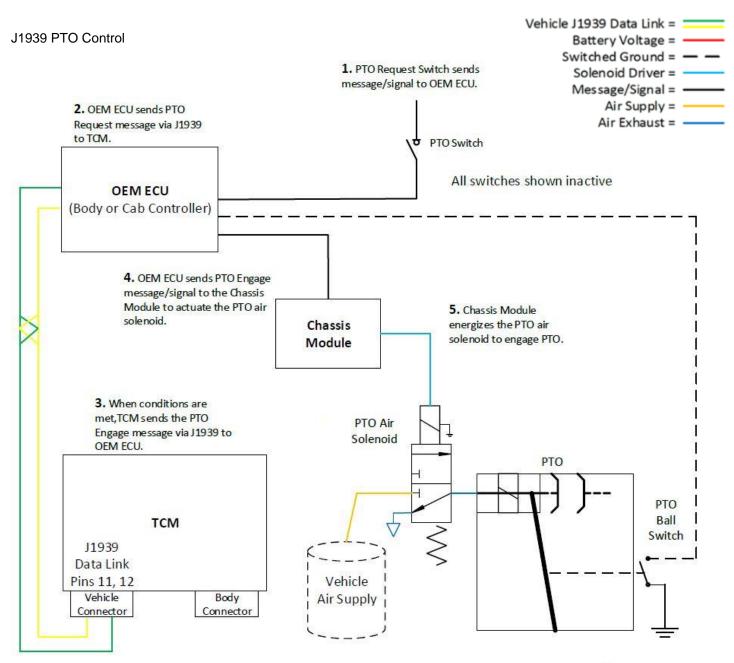


Endurant Transmission

PACCAR 12 Speed

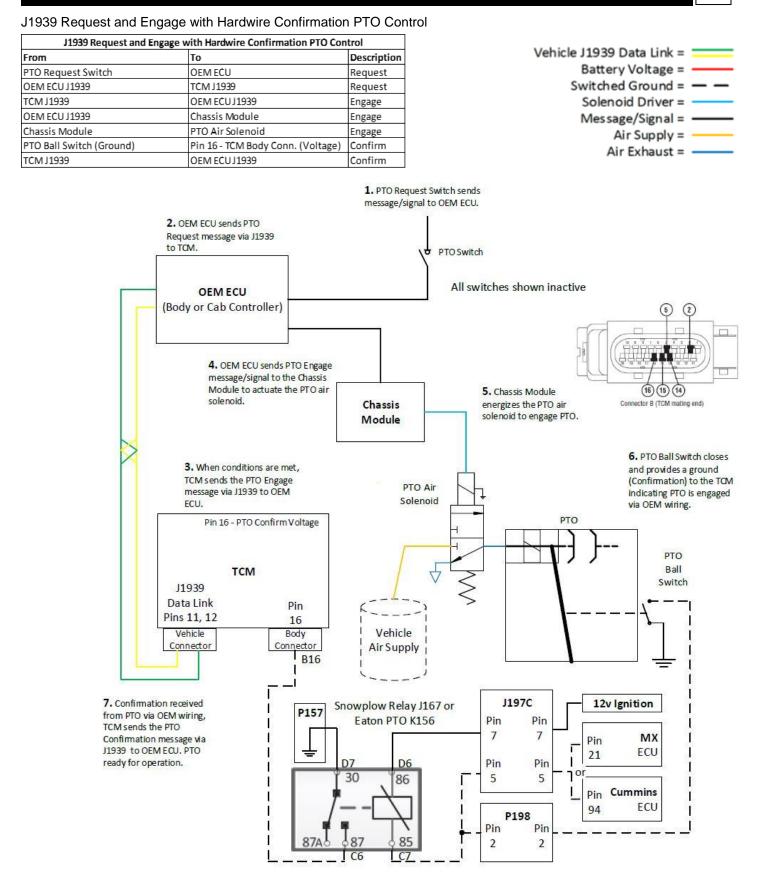
PTO INTERFACE

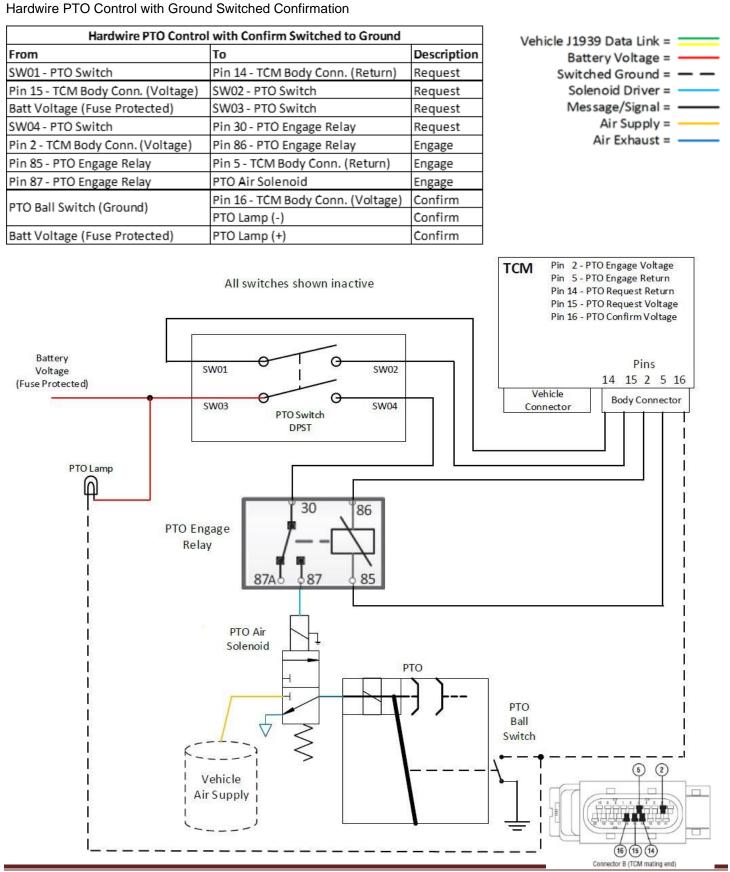
The following information shows the different types of PTO wiring setup diagrams for the automated transmission.



7. OEM ECU sends	J1939 PTO Control						
Confirmation message via J1939 to TCM.	From	То	Description				
	PTO Request Switch	OEM ECU	Request				
PTO ready for operation.	OEM ECU J1939	TCM J1939	Request				
	TCM J1939	OEM ECU J1939	Engage				
	OEM ECU J1939	Chassis Module	Engage				
	Chassis Module	PTO Air Solenoid	Engage				
	PTO Ball Switch (Ground)	OEM ECU	Confirm				
	OEM ECU J1939	TCM J1939	Confirm				

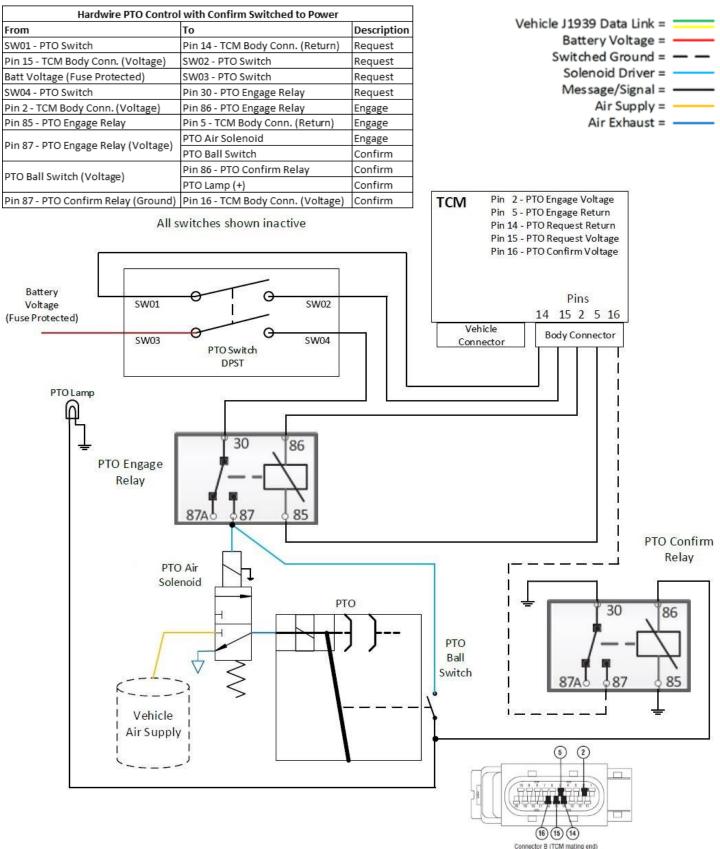
6. PTO Ball Switch closes and provides a ground (Confirmation) to the OEM ECU indicating PTO is engaged.





Peterbilt Motors Company





FRONT ENGINE PTO

Front engine PTO (FEPTO) is commonly used in mixer, snow plow, and crane applications. When a FEPTO is spec'd on a truck, the cooling module moves up to allow for a shaft to be bolted to the front of the crankshaft and extend out to the front of the truck. The vehicle can be spec'd with a 1350 flange adapter to simplify installing the FEPTO shaft. The frame rails will be extended out to mount a hydraulic pump, snow plow or outriggers. There are options for either a 27.8" or a 22.4" frame extension. See Figures 8-12 to 8-14 for frame extension dimensions.

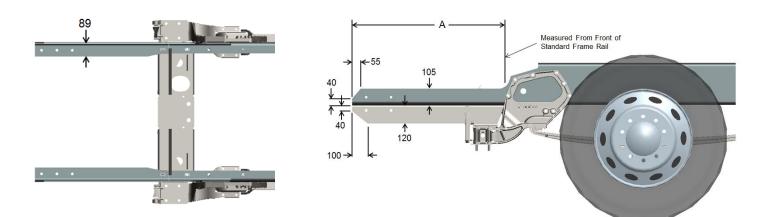


FIGURE 8-12. Frame Extension Top View

FIGURE 8-13. Frame Extension Left Hand View



FIGURE 8-14. Frame Extension

Peterbilt Motors Company

REAR ENGINE PTO

Rear Engine PTO (REPTO) is commonly used in cement mixer and feed lot applications. The REPTO is driven off the rear gear train on the engine. There is a 1350/1410 flange on the bell housing in the 1 o'clock position that can be used to attach a hydraulic pump or driveshaft. The REPTO flange will always be turning when the engine is running and the output rotation is the same as the engine. The Cummins ISL9 and PX-9 REPTO turns at a rate of 1.15:1. The Cummins ISX-12N REPTO turns at a rate of 1.32:1. The Paccar MX-13 REPTO turns at a rate of 1.2:1. The Paccar MX-11 REPTO turns at a rate of 1.3:1.

PTO QUICK EXHAUST VALVE

Depending on the PTO being used, it may be beneficial to include a quick exhaust valve onto the air fitting of the air-shift cover. The quick exhaust valve will prevent any backflow of air experienced by the PTO, preventing any oil contamination that may enter the EOA solenoid air line. It is recommended to install a quick exhaust valve if there is any notice of oil present in the solenoid or if there is evidence of oil making its way in the air line. Oil intrusion into the solenoid may cause improper actuation of the internal armature, preventing the PTO from turning on.

Usage Notes:

1. This application guide is only applicable to PTOs with an air shift option.

2. Inspection of the EOA solenoid and corresponding air line should be made before installation of the quick exhaust valve. If there is evidence of oil contamination, the air line should be flushed and the solenoid should be replaced before installation of the valve.

3. Orientation of the valve does not have a defined angle.

4. The suggested quick exhaust valve for this application is Humphrey SQE2VAI. Other valves might not have the same properties and may not operate as intended.

5. Depending on location of the PTO, a breather vent may need to be added onto the exhaust port of the quick exhaust valve. This will prevent any road contaminants from entering the exhaust side.

6. It is suggested to only use a quick exhaust valve within its normal operating temperature range of -25°F to 180°F.



PTO MOUNTING CLEARANCE

This application guide indicates if a PTO has sufficient clearance to truck components in various mounting configurations. A green "ok" indicates that there is sufficient clearance to other truck components. A red "x" indicates that there minimal or no clearance and the application is not recommended. The truck components investigated in this guide include frame rails, Set Back Front Axle (SBFA) rear shackle, SBFA Front Air Suspension (FAS) rear shackle, over-bell frame brace, coolant return manifold, transmission clutch actuator, and exhaust system components.

Usage Notes:

- 1. This application guide is only applicable to 2.1M trucks.
- 2. Only the specified PTO configurations have been analyzed.
- 3. Horizontal crossover exhaust limits access behind PTO's for shaft drives and other PTO attachments.
- 4. Eaton FR transmissions require the use of a 30° adapter when installing Chelsea or Muncie transmission PTO's in the right hand position.
- 5. Eaton RT & Ultrashift Plus transmissions require the use of a 49° adapter when installing Chelsea transmission PTO's in the right hand position.
- 6. Eaton RT & Ultrashift Plus transmissions require the use of a 55° adapter when installing Muncie transmission PTO's in the right hand position.
- 7. Eaton transmissions require the use of a 6 to 8 Bolt adapter when installing a 6 bolt PTO in the bottom position.

8

2.1M PTO MOUNTING CLEARANCE CHARTS

10-Bolt	PTO's for Alli	son Transmissions	4000	series		ies - 1 & 8 Ising		es - 4 & 8 sing
Brand	nd PTO Truck Model		1 o'clock	8 o'clock	1 o'clock	8 o'clock	4 o'clock	8 o'clock
	267-M3XK	All	x	х	ok	x	х	x
	267-M5XK	All	ok	ok	ok	х	ok	ok
	200 0504	579-123/567-121	ok	ok	ok	х	ok	ok
Chelsea	280-B5RK	579-117/567-115	ok	х	ok	х	ok	ok
	870X-B3RS	All	ok	х	ok	х	х	x
	870X-B5RS	All	ok	х	ok	х	х	x
	890-B5XS	All	ok	х	ok	х	х	ok
	CD05-M3CX	All	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok	ok
		579-123/567-121	ok	х	ok	х	ok	ok
	CD10-M1CX	579-117/567-115	ok	х	ok	х	х	ok
	6040 M26V	579-123/567-121	ok	х	ok	х	ok	ok
	CD10-M3CX	579-117/567-115	ok	х	ok	х	х	ok
	CS10-H1CX	All	х	х	х	х	х	x
Muncie	CS10-H3CX	All	х	х	х	х	х	x
		579-123/567-121	ok	ok	ok	х	ok	ok
	MC1-HX3	579-117/567-115	ok	ok	ok	х	х	ok
	MC1-HX1	All	ok	ok	ok	х	x	x
	CS41-H1EX	All	ok	x	х	х	х	x
	CS41-H3CX	All	ok	х	х	x	x	x

10-Bolt PTO's for Allison Transmissions

			FR		RT		Ultrashift	Plus
Brand	Style	PTO	Bottom	Right	Bottom	Right	Bottom	Right
		230-V3XD/XK	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}
		236-V3XD/XK	Recomend 238	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend 238	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend 238	ok ^{1,2,3}
	6-Bolt	270-B3XD/XK	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}
	0-DUR	340-V5XD	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}	ok	ok ^{1,2,3}
		442-V3XK	Recomend 489	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend 489	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend 489	ok ^{1,2,3}
Chelsea		660-V3XK	Recomend 680	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend 680	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend 680	ok ^{1,2,3}
CIRCINCI		238-V3XD/XK	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
		489-V3XK	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
	9 Rolt	680-V3XK	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
	8-Bolt	823-V3XS	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
		880-V3XS/XV ⁴	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
		885-V3X5 ⁴	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
		CS6-P1BX/KX	Recomend CS8	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend CS8	ok ^{1,2,3}	x	ok ^{1,2,3}
	6-Bolt	SH6-P1BX/KX	Recomend SH8	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend SH8	ok ^{1,2,3}	x	ok ^{1,2,3}
		TG6-P1BX/KX	Recomend TG8	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend TG8	ok ^{1,2,3}	Recomend TG8	ok ^{1,2,3}
Muncie		8285-U1CX/EG	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	x	n/a
	8-Bolt	CS8-P1BX/KX	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
	o dun	SH8-P1BX/KX	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a
		TG8S-P1BX/KX	ok	n/a	ok	n/a	ok	n/a

6 & 8 Bolt PTO's for Eaton Transmissions

6 and 8-Bolt PTO's for Eaton Transmissions

Notes:

- 1) Not available with Front Air Leaf Suspension.
- 2) Not available with Right Hand behind Fairing Exhaust Systems.
- 3) Restricted PTO access with RH Cab Step Assembly DPF-SCR exhaust systems with Vertical BOS tailpipes or RH Horizontal Tailpipe below rail.
- 4) The Optional Hydraulic Clutch Orientation must be used with this PTO.

	Chelsea										Μ	unci	e		
	RH (6-Bolt) P														
	RT FR Ultrashift+					RT FR		R	Ultrashift+						
Model	230/236-V3	340X-A5	442/660-V3	230/236-V3	340X-A5	442/660-V3	340X-A5	442/660-V3	Model	CS/SH6-A1	TG6-A1	CS/SH6-A1	TG6-A1	CS/SH6-A1	TG6-A1
230/236-V3	S	S	S	S	S	S	ok	ok	8285-Q1	S	S	S	S	ok	ok
-S OLd (108 (108 -80 -230/236-V3 238-V3 340X-A5 442/660-V3 489/680-V3	S	S	S	S	S	S	ok	ok	CS/SH8-A1	S	S	S	S	ok	ok
340X-A5	S	S	S	S	S	S	ok	ok	TG8S-A1	S	S	S	S	ok	ok
G 442/660-V3		S	S	S	S	S	ok	ok							
		S	S	S	S	S	ok	ok							
823-V3 9 880-V3		S	S	S	S	S	ok	ok							
T		x	0	x	0	Х	ok	ok							
■ 885-V3		x	0	× .	0	X	ok tuator (ok		ote:				Inotk	
					sions					O cle Ble		nce. nipple	e sho	ould a	lways
	-	АСТ	UAT	OR	COI	-	-		PT	O cle Ble be Dra	eara eed r abov ain s	nce. nipple ve ce	e sho enter d alv	ould a line. vays b	
DRAULIC CLUT y used with 2.1M n	-	АСТ	UAT	OR		BL	-	IPPLE ITERLI	PT 1. 2.	O cle Ble be Dra	eara eed r abov ain s	nce. hipple ve ce houl	e sho enter d alv	ould a line. vays b	

Air assist connection faces driver's side Used with all but Chelsea 880 and 885 PTOs Air assist connection faces passenger's side Used with Chelsea 880 and 885 PTOs

MX PTO MODE CONTROL (PMC)

MX PTO Mode Control (PMC) includes features, limits, and protections that are active in PTO Mode. It also includes PTO Speed Control (PSC) functionality that includes a variety of useful ways to control engine speed during PTO operation.

<u>Reference the VECU Programming Guide for detailed information on PTO Mode Control configuration,</u> <u>functionality and usage.</u>

MX PTO MODE ACTIVATION

There are three ways to activate PTO Mode. PMC parameter(s) must be enabled on the vehicle in order for PTO Mode to activate.

- Active feedback of physical PTO engagement
 - Trucks with factory installed PTOs or that are coded for Customer Installed PTOs will come prewired to receive the PTO engaged signal.
- Active PTO Mode Switch
 - The PTO Mode Switch can be configured at the time of order or in the aftermarket. The PTO Mode switch can be used to activate PTO Mode independent of PTO engagement and may be useful for trucks with FEPTOs or REPTOs that need the ability to use PMC features.
- PTO Mode Request over the CAN bus

MX PTO MODE CONTROL LOCATION

Vehicles can be configured to control PTO functionality from a cab location and/or a remote location (outside the cab). Most PTO Mode Features and Interlocks have a cab station option and a remote station option. This allows a vehicle to be configured for two unique jobs. For example a vehicle could be configured for mobile cab station operation with one set of limits and stationary remote station operation with a different set of limits.

If a vehicle is configured for both cab and remote PTO control, a PMC Location Switch must be installed on the dash. This switch will determine which set of PTO Mode Features to apply and which control location to use.

PTO Mode Switch



REMOTE



8-16

MX PTO MODE FEATURES

The following features and configurations are available when PTO Mode is active.

- Cab Accelerator Configurations
 - Disable in PTO Mode
 - Torque Control (Automotive Style)
 - Speed Control
 - Enable in Remote PTO Mode
- Log Time and Fuel in PTO Mode
- Disable Engine Idle Shutdown Timer (EIST) in PTO Mode
- PTO Mode Specific Engine Idle Shutdown Timer (EIST)
- Fan On in PTO Mode
- Adjustable PTO Engine Speed Governor Responsiveness (for light or heavy varying loads)

MX PTO MODE PROTECTIONS AND LIMITS

The following protections and limits are available when PTO Mode is active. Protections and limits are active when PTO Mode is active and will continue to be active until PTO Mode is no longer active.

- Max Vehicle Speed
- Max Engine Torque
- Max Engine Speed Accelerator Controlled
- Max Engine Speed Switch Controlled
- Min Engine Speed
- Max Rate of Engine Speed Change

MX PTO SPEED CONTROL (PSC) FEATURES

PTO Mode must be active prior to using PTO Speed Control (PSC) to control engine speed. PSC is available from both the cab station and remote station (see PTO Mode Control Location Section above). In the cab location, cruise control switches and PSC specific switches are used to control engine speed. Equivalent remote station inputs are available (Reference Remote PMC Connections section below).

- +/-
 - Configurable to either command one unique preset when "+" is pressed and a second unique preset when "-" is pressed OR toggle through up to 6 presets.



Dash Switches

- Preset 1, 2 & 3
 - 3 Dedicated Presets with the following configuration options.
 - Latch: Hold Preset Speed When Switch is Released
 - Cancel: Cancel PSC When Switch is Released
 - The <u>Remote PTO Inputs</u> for Presets 1, 2 & 3 can be configured to function when <u>Cab PTO Mode</u> is active
 - In some applications, it may be useful to connect the Remote PTO Inputs for Presets 1, 2 & 3 to something other than a hand-operated switch. For example, the inputs can be configured to activate based off PTO engagement, hydraulic pressure or equipment movement.



Dedicated Preset Switches

MX PTO SPEED CONTROL INTERLOCKS

PTO Speed Control Interlocks cancel PSC when active. There is an option to disable the accelerator when a PSC interlock is active. When a PSC interlock is active the engine speed will return to the Minimum Engine Speed in PTO Mode or the engine speed commanded by the accelerator if applicable. An active PSC interlock does not disable PMC protections and limits.

The configurable PSC interlocks are listed below.

- Clutch Pressed
- Park Brake NOT Set
- Transmission NOT in Neutral
- Service Brake (Configurable for Pressed or NOT Pressed)
- Custom Hardwired Interlock (Configurable Polarity)

A custom hardwired interlock input is available that will allow a body builder to create a customized interlock for their specific application. This interlock functions for both Cab and Remote Station PSC. Many types of switches such as hand-operated switches, hydraulic pressure switches, equipment position switches, or pressure plate switches can activate the interlock. The switch polarity is configurable which allows the body builder to choose the interlock state if the circuit fails.

PTO SPEED CONTROL ICONS

During PSC operation there will be icons on the digital display that indicate:

- PSC Enabled (white icon) or Active (green icon)
- PSC Control Location (designed by "Cab" or "Remote")
- PSC target engine speed when active



Cab PTO Active

Remote PTO Active



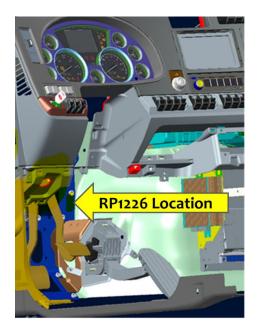
Cab PTO Enabled

REMOTE PMC CONNECTIONS

There are options to control PTO functionality from the following locations.

- Engine Bay Hardwired option only
- RP1226 Connection in the Cab CAN bus connection only
- BOC/BOS Hardwired and CAN bus connections
- EOF Hardwired and CAN bus connections

There are options available for the body builder to specify controller speeds of 250 kbps or 500 kbps.





MX PTO CAN functionality may be accessed in the cab through the RP1226 connector and remotely through the body connectors K-CAN (E-3375-021) and B-CAN (DTM06-2S-EP10) Connectors.

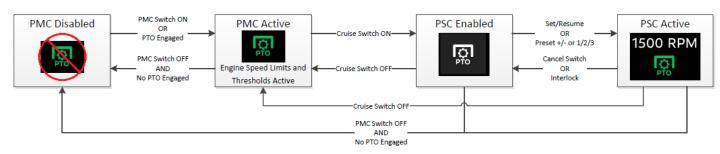
MX PTO hardwired functionality may be accessed in the engine bay or on the frame through optional 12-Way and 8-Way connectors



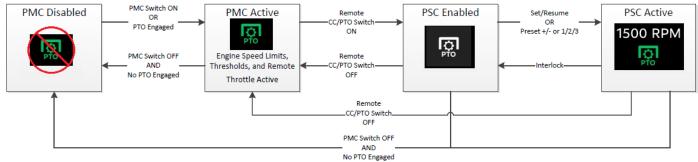
Pin-out information for the PTO connectors can be found in the Electrical Section

PTO MODE CONTROL FLOW CHARTS

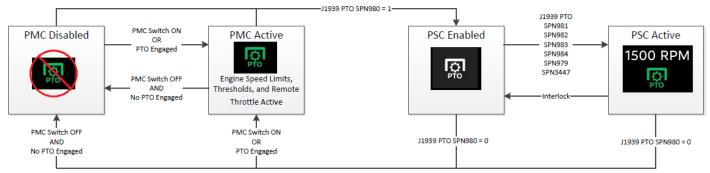
Cab Controls



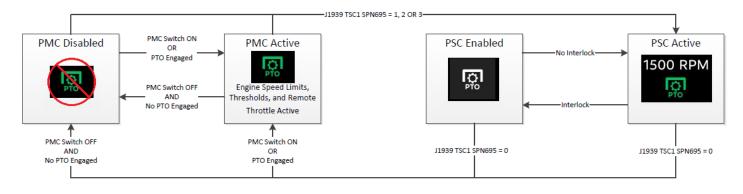
Remote Hardwire Controls



Remote CAN Controls



Remote TSC1 CAN Controls



MX PTO TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

The following table is a trouble shooting guide for MX PTO functionality.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
	PTO Mode Switch is not installed	Install and apply PTO Mode Switch
	PTO engagement feedback is not provided to standard/optional chassis module	Provide PTO engagement feedback to SCM (PTO#1) and/or OCM (PTO#2)
No green PTO cluster telltale	PTO ball switch is faulty	Check that PTO ball switch is providing power or ground
(PMC is not active)	PTO device is not engaging due to air supply solenoid or electric signal not active	*Check EOA parameter settings in PVP *EOH PTOs are configured with parameter P816 *Check popups on driver display for interlock conditions (PTO engagements may be configured with park brake or PTO interlocks dependent on EOA parameter settings, these will result in popups on driver display)
PTO cluster telltale blinks intermittently	PTO engagement feedback connection is faulty	Check PTO engagement feedback to SCM/OCM
PTO	PMC switch connection is intermittent	Verify PMC switch connection (LIN jumper)
FIC or Cruise Control appears instead of PTO	Both Cab and Remote control locations are configured in PVP, but PMC location switch is not installed	Install PMC location switch, or select Cab <u>or</u> Remote control location in PVP
Speed Control on driver display	PTO/CC On/Off switch is not applied	Press/apply the PTO/CC On/Off switch on steering wheel or dashboard (cab controls) or remote station (pin 6 on P197) or via J1939 PTO SPN980 (remote controls)
(when green PTO cluster telltale is present)	CAB and/or Remote PMC is not configured	Enable CAB and/or Remote PMC in PVP and re-flash the VECU (PMC location switch is required if both control locations are configured)

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	PTO Speed Control is not active	Activate PTO Speed Control using cab or remote Set/Resume, +/-, Dedicated Preset, or J1939 PTO inputs. See PTO Mode Control Flowcharts in this section.
White PTO icon appears, but	PTO Speed Control switches are not enabled	Enabled PTO Speed Control switches P543 (Cab +/-), P610 (Cab Set/Resume), PXXX (Cab Dedicated Preset), P576 (Remote +/-), P611 (Remote Set/Resume, or P568/P569 (Remote Dedicated Preset)
no green PTO Speed Control icon on driver display	PTO Speed Control interlock is violated	Check that enabled PTO Speed Control interlocks are satisfied for cab and/or remote controls: *Park brake *Service brake active or inactive *Neutral position *Custom interlock *SCR/DEF Level Inducement *Adaptive Cruise Control fault *ABS Braking Event *Stop Engine Lamp
	Current PTO Speed Control location is not selected (when configured for Cab AND Remote control)	Select CAB or REMOTE control location using PMC location switch
Green PTO Speed Control icon on driver display	PMC engine speed slew rates are zero	Change engine speed slew rates to non-zero values
appears, but engine speed will not change	PMC engine torque limit is too low	Increase engine torque limit
1500 RPM	PSC Increment and/or decrement intervals are zero	Configure increment and/or decrement to non-zero values
РТО	PSC Presets are not enabled or are programmed to the Min Engine Speed in PTO Mode	Enable PSC Presets and program preset values greater than the Min Engine Speed in PTO Mode
Cab accelerator pedal does not control engine speed	Cab accelerator control is not enabled	Enable the accelerator in Cab Control (P545), and/or Remote Control (P577) in PVP and re- flash the VECU

	PTO Mode Control is not active	Activate PTO Mode Control using PMC switch, provide PTO engagement feedback, or over the CAN bus	
	Remote accelerator control is not enabled	Enable the remote accelerator control (P578) in PVP and re-flash the VECU	
Remote accelerator pedal does not control engine speed	PTO Speed Control interlock is violated	Check that enabled PTO Speed Control interlocks are satisfied: *Park brake *Service brake *Neutral position *Clutch position *Clutch position *Custom interlock *SCR/DEF Level Inducement *Adaptive Cruise Control *ABS Braking Event *Stop Engine Lamp	
	Remote accelerator pedal has not returned to the fully released/zero position after entering PTO Mode Control	Calibrate/release remote accelerator to zero position	
	Remote controls are not configured and/or selected	Configure Remote PTO Mode Control and ensure it is selected using PMC Location switch (if Cab and Remote are both enabled)	
J1939 PTO CAN message does not affect PTO Speed Control	Body controller source address is not equal to 7d or 33d (0x21)	Configure body controller source address equal to 7d or 33d (0x21)	
	J1939 PTO SPN980 (PTO Governor Enable Switch) is not equal to 1 (enabled)	Send J1939 PTO SPN 980 equal to 1	
	Remote controls are not configured and/or selected	Configure Remote PTO Mode Control and ensure it is selected using PMC Location switch (if Cab and Remote are both enabled)	
J1939 TSC1 CAN message does not affect PTO Speed	Body controller source address is not equal to 7d or 33d (0x21)	Configure body controller source address equal to 7d or 33d (0x21)	
Control	J1939 TSC1 SPN695 (Override Control Mode) is equal to zero	Send J1939 TSC1 SPN695 equal to 1, 2 or 3	
	J1939 TSC1 SPN3350 (TSC1 Control Purpose) is not 2 (PTO Governor)	Send J1939 TSC1 SPN3350 equal to 2	

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SECTION 9 AFTERTREAMENT

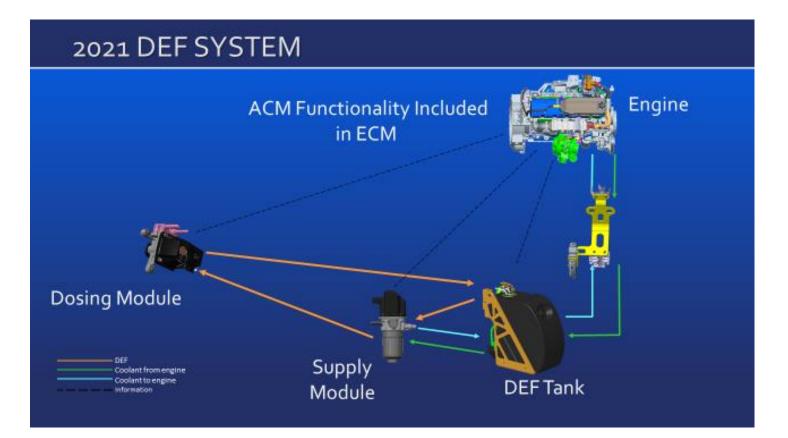
INTRODUCTION

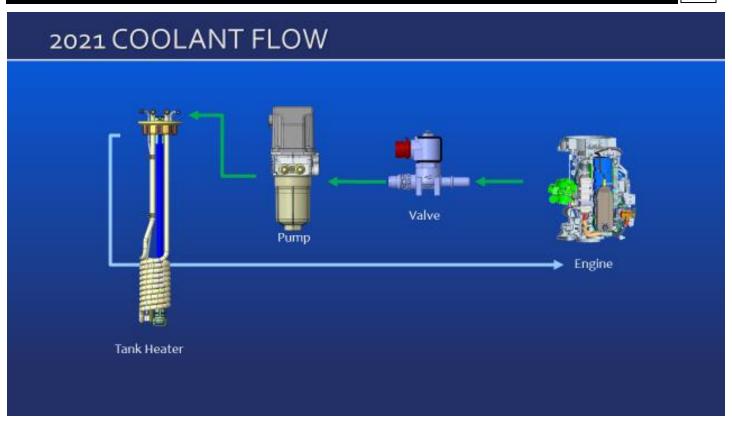
The following section is designed to give you information regarding the after-treatment systems on Peterbilt chassis.

All Peterbilts equipped with 2021 emission level engines will utilize Selective Catalyst Reduction (SCR). SCR is a process in which Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) is injected into the exhaust downstream of the engine. DEF is converted to ammonia by the heat of the exhaust system. Inside of the SCR canister a catalyst causes a chemical reaction to occur between the ammonia and NOx, turning it into water and nitrogen. For more information on the specific details of how SCR works, please contact your local Peterbilt dealer.

DEF SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

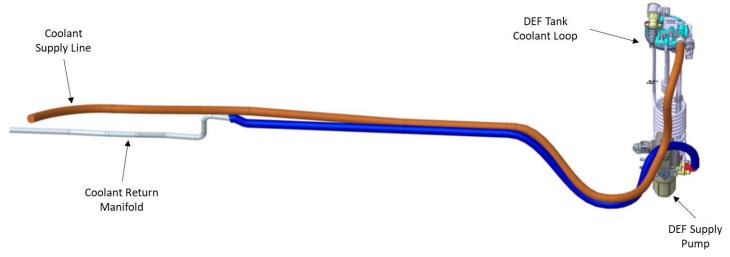
On most Peterbilt chassis the DEF Supply Module (or pump) is integrated into the DEF tank. Peterbilt does not allow relocation of this pump. The following schematic details how the DEF lines route to the after-treatment system.

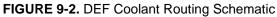






DEF will freeze at approximately 11° F. In order to keep DEF from freezing all tanks will be heated with engine coolant. The following schematic shows the routing of these lines. It is critical that the system is not compromised in any manner.





GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR DEF SYSTEM

- The installation of the DEF tank is a critical component of the after-treatment system. While Peterbilt does not recommend relocating the DEF tank, there are applications and body installations that will require it. The guidelines below must be strictly followed by any entity relocating the tank. Failure to follow the guidelines completely and accurately may result in engine shut-down situations.
- PACCAR-approved DEF hoses are required when retrofitting for system to function properly. The use of unapproved hoses for DEF lines will void warranty and may cause engine shut-down situations. The DEF pump (or Supply Module) cannot be relocated from the DEF tank.

Peterbilt offers a variety of DEF tank sizes to meet every application. The DEF tank volume is regulated by the E.P.A. Peterbilt advises against modifying the tank volume after the truck has been delivered from the factory. These are estimated nominal (published) maximum fuel capacities for various DEF tanks, engines, and fill ratios. Dosing rates for these calculations are also shown.

	FUEL VOLUME ALLOWED (USABLE GALLONS)								
		DEF-Fuel Ratio (2:1)	Minimum Recommended DEF-Fuel Ratio (1.25:1), No Derates						
DEF Tank	X15	MX-11/ MX-13/ PX-9	X15	MX-11/MX-13/ PX-9					
SMALL	121	145	150	180					
MEDIUM	203	244	250	300					
LARGE	257	308	317	380					
MLU MEDIUM AERO	172	207	213	256					
MLU LARGE AERO	230	276	285	340					
Rectangular	68	82	85	102					

TABLE 9-1. DEF Fuel Ratios

INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS AND DIMENSIONS FOR DEF SYSTEM

When relocating any DEF system components, the locations must meet the guidelines below. Failure to comply may result in non-conformance to EPA standards and engine shutdown.

With all relocating procedures, general clearances and routing guidelines must be followed. See section 10 of this manual for general routing guidelines.

When relocating the components the maximum pressure DEF hose length, from Supply module to Dosing Module, is 5.5 meters (216.5").

Maintain a minimum of 3" clearance to shielded exhaust components when routing DEF lines to prevent possible melting.

If the DEF tank is relocated the coolant lines will need to be modified. During this process if the tank is moved forward on the chassis (closer to the engine) it is necessary to remove excess coolant lines and maintain the original routing path. If the tank is moved rearward on the chassis the additional length of cooling line required to complete the installation must be installed in a straight section of the existing coolant routing lines. This process minimizes the change in coolant flow by mitigating changes in restrictions. Changes in restriction are added with excessive line length and bends. Work with your local Peterbilt dealer if you are unsure about the coolant line modifications.

ROUTING TO THE DOSING MODULE (INJECTOR)

A DEF pressure line "trap" is no longer required after EPA 2013 emissions level engine. The dosing module (injector) no longer needs to be purged and relative heights of components are no longer critical. See Figure 9.3 below for typical routing with RHUC exhaust and LH DEF tank shown.

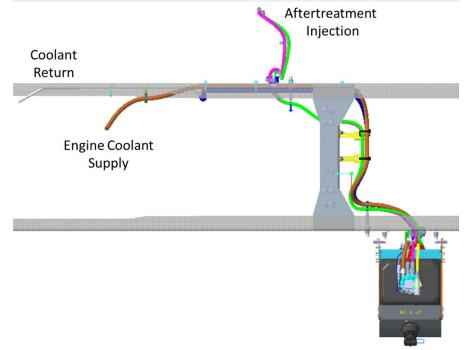


FIGURE 9-3. Routing for DEF and Coolant Lines

DEF SUPPLY MODULE MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

The Supply Module (or Pump) standard mounting location is on the DEF tank assembly. Body builders may need to relocate this component, and should follow the location and length restrictions above. Additionally the mounting and the orientation of the Supply Module must not exceed 45° from vertical in any direction. The supply module should be located in a space that will minimize its vulnerability to road debris. Serviceability of the supply module filter should be considered, and adequate space for filter access and removal should be given (at least 5").

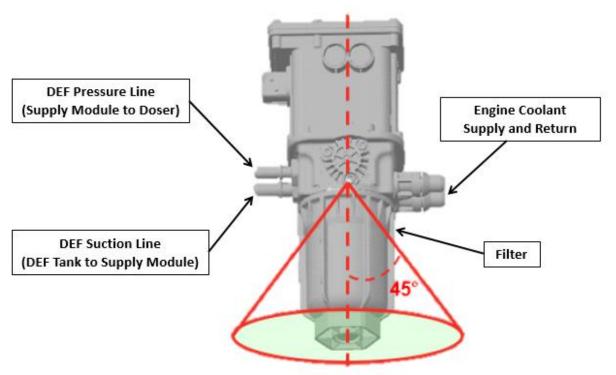


FIGURE 9-4. Supply Module Mounting Angle Limits

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SECTION 10 ROUTING

INTRODUCTION

This section specifies the general requirements for securing hoses and electrical wires to present an orderly appearance, facilitate inspection and maintenance, and prevent potential damage to these lines.

DEFINITIONS

Bundle: Two or more air, electrical, fuel, or other lines tied together to form a unitized assembly.

Clamp: A cushioned rigid or semi-rigid, anti-chafing device for containing the bundle and securing it to the frame or other structural support. Standard clamps have a black elastomer lining. High temperature clamps (e.g., those used with compressor discharge hose) have a white or red elastomer lining (most applications for these are called out in the bills of material). An assembly of two clamps fastened together to separate components is referred to as a "butterfly" clamp. Note: the metal portion of clamps shall be stainless steel or otherwise made capable, through plating or other means, of passing a 200 hour salt spray test per ASTM B117 without rusting.

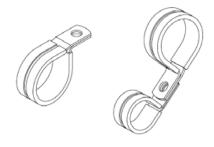


FIGURE 10-1. Clamp and Butterfly Clamp

Butterfly Tie: A tough plastic (nylon or equivalent) locking dual clamp tie strap used to separate bundles or single lines, hoses, etc. These straps must be UV stable. (Tyton DCT11)

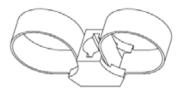


FIGURE 10-2. Butterfly Tie

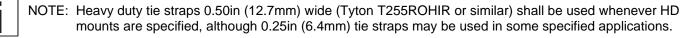
Tie Strap: A tough plastic (nylon, or equivalent) locking strap used to tie the lines in a bundle together between clamps or to otherwise secure hoses and wires as noted below. These straps must be UV stable.

FIGURE 10-3. Tie Strap

Heavy Duty (HD) Mount: A black rigid device used for securing a tie strap to the frame or other structural support. Mounts are made of impact modified, heat stabilized UV resistant nylon capable of continuous operation between temperatures 220°F (150°) and -40°F (-40°).



FIGURE 10-4. Heavy Duty (HD) Mount.



Excess of material: More than 3 inches of slack for every 14 inch section of hose routing, except for air conditioner hoses.

Shortness of material: Less than 1 inch of slack on a 14 inch section of hose routing.

ROUTING REQUIREMENTS

Electrical Wiring

- Electrical ground wire terminals must be securely attached and the complete terminal surface must contact a clean bare metal surface. See R414-558 for grounding wire connection practice. Apply electrical contact corrosion inhibitor Nyogel 759G grease (made by William F. Nye, Inc., New Bedford, MA) per R414-558.
- Don't bend wires or use tie straps within 3 inches (75 mm) of (connected) wire connectors or plugs.
- Electrical wiring must be routed so that other components do not interfere with it
- Electrical wiring must be routed away from moving components so that at least 13.0 mm (0.5 in.) of clearance exists when the component is in operation and at maximum limits of the component's travel
- Electrical wiring must be protected in the locations they are routed
- Electrical wiring must be routed to avoid heat sources
- Electrical wiring must be secured to a crossmember when going from one frame rail to the other
- When crossing other components, electrical wiring must have a covering of convoluted tubing, PSA tape, or must be separated from the component with a standoff or butterfly clamp
- Electrical wiring must not be routed directly over a sharp edge unless separated from the edge by a clip, standoff bracket, or similar spacing feature that prevents any risk of chafing or cutting
 - Alternatively, the installation of windlace applied to the edge along with PSA tape or convoluted tubing on the harness is acceptable
- Electrical wiring must be routed in a way that will not place strain on connectors.

Electrical wires (other than the exceptions covered below) running parallel with air or coolant hose bundles, may be included in the bundle if they are isolated from the hoses with a covering of convoluted plastic tubing.

Exceptions:

Battery cables (including jump start cables) may be bundled with or tied to the charging wire harness. They shall not be bundled with or tied directly to any other components, including hoses, wires, or bundles. They shall be separated from other routed components using butterfly ties at intervals not exceeding 14 inches (356 mm). Battery strap (W84-1000) tie down shall be used without exception to secure battery cables to frame mounted or other major component (e.g. engine, transmission, etc.) mounted standoffs at intervals not exceeding 14 inches (356 mm). The (positive) battery cable shall be covered with convoluted plastic tubing from terminal to terminal.

110/220 volt wires for engine heaters, oil pan heaters, transmission oil heaters and battery pad warmers, shall not be included in any hose/wire bundle with a fuel hose. Individual heater wires not in a bundle shall be separated from other components by using butterfly clamps or butterfly ties at intervals not exceeding 14 inches (356 mm). Heater wires with a secondary covering shall be covered with convoluted tubing whether they are in bundles or not.

Wires Crossing Other Components

Electrical wires crossing over other components, such as lines, bolt heads, fittings, engine components lifting eyes, engine block, cylinder head, etc., close enough to rub shall be isolated with a covering of convoluted tubing and separated from the component by using butterfly clamps, butterfly ties, or plastic sheathing. 110/220 volt engine heater wiring shall be installed with butterfly ties or butterfly clamps

Piping

Use no street elbows in air brake, water, fuel, or hydraulic systems unless specified on the piping diagram and the build instructions.

Use no elbows in the air brake system unless specified on the air piping diagram and the build instructions.

Hoses Crossing Components

Hoses crossing over other components close enough to rub shall be protected with a secured covering of convoluted plastic tubing (part number K344-813), another section of hose, or plastic sheathing (part number K213-1312). The usage of butterfly ties, or butterfly clamps are also recommended.

Air Compressor Discharge Hoses

Wires or hoses shall not be tied to the high temperature air compressor discharge hose. Hoses and wires may be routed across the air compressor discharge hose at a distance of 18 inches (457 mm) or greater from the compressor discharge port. In this case the crossing hoses and wires shall be "butterfly" clamped to the air compressor discharge hose and covered with convoluted tubing at the clamp point (use high temperature clamps on the compressor hose).

Bundles

HD mount and tie strap, or clamp shall be located at intervals not to exceed 14 inches (356 mm) along the bundle.

Regular tie straps shall be located at intervals not to exceed 7 inches (178 mm) between HD mount or clamps. Extra tie straps may be used as needed to contain the hoses and wires in the bundle.

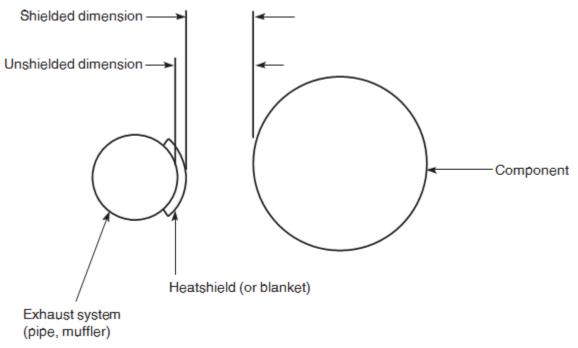
Routing of Wires and Hoses near Moving Components

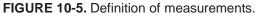
Wires and Hoses shall be routed away from moving components, such as fans, shackle links, drivelines, steering linkages, etc. so that there is at least 0.5 inches (12.7 mm) clearance when the component is operating at its maximum travel limits.

A minimum clearance of 1.0 inches (25.4 mm) shall be maintained between steering axle tires (and associated rotating parts) in all positions and routed components, such as hoses, oil lines, wires, pipes, etc.

ROUTING OF WIRES AND HOSES NEAR EXHAUST SYSTEM

Description	Shielded	Unshielded
Coolant hoses (Silicone, colored)	1" minimum	2" minimum
DEF hose (EPDM)	6" minimum	7" minimum
HVAC hoses, tubing, and hard lines	5" minimum	7" minimum
Electrical wires	6" minimum	8" minimum
Fuel hoses within 15" of the turbo over 15" from the turbo	n/a 2" minimum	4" minimum 3" minimum
Fuel tanks and hydraulic tanks crossing tank parallel to tank end of tank aluminum/ceramic-coated exhaust pipe crossing tank	n/a n/a n/a n/a	2" minimum 2" minimum 1" minimum 1.5" minimum
Air hose nylon wire braid	6" minimum 6" minimum	





APPENDICES

Revision Log

Revision Log – 2021 HD Body Builder Manual				
Revision	Author	Date of Publication	Pages #	Description of Changes
000	M. Evans	3/15/2021	n/a	Initial Release
001	M. Evans 7/1	7/15/2021	7-6 7-41 7-77	Added image for RP1226 connectors Added image for 2.1m telltale connector locations
			9-3	Added image for 1.9m telltale connector locations Updates to Table 9-1. DEF to Fuel Ratios
002	M. Evans	12/30/2021	7-80 thru 7-86	Added Terminals and Pins for Body Builder Connections
003	M. Evans	9/15/2022	2-10 2-11	Added Bendix Fusion 2.9 Radar Clearance Added Safety Related Components and Systems
	M. Evans		3-13	Corrected cab roof height (was 81.5")
	P. Edgette		8-11	Added new page PTO Quick Exhaust valve. Ch. 8 pages were renumbered accordingly.
004	C. Herrmann	9/8/23	3-109 3-115 7-10	Corrected HD HHP "Y" dimension (was 19.5") Corrected HD HHP "Y" dimension (was 19.5") Corrected pin #5 label on drawing for 8 Pin PTO Input Connector (was labeled pin #2)
	B. Bostetter		7-3	Removed "CAN BUS SYSTEM OVERVIEW"